



Universidade do Algarve
Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia

**Differential expression in “rogue”
paramutation in peas (*Pisum sativum* L.)
- from mRNA to siRNA -**

Ricardo Jorge dos Santos Pereira N°36809

Dissertação

Mestrado Integrado em Engenharia Biológica

Trabalho efectuado sob a orientação de: Prof. Dr. José M. Leitão

2014

Declaro ser o autor deste trabalho, que é original e inédito. Autores e trabalhos consultados estão devidamente citados no texto e constam da listagem de referências incluída



Ricardo Pereira

Copyright: A Universidade do Algarve tem o direito, perpétuo e sem limites geográficos, de arquivar e publicitar este trabalho através de exemplares impressos reproduzidos em papel ou de forma digital, ou por qualquer outro meio conhecido ou que venha a ser inventado, de o divulgar através de repositórios científicos e de admitir a sua cópia e distribuição com objetivos educacionais ou de investigação, não comerciais, desde que seja dado crédito ao autor e editor.

Agradecimentos

Em primeiro lugar agradeço aos meus pais porque sem eles não estaria a fazer esta dissertação. E claro à minha namorada e ao meu irmão por todo o apoio ao longo dos anos.

Gostaria de agradecer ao meu orientador, Professor José Leitão, pela oportunidade e também por todo o apoio durante este trabalho.

A todos os meus colegas que me apoiaram ao longo do curso, em especial agradeço ao João Caracol, André Cardoso e Fernando Rodrigues por todos os momentos bem passados.

Por último, mas não menos importante, muito obrigado à minha colega de laboratório Daniela Lourenço por me aturar e apoiar durante este trabalho.

Resumo

A paramutação é um fenómeno epigenético originado pela interação entre alelos que provoca alterações hereditárias na expressão génica. Embora estas interações sejam mais frequentemente observadas entre alelos do mesmo gene também existe casos onde as paramutações foram observadas entre sequências homólogas em posições não alélicas.

Os mecanismos moleculares que causam este fenómeno são ainda desconhecidos, no entanto em vários casos a paramutação tem sido associada à ação de RNAs não codificantes (ncRNA), a alterações na estrutura da cromatina e à metilação do DNA.

A metilação do DNA consiste na relocação de um grupo metil (CH₃) de uma S-adenosil-l-metionina para o carbono 5' da citosina ou adenina. Isto tem uma forte influência epigenética pois confere informação hereditária que não é codificada na sequência de DNA.

Os ncRNAs, que podem ser divididos em várias subcategorias tais como: micro-RNAs (miRNAs), long non-coding RNAs (lncRNAs), Piwi-interacting RNAs (piRNAs); enhancer RNAs (eRNAs), promoter-associated RNAs (PARs) e small interfering RNAs (siRNAs), têm sido associados a vários mecanismos que afetam a expressão génica, na regulação transcricional e pós-transcricional.

O primeiro caso de paramutação descrito foi o fenótipo Rogue em ervilheira (*Pisum sativum* L.), porém, os mecanismos moleculares responsáveis pelo aparecimento espontâneo e pela manutenção deste fenótipo não foram ainda esclarecidos, tal como não foram até ao momento esclarecidos, de forma inequívoca, todos os outros casos conhecidos de paramutação.

No entanto, sabe-se que o cruzamento de plantas Rogue com plantas do tipo selvagem resulta unicamente em plantas F1 "rogues" e que em todas as gerações seguintes as descendências são totalmente "rogue". A herança deste fenótipo encontra-se em contradição total com as regras de hereditariedade Mendeliana que preveem o aparecimento na geração F2 de pelo menos um quarto de indivíduos com o fenótipo selvagem e a duplicação desta percentagem em cada ciclo seguinte de autofecundação.

Este trabalho teve como objetivo avançar no caminho de descodificação deste fenómeno, aberrante do ponto de vista da genética clássica, tentando identificar diferenças de expressão génica entre uma cultivar de ervilheira (cv.Onward, JI2722) e



uma sua linha paramutada (Onward “Rogue”, line JI2723). Ambas gentilmente cedidas pelo Dr. Mike Ambrose do John Innes Institute, Reino Unido.

De acordo com esse objetivo procedeu-se à extração de RNA total de folhas jovens totalmente desenvolvidas de vários indivíduos dos dois tipos de plantas com a mesma idade e cultivadas em condições o mais idênticas possível. Do RNA procedeu-se ao isolamento do RNA mensageiro a partir do qual se procedeu à síntese de cDNA monocatenário, utilizado para realizar a maioria dos trabalhos efetuados para a preparação desta dissertação.

A fim de procurar diferenças na expressão génica efetuaram-se vários ensaios de Multi-RAPD Differential Display (MRDD), cuja técnica é baseada na técnica do Differential Display mas com algumas diferenças nomeadamente, omitindo o oligo-dT e substituindo a utilização de um único primer RAPD por uma combinação de quatro primers do mesmo tipo. Foram testadas 109 combinações diferentes de 4 primers RAPD, no entanto entre os mais de 700 produtos de amplificação nenhum se apresentou como polimórfico. Alguns resultados prévios que apontavam para a possível existência de polimorfismos não foram confirmados em segunda análise utilizando outras amostras biológicas.

A procura de polimorfismos na expressão génica foi então direcionada para a confirmação de expressão diferencial de sequências indicadas como estando presentes em quantidades diferentes nas amostras de cDNA da cv. Onward e da sua linha paramutada (Rogue) pela análise por Suppression Subtractive Hybridization (SSH) previamente efetuada pelo Laboratório.

Entre os inúmeros contigs fornecidos pela sequenciação massiva paralela (next generation sequencing) das bibliotecas geradas pela análise SSH (Santo e Leitão, resultados não publicados) foram selecionados 24 para análise neste trabalho. Desenharam-se primers que flanqueiam pequenos fragmentos (95 a 120 bp) dos 24 contigs, passíveis de serem analisados com alta eficiência pela técnica de RT-qPCR.

No entanto, tendo em linha de conta a grande quantidade de sequências aparentemente expressas diferencialmente identificadas pela técnica SSH, e os maiores requisitos em tempo, recursos humanos e materiais, da técnica de RT-qPCR, procedeu-se à avaliação prévia, mas menos precisa, da expressão diferencial das 24 sequências pela comparação dos produtos da amplificação com menos ciclos (25 ciclos) por PCR. A validação deste teste prévio, teve como objetivo estabelecer um procedimento de

seleção que permita dar prioridade na análise por RT-qPCR às sequências com maior probabilidade de apresentarem diferenças significativas de expressão. Procede-se em paralelo a amplificações por 35 ciclos que serviram de controlo aos resultados das amplificações por 25 ciclos.

A comparação dos resultados por amplificação por RT-qPCR e os resultados da amplificação prévia por 25 ciclos de PCR demonstrou uma forte correlação entre estes dois tipos de análise, o que permitirá focar as análises por RT-qPCR nas sequências melhores candidatas a apresentarem diferenças significativas na sua expressão.

Os resultados da análise RT-PCR permitiram identificar diferenças na expressão de 11 sequências, das quais 8 com diferenças significativas e que poderão estar associadas a mecanismos moleculares relacionados com a paramutação. No entanto estes resultados terão de ser confirmados utilizando amostras biológicas adicionais.

Estudos recentemente desenvolvidos no Laboratório (Santo e Leitão, resultados não publicados) provaram a existência de metilação diferencial de sequências genómicas específicas nas folhas e no pólen de plantas da cv. Onward e linha Rogue. Estes dados chamam a atenção para os genes relacionados com metilação de DNA e modificações da cromatina e para possíveis alterações na sua expressão no processo de paramutação. Não sendo conhecida a sequência destes genes em *Pisum sativum* torna-se necessário identificar, pelo menos de forma parcial, a sequência exata de alguns desses genes nesta espécie antes de se proceder à análise da sua expressão dos mesmos em plantas rogues e não-rogues. Com base nos dados genómicos referentes a esses genes em *Medicago truncatula* (<http://www.jcvi.org/medicago>) foram sintetizados primers que permitiram amplificar algumas regiões dos genes *ddm1*, *drm2* e *mop1* em ervilheira, que foram confirmadas com elevada similaridade com as sequências dos mesmos genes em *M. truncatula* e *Cicer arietinum* (grão de bico) e em particular com elevada similaridade das sequências proteicas que estas codificam (<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>). Estas sequências serão utilizadas em breve para avaliar a expressão diferencial destes genes em plantas paramutadas (Rogue) e não-paramutadas (cv. Onward) de ervilheira.

A paramutação tem sido associada a mecanismos de metilação de DNA dirigidos por RNA (RNA directed DNA methylation - RdDM) pelo que demos início ao estudo comparativo das classes de siRNA presentes em plantas paramutadas e não-paramutadas. Com esse objetivo procedeu-se ao isolamento de siRNA em plantas



Onward e Rogue, separando o RNA total em duas frações distintas (alto peso molecular e baixo peso molecular) por precipitação fraccional com PEG e NaCl e à ligação de adaptadores RNA à fração de baixo peso molecular. O cDNA resultante dos siRNA ligado aos adaptadores foi amplificado por PCR durante 35 ciclos e durante 6 ciclos, respetivamente para visualização e para excisão (recuperação) em gel de agarose. A região entre os 71 e 76 bp (siRNA mais adaptadores) foi purificada para futura validação e posterior análise após sequenciação massiva paralela.

No entanto, o estudo da expressão génica diferencial por via da análise das sequências previamente identificadas pela técnica de Suppression Subtractive Hybridization (SSH) parece ser bastante prometedora e passível de identificar alterações de cadeias metabólicas associadas ao estabelecimento e manutenção da paramutação, pelo que se apresenta como prioritário e urge ser rapidamente continuado.

Abstract

The “rogue” phenotype in peas (*Pisum sativum* L.) was the first reported case of paramutation, however, since this finding, most of the studies focussed on some cases of paramutation in maize. The main aim of this work was the identification of differentially expressed tags in the pea cv. Onward vs. its paramutated rogue line JI2723. One hundred-nine combinations of 4 RAPD primers were used in multi-RAPD differential display analysis, but no expression polymorphisms were identified between the two epigenomes. However, the RT-qPCR analysis of 24 out of the over 120 putatively differentially expressed sequences identified via next generation sequencing of suppression subtractive hybridization (SSH) libraries, allowed the identification of 11 differently expressed sequences. Among these sequences, 8 exhibited very significant differences in their expression in the two epigenomes. A procedure for pre-selection of putatively differentially expressed sequences before more accurate confirmation by RT-qPCR analysis was developed and is expected to increase the efficiency of the analytical procedure. Recent studies performed in the Laboratory proved the existence of differences in the DNA methylation between the two epigenomes. Partial sequences of the genes related with DNA methylation and chromatin remodelling, *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* were retrieved from the pea genome permitting the expression of these genes to be analysed in the paramutated vs. non-paramutated epigenomes. siRNA libraries of the two epigenomes are under construction and are expected to allow the identification of specific classes of siRNA associated with the “rogue” paramutation.

Table of contents

1-Introduction.....	10
1.1-Epigenetics.....	10
1.2- DNA methylation.....	10
1.3- Non-coding RNAs	11
1.4- Paramutation	12
1.5- Paramutation in mouse <i>Kit</i> gene	12
1.6- Paramutation at b1 locus in maize	14
1.7- Rogue phenotype in <i>Pisum sativum</i> L.....	14
1.8- Genes involved in DNA methylation, chromatin remodeling and paramutation.....	15
2- Materials and Methods.....	15
2.1- Plant material	15
2.2- RNA extraction	16
2.3- mRNA isolation	16
2.4- cDNA first strand.....	16
2.5- Quantification of RNA, DNA and cDNA.....	17
2.6- Multi-RAPD differential display analysis.....	17
2.7- Low (25) cycles PCR and RT-qPCR amplifications	17
2.8- Real-time PCR	18
2.9- Identification of homolog sequences of the <i>ddm1</i> , <i>drm2</i> and <i>mop1</i> genes in <i>Pisum sativum</i> L.....	19
2.10- Isolation and preparation of siRNA libraries for next generation sequencing	19
3- Results and discussion	21
3.1- Extraction of total RNA and mRNA isolation.	21
3.2- Multi-RAPD differential display analysis.....	22
3.3- Expression analysis of SSH-selected sequences.....	24
3.4- On the way to the expression analysis of genes, involved in DNA methylation and chromatin remodeling: <i>met1</i> , <i>ddm1</i> , <i>drm2</i> and <i>mop1</i>	31
3.5 siRNA isolation.....	37
4- Discussion and future prospects.....	39
6- References.....	41
Annex I.....	44
Annex II	48
Annex III	53

1-Introduction

1.1-Epigenetics

The term “Epigenetics” was defined by Conrad Waddington (1905-1975) as “the branch of biology which studies the causal interactions between genes and their products, which bring the phenotype into being” [1]. But this concept, like others, evolves and epigenetic can be also defined as “how genotypes give rise to phenotypes during development” or “the study of mitotically and/or meiotically heritable changes in gene function that cannot be explained by changes in DNA sequence” [2].

In spite of the different definitions, the objective of epigenetics is the study of mechanisms of gene regulation and mitotical and meiotical inheritance of information not encoded by the DNA sequence. Therefore epigenetics is responsible for establishing a connection between genotype and phenotype[3][4][5][6].

Observing a multicellular organism all cells are genetically similar but due to the differential expression these cells present very distinct structures and functions. The difference between the expression of cells is said to be epigenetic [3]. Usually the epigenetic mechanisms that are the cause of this difference in gene expression are DNA methylation, modifications of the chromatin and the action of non-coding RNAs [1][7].

1.2- DNA methylation

DNA methylation consists on the relocation of a methyl group (CH_3) from S-Adenosyl-L-Methionine (SAM) to the carbon 5' in the cytosine or adenine. This addition has a strong epigenetic influence as it confers inheritable information that is not encoded in the DNA sequence [8].

In eukaryotes, DNA methylation can influence a large range of biological functions such as gene expression, regulation of development, conservation of genome integrity and inactivation of X-chromosome in mammals. In prokaryotes it also has a great impact in biological functions such as differentiate self and non-self DNA and to coordinating DNA replication and the cell cycle [8].

In mammals, DNA methylation is almost restricted to occur in repeated regions of cytosine and guanine dinucleotides, it is believed that 70-80% of CG dinucleotides in these genomes are methylated, however there are regions normally found near gene promoters where is possible to find unmethylated CG dinucleotides in the CpG islands. In plants, DNA methylation usually occurs at cytosine bases within all sequence contexts: the symmetric CG and CHG contexts (where H=A, T, or C) and the



asymmetric CHH context. Genome wide, DNA methylation levels of approximately 24%, 6.7% and 1.7% are observed for CG, CHG, and CHH contexts, respectively. [9].

As mentioned before DNA methylation is a factor with high importance in gene regulation, typically presenting a repressive effect in transcription. This repressive effect occurs at three levels of control: 1) Several transcription factors, like AP-2, c-Myc/Myn, E2F, and NF κ B, are not able to bind to methylated target sites. 2) DNA methylation recruits 5-methylcytosine binding proteins that act as repressors of gene transcription. 3) DNA methylation triggers histone deacetylation and thereby induces chromatin condensation which leads to a strong and stable repression of gene expression.[8].

1.3- Non-coding RNAs

Non-coding RNAs (ncRNAs) can be divided in subcategories, like micro-RNAs (miRNAs), long non-coding RNAs (lncRNAs), Piwi-interacting RNAs (piRNAs); enhancer RNAs (eRNAs), promoter-associated RNAs (PARs) and small interfering RNAs (siRNAs). These RNAs have been associated with a variety of mechanisms that modulate gene expression and the mitotic, meiotical and transgenerational inheritance of epigenetic signals can be accomplished in part by non-coding RNAs [10][11][12].

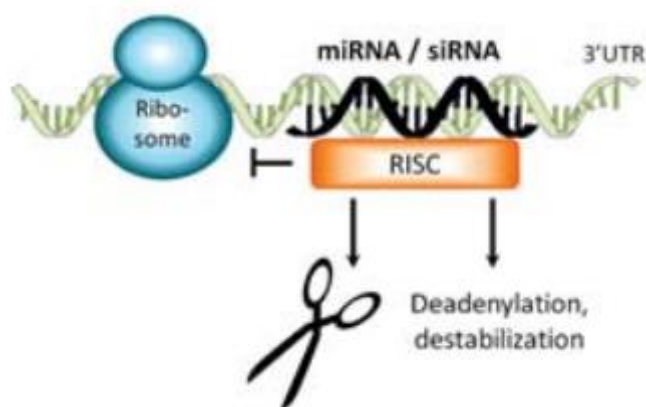


Figure 1 Post-transcriptional gene silencing mechanisms mediated by siRNAs and miRNAs, which are incorporated into RNA-induced silencing complexes (RISCs) that target specific mRNAs for cleavage, translational repression or destabilization (adapted from [10]).

Multiple ncRNAs have been established as negative transcription regulators and also playing a role in post-transcriptional regulation, like splicing, transport, translation, and degradation. One example of these mechanisms is the post-transcriptional gene silencing (PTGS) mediated by siRNAs and miRNAs (Fig. 1) where the two types RNAs

affect the expression of genes by influencing the stability and the translation of mRNA, the siRNAs silence the loci they are resulting from, whereas the miRNAs regulate other genes [10].

The effects of ncRNAs in transcription regulation has become an area of great interest and research, but the involvement of these RNAs in the regulation of expression is still far from being completely understood [10].

1.4- Paramutation

Paramutation is an epigenetic phenomenon in which an epigenetic state of an allele is transferred to another allele in trans, resulting in a heritable modification of the gene expression of the second allele [13][14]. While the interactions are most frequently observed between alleles of the same gene, paramutations have also been observed between homologous sequences at non-allelic positions [15][16].

By definition the allele that induces an epigenetic change on the other allele is considered to be paramutagenic and the sensitive allele is paramutable, while alleles that do not participate in the paramutation are designated as neutral. Frequently, the modified (paramutated) alleles also becomes paramutagenic, acquiring the ability of alter other sensitive alleles [13][17].

This phenomenon can be characterized by three basic characteristics: i) the new epigenetic state is transferred to the following generations even if the original allele that induced the new epigenetic state is not transmitted; ii) the altered allele also acts like the paramutagenic allele; and iii) there is not any associated alteration in the DNA sequence[18].

It is still not understood how the paramutation occurs, but there are models that have already been proposed to explain the trans communication between alleles during paramutation like: i) the “trans RNA model” where the communication is mediated by intermediary RNA (siRNA and ncRNA) molecules; and ii) the “pairing model” that suggests that epigenetic states are altered by direct physical interaction between the intervening sequences. According to the current understanding of paramutation these models are not exclusive and can coexist and work together[17].

1.5- Paramutation in mouse *Kit* gene

Paramutations occurs both in animals and plants. One of the better studied cases of paramutation in mammals is the paramutation at the locus *kit* in mouse. The mouse *Kit* gene encodes the *Kit* tyrosine kinase receptor, fundamental in several processes



during mouse development such as germ cell differentiation, melanogenesis and haematopoiesis. By inserting a 3-kilobase (kb) lacZ-neo cassette downstream of the initiator site it was possible to engineer a null mutant *tm1Alf* [19].

The *tm1Alf* mutation annuls the synthesis of the kit tyrosine kinase receptor and the *Kit^{tm1alf}* homozygotes die shortly after birth. The heterozygotes (*Kit^{tm1Alf}/Kit⁺*) comparing to the wild-type mouse present a different phenotype, white tail tip and white feet (Fig. 2), due to the reduced level of expression of the *Kit* receptor [19].



Figure 2 Heterozygote mouse, genotype and phenotype (adapted from [19])

Comparing the levels of *Kit* mRNA from the mutant phenotype and the wild-type, it was determined that the mutant phenotype mouse has one-half of the *Kit* mRNA found in the wild-type. When heterozygous *Kit^{tm1Alf}/Kit⁺* are crossed or intermated with wild-type homozygous (*Kit⁺/Kit⁺*) most of the homozygous for the allele wild-type reveal the same phenotype and lower levels of kit mRNA as the heterozygous parent, which suggests that *Kit^{tm1Alf}* is paramutagenic and the wild allele has adopted a new epigenetic state denominated *Kit^{*}* (the wild allele was paramutated) [19].

The microinjection of fertilized eggs with either total RNA from *Kit^{tm1Alf}/Kit⁺* heterozygotes or *Kit*-specific microRNAs induced the white tail phenotype, evidencing the role of RNA in *Kit* paramutation [19].

1.6- Paramutation at *b1* locus in maize

One of the most extensively studied cases of paramutation is the *b1* locus in maize. The *b1* locus is related with anthocyanin synthesis. There are several alleles for this locus, but only two participate in the paramutation phenomenon, *B'* and *B-I*. Like described for all paramutation systems, both epialleles have the same DNA sequence, yet the *B-I* expression level is much higher than the *B'* [7]. When *B-I* plants are crossed with *B'* plants the heterozygous *B'/B-I* plants behave as homozygous *B'/B'*, the epiallele *B-I* is converted to the epigenetic *B'* state and becomes paramutagenic [17]. Located 100 Kb upstream of the locus *b1*, both epialleles have seven tandem repeats of 853 bp absolutely obligatory for paramutation to occur since alleles with only one copy of the repeated sequence are non-paramutable. Although absolutely identical in what concerns the DNA sequence the repeats are differently methylated and show differences in sensitivity to DNaseI [17][20].

1.7- Rogue phenotype in *Pisum sativum* L

The occasional emergence of plants exhibiting a Rogue phenotype with pointed leaflets and leaf stipula among self-fertilized pea (*Pisum sativum* L.) lines (Fig. 3), and the extraordinary inheritance of these new traits, which not abide by the Mendelian rules, were described for the first time in the early 20th century [21].

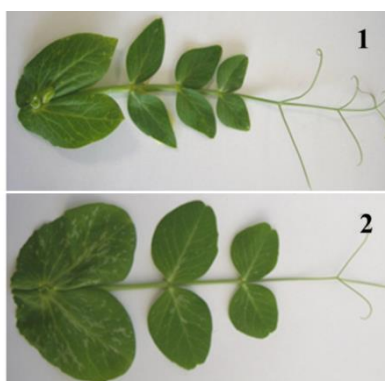


Figure 3 “Rogue” phenotype in *Pisum sativum* L. 1) spontaneous “rogue” mutant cv. Onward plant.; 2) cv. Onward plant

As for the other later described paramutation cases, the offspring of self-fertilised “rogue” (paramutated) plants consist only in “rogue”, and when crossed with wild types these plants produce uniquely F1 plants that as they develop turn into “rogues”. All plants in the following generations are also “rogue”.

1.8- Genes involved in DNA methylation, chromatin remodeling and paramutation

Multiple genes have been identified involved in DNA methylation, chromatin remodelling and paramutation. Three out of these genes are *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1*. The *ddm1* gene is involved in DNA methylation particularly in small-RNA-directed DNA methylation (RdDM) mechanism. The product of this gene belongs to the family of Snf2 remodelers that allow other proteins to access the DNA by changing the nucleosome placement and composition. Recent studies showed that *ddm1* is involved in the stable silencing of transposable elements by allowing DNA methyltransferases in collaboration with RdDM to interact with histone H1-containing heterochromatin [23].

The gene *drm2* (domains rearranged methyltransferase 2) is associated with the maintenance of non-CG methylation and also with *de novo* DNA methylation. Mutations in *drm2* can block all *de novo* DNA methylation associated with repeat containing transgenes. The *drm2* function is associated to small RNAs since they are essential to maintain non-CG DNA methylation and site-directed mutagenesis tests have shown that the RNA-directed DNA methylation is dependent of both the ubiquitin-associated (UBA) and catalytic methyltransferase domains of *drm2*. [23][24].

The gene modifier of paramutation 1 (*mop1*) encodes an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase [25], which when mutated allow the low-expressing paramutagenic allele (*B'*) to express identically to the highly expressing paramutable allele (*B-I*), preventing the paramutation of a new *B-I* allele. These facts indicate that the expression of *mop1* is generally necessary for paramutation, however mutations in this gene affect multiple loci modulated by different promoters evidencing that the product of this gene probably operates on chromatin configuration and not on specific sequences [26].

2- Materials and Methods

2.1- Plant material

Seeds of *Pisum Sativum* L. cv. Onward (Line JI2722) and its paramutant Onward “rogue” line JI2723 were quickly washed with tap water and Tween-20 and immediately immersed for 5 minutes in disinfecting solution containing 10% bleach and 0,5% SDS, rinsed with tap water and germinated over moisten paper in petri dishes for 72 hours, at 24°C in the dark. The originated seedlings were transplanted to pots containing 1:1 peat: vermiculite mixture inoculated with macerated *Rhizobium* nodules, and grown in a greenhouse.

2.2- RNA extraction

RNA was extracted from fully expanded young leaves using Ribozol™ RNA extraction reagent according to the manufacturer protocol. Briefly, leaves were ground in a mortar with a pestle in the presence of liquid nitrogen and the resulting fine powder was thoroughly mixed with 9 volumes of Ribozol™. After 5 min agitation the homogenate was centrifuged at 4500rpm for 20 minutes at 4°C to remove insoluble material, the supernatant was transferred to a fresh tube and incubated at room temperature for 5 minutes. Then, 200µL of chloroform per 1 mL of Ribozol™ were added followed by an incubation of 3 minutes at room temperature. The sample was centrifuged at 4500rpm for 20 minutes at 4°C, the upper aqueous phase was transferred to a RNase-free tube. The RNA was precipitated by adding three volumes of 100% ethanol and stored at -80°C.

2.3- mRNA isolation

mRNA was isolated with the “PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation Systems IV” kit according to the protocol provided by the manufacturer. Total RNA was resuspended in 500 µl Rnase free water in two sterile RNase-free 1.5ml tubes one containing 290,624 µg of Onward and the other containing 393,024 µg of Rogue and heated at 65°C for 10 minutes, 3 µl of biotinylated-oligo(dT) probe and 13µl of 20X SSC were added to the warm RNA solution and the samples were cooled down at room temperature. One tube of the Streptavidin Paramagnetic Particles (SA-PMPs) per isolation was resuspended by gently flicking the bottom of the tube until they were completely dispersed. The SA-PMPs were captured by placing the tube in the magnetic stand. The supernatant was carefully removed after 3 washes with 300µl 0.5X SSC, using the magnetic stand between washes, the SA-PMPs were resuspended in 100µl of 0.5X SSC. The hybridized RNA was then added to the tube and incubated at room temperature for 10 minutes and gently mixed by inversion every 1–2 minutes. The SA-PMPs were captured using the magnetic stand and the supernatant was carefully removed. The particles were washed four times with 300µl 0.1X SSC and resuspended in 100µl RNase-free water. The eluted mRNA was transferred to a sterile RNase-free tube and stored at -80°C.

2.4- cDNA first strand

The cDNA first strand was synthesized using the “Thermo Scientific RevertAid First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit”. The reaction was made in 20 µl reaction mixture consisting of 1x Reaction Buffer, 1 U of RiboLock RNase inhibitor, 1 mM of each



dNTP, 5 μ M mix of RT primers (Table 1), 10 U of RevertAid M-MuLV RT and 230 ng of mRNA. The reaction was incubated in a thermocycler (VWR) at 42°C for 1 hour and terminated by heating at 70°C for 5 min and stored at -80°C.

Table 1. Mix of reverse transcription (RT) primers with respective primer sequences where N represents any base

	Primer name	Sequence
RT primers	T12AN	TTTTTTTTTTTTAN
	T12CN	TTTTTTTTTTTTCN
	T12GN	TTTTTTTTTTTTGN

2.5- Quantification of RNA, DNA and cDNA

All RNA and DNA samples were quantified using a Nanodrop 2000 eSpectrophotometer from Thermo scientific.

2.6- Multi-RAPD differential display analysis

Multi-RAPD differential display amplifications were performed using 109 different combinations of four RAPD primers (Operon technologies) (Annex I), previously tested for possible dimers (FastPCR version 4.0.27).

The PCR amplifications were performed in 15 μ l reaction mixtures consisting of 1x Dream Taq Buffer (Fermentas), 0.16 mM of each dNTP, 0.5 μ M of each primer, 0.6 U of Dream Taq DNA polymerase (Fermentas) and 15 ng of First Strand cDNA. The thermocycler (Biometra TGradient) was programmed as follows: 1 minute and 30 seconds initial denaturation cycle at 94°C followed by 5 cycles of 30 sec at 94°C, 30 sec at 36°C, 1 min at 72°C, and 30 cycles of 30 sec at 94°C, 30 sec at 40°C, 1 min at 72°C, ending with an extension cycle of extension of 10 min at 72°C. The amplification products were electrophoresed on 2% agarose gels. Gels were stained with ethidium bromide and photographed under UV trans-illumination with a digital camera "Kodak EDAS 120".

2.7- Low (25) cycles PCR and RT-qPCR amplifications

Twenty-four DNA sequences out of two large groups of sequences putatively differentially expressed in both epigenomes (cv. Onward and “rogue line JI2723) previously identified by the Laboratory (Santos and Leitão, unpublished results) via next generation sequencing of Suppression Subtractive Hybridization libraries, were

selected for further confirmation by low (25) cycles PCR and RT-qPCR. Primers were designed using the programme FastPCR (version 4.0.27) according to following requirements: no dimer formation, 17-21 base length, 50% - 60% GC content and ~50°C melting temperature. All primers were ordered from NZYTech (Table 2).

Table 2 Primers for PCR and RT-qPCR amplifications of specific sequences

Name	Sequence	Ta°	Name	Sequence	Ta
R_Seq 8 Fw	TCTCCTTCATGGAGGTC	58	O_Seq 3 Fw	ATGGAGCACCAAGATATG	56
R_Seq 8 Rv	AACACGTCAAGGACTCT		O_Seq 3 Rv	AGATACAGAGATCAACCTC	
R_Seq 11 Fw	TGACAACCTGCCTATGG	55	O_Seq 5 Fw	CAGCAGTGATAGCCATAG	58
R_Seq 11 Rv	ACTGATAAGGGCATCTC		O_Seq 5 Rv	TGATTGAGAAGGCAACAC	
R_Seq 12 Fw	GAGTGGGACAGATTCAG	58	O_Seq 6 Fw	TCATTCTCCAAGGTTGCTG	58
R_Seq 12 Rv	TCAGCATCAATGTGACC		O_Seq 6 Rv	GGATACCTATCACCTAGAAC	
R_Seq 13 Fw	TCATGCGGAGGACTATC	58	O_Seq 7 Fw	TTCTTCAGGTGTGCAAC	58
R_Seq 13 Rv	CACCTTCCAAGCAAGG		O_Seq 7 Rv	TCCTGGTTGTCGATACTT	
R_Seq 14 Fw	TCCACAGCAATTCTGTG	55	O_Seq 8 Fw	TGAATTGCACTCCATCTC	58
R_Seq 14 Rv	AAGACATTCTCTGGCAAC		O_Seq 8 Rv	ATCCACTTTCTCCACTAC	
R_Seq 15 Fw	AGACACAACCTGGATCC	58	O_Seq 9 Fw	TCAGCTCCAATTCTCCA	58
R_Seq 15 Rv	AATCGGTTGATCCTCAG		O_Seq 9 Rv	GCTTGCCAAATGGATC	
R_Seq 16 Fw	TCCTCTAACTCTTCAAGCA	58	O_Seq 10 Fw	AGTTCCTCGTAATCAGTGT	58
R_Seq 16 Rv	TATGACTGTGGAAATGGAAG		O_Seq 10 Rv	TTCTTGCATCTAGAGCTC	
R_Seq 17 Fw	CTGCTGTTGATGATATTG	58	O_Seq 11 Fw	ACATCTTCAATAGTTCCAAC	54
R_Seq 17 Rv	TTAGCCTTAGAAGAAGC		O_Seq 11 Rv	ATACACCACTGTTTATGTTG	
R_Seq 18 Fw	ACAACAGACGGTCATTG	58	O_Seq 12 Fw	TTGGTTGAACAAGCTTC	58
R_Seq 18 Rv	AATCGCTTCGGAAACTG		O_Seq 12 Rv	GTCTCAACAACCAGATC	
R_Seq 19 Fw	TCTGCCATCGAGATATCA	56	O_Seq 13 Fw	TAAGGTTGACCGTGTG	58
R_Seq 19 Rv	GTTCGCCTTTAACCAAG		O_Seq 13 Rv	TGGCTCCTGCATAATG	
R_Seq 20 Fw	AATGATAGACATGGCAGATG	58	O_Seq 14 Fw	TTCTGGATTGTTGAGGA	58
R_Seq 20 Rv	AACAACCTGGCTTTGAG		O_Seq 14 Rv	TAACCAACTGAGCAACT	
O_Seq 2 Fw	ATCTGCATCTGATTGTG	56	O_Seq 15 Fw	ATTTCGAGAAGGTATAGCATG	58
O_Seq 2 Rv	CTCTGAATTATCAACTACAGA		O_Seq 15 Rv	TAGTAGGCATGGTCAGA	

Low (25) cycles and typical (35 cycles) PCR amplifications were performed and analyzed in agarose gels as above described.

2.8- Real-time PCR

Real-time PCR amplifications were performed in 15 µl reaction mixtures consisting of 2x iQ™ SYBR® Green supermix, 0.5 µM of each primer, and different dilutions of the First Strand cDNA. The reaction was performed in a iCycleriQ® Multicolor Real-Time PCR Detection System using the following program: 5 minute of initial denaturation at 95°C followed by 35 cycles of 10 sec at 95°C, 30 sec at 56-58°C



annealing temperature, where the data collection was enabled, followed by 1 cycle of 1 minute at 95°C and um cycle of 1 minute at 55°C ending with 80 cycles of 10 seconds starting with 55°C where the setpoint temperature is increased by 0,5°C after cycle 2 and the melt curve data collection and analysis becomes enabled.

2.9- Identification of homolog sequences of the *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* genes in *Pisum sativum* L.

Primers for amplification of the still unidentified homolog sequences of the *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* genes in *Pisum sativum* L. (Table 3) were designed using as reference the *Medicago truncatula* genome information (<http://www.jcvi.org/medicago>), additional information previously obtained in the lab and the *Pisum* unigene database in <http://www.coolseasonfoodlegume.org>.

The PCR amplifications were performed as above described except for the reaction volume that was scaled-up to 30 µL. Five microliters of the amplification reactions were used for agarose gel analysis and in the cases where one single PCR product was obtained the remaining (25µL) amplification product was precipitated with 3 volumes of absolute ethanol and the dried pellet send for sequencing. In the cases were more than one band was amplified, the band with the expected length was excised from the gel, purified using the “Thermo Scientific GeneJET Gel Extraction Kit #K0692” and sent for sequencing.

Table 3 Primers for isolation of *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* gene sequences in *Pisum sativum*

Primer name	Primer sequence	bp	Annealing temperature (°C)
DDM1exp_F6	AAGAACAATGTGAAGAACGA	617	55
DDM1exp_R5	TCAGCAAGAATCCCCATTC		
DDM1_F10	TGCCTTTACTAACTGGTGG		
DDM1 exp R4	GCATTGCTCAATTATCTC	989	55
DRM2exp_F9	TGGTTGATACAATTGGAGAG	600	55
DRM2exp_R6	GTGAGGAGTTAGGACCT		
MOP_FW1p	TGAAGAAGCATATGATCATCAAC	407	55
MOP_Rv3p	CAGACTTGATATGCAATAAAATGTC		

2.10- Isolation and preparation of siRNA libraries for next generation sequencing

To total RNA in RNase-free water (*Pisum sativum*, cv. Onward and its paramutant “rogue” line JI2723)) were added 50% PEG (MW=8000) to a final concentration of 5%

and 5M NaCl to a final concentration of 0,5M for precipitation of the high molecular weight (HMW) RNA [27]. After centrifugation at 17000 rpm for 20 minutes at 4°C and the supernatant containing the low molecular weight (LMW) RNA was precipitated overnight with three volumes of ethanol 100%.

The LMW RNA was collected by centrifugation at 17000 rpm, for 30 minutes at 4°C, and the pellet dissolved in 10µl DEPC-treated water. The ligation of 3' RNA adaptor was carried out incubating for 1 hour at 37°C in a reaction mix with 10 µl consisting of: 5 µl of LMW RNA solution previously denatured at 70°C for 15 minutes, 2 µl of 3' RNA adaptor from biomers.net (20µM stock concentration), 1 µl 10x RNA ligase buffer and 2µl T4 RNA ligase.

Three microliters of (100 µM) RT 3'- primer (Table 4) were added to the 3' RNA adaptor ligated LMW RNA and the mix incubated at 75°C for 5 minutes, followed by 37°C for 15 minutes and 25°C for 15 minutes. To this reaction mix were added 2 µl of (20µM) 5' RNA adaptor denatured at 70°C for 15 minutes, 1 µl 10x RNA ligase buffer, 2µl T4 RNA ligase, and the ligation of the 5' RNA adaptor was carried out for 1 hour at 37°C. The resulting LMW RNA ligated to both adaptors and annealed to the RT primer was then used for first strand cDNA synthesis as above described.

The obtained cDNA was used for two different PCR amplifications using the 5'-primer (Table 4) and the above mentioned RT 3'-primer: i) 6 cycles of amplification for synthesis of cDNA second strand and low amplification of the ligated products, for further next generation sequencing; and ii) 35 cycles for amplification of and easily scored in 10% polyacrylamide/urea gel product. The amplifications were performed in 20 µl reaction mixtures consisting of 1x Phusion HF buffer (Thermo scientific), 0.16 mM of each dNTP, 15 µM of each primer, 0.4 U of Phusion DNA polymerase (Thermo scientific) and 1 µl of cDNA, in a thermocycler (Biometra Tgradient) programmed for: starting denaturation at 94°C during 1 minute and 30 seconds followed by 6 or 35 cycles of 30 sec at 94°C, 30 sec at 62°C, 1 min at 72°C and one cycle of 10 min at 72°C.

Table 4 Primers used in the siRNA isolation and amplification

Primer name	Primer sequence
siRNA PCR Primer	GTC TAG TCG CAT CCT GTA GA
siRNA RT-PCR Primer	GCA GGT GTC AGC ATC AGT CTG CAT A

3- Results and discussion

3.1- Extraction of total RNA and mRNA isolation.

The extraction of total RNA of *Pisum sativum* L. cv. Onward (Line JI2722) and Onward “rogue” (Line JI2723) was performed using the RiboZol™ RNA extraction reagent according to the manufacturer protocol. The extraction was performed using 9 ml of extraction reagent to which the fine powder resulting from leaves grounded in a mortar with a pestle in the presence of liquid nitrogen was added until the total volume reached 10 ml.

From 1 ml volume grounded leaf tissue powder of cv. Onward and Onwrd “rogue” line were isolated , respectively, 581,25 µg and 786,05 µg total RNA. The integrity of the extracted RNA from both epigenomes was confirmed by agarose gel electrophoresis the samples were mixed with an equal volume of formamide (Fig 4). The above amounts of total RNA resulted, respectively, in 400 ng of mRNA of cv. Onward and 720 ng mRNA of the “rogue” line, isolated using the “PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation Systems IV” kit. The mRNA of both epigenomes was used for the synthesis of single stranded cDNA which concentration was normalised between both samples and used for differential expression analysis.

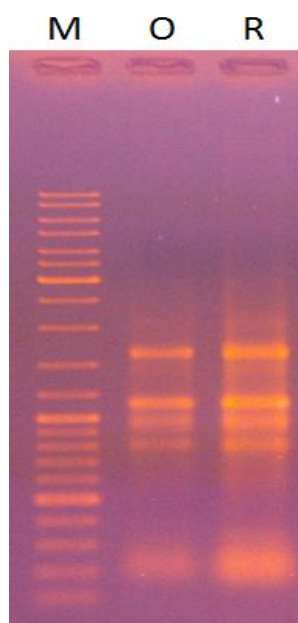


Figure 4 Total RNA from: (O) cv. Onward and (R) “rogue” line JI2723.

3.2- Multi-RAPD differential display analysis

The differential display technique is commonly used for identification of expression polymorphisms between two or more organs or organisms using a short arbitrary primer in combination with an anchored oligo-dT primer.

In this work the technique was modified using a new approach which we have designated Multi-RAPD Differential Display (MRDD). The main difference in this technique is that the oligo-dT is omitted and the amplification process is performed using combinations of four RAPD primers in order to increase the odds of polymorphism identification. The PCR amplifications are carried out in two steps: i) a first step using an annealing temperature of 36 °C for 5 amplification cycles and ii) a second step of 30 cycles during which the annealing temperature was increased to 40 °C. One hundred and nine combinations (Annex I) of 4 RAPD primers were used for identification of expression polymorphisms between cv. Onward (Line JI2722) and its paramutant “rogue” line (JI2723). Although, some very few putative polymorphisms were identified in a first round of analysis, they were not confirmed in a second round of analysis with other biological samples. Among the over 700 amplified expression markers no one was polymorphic. (Fig 5 and Fig 6).

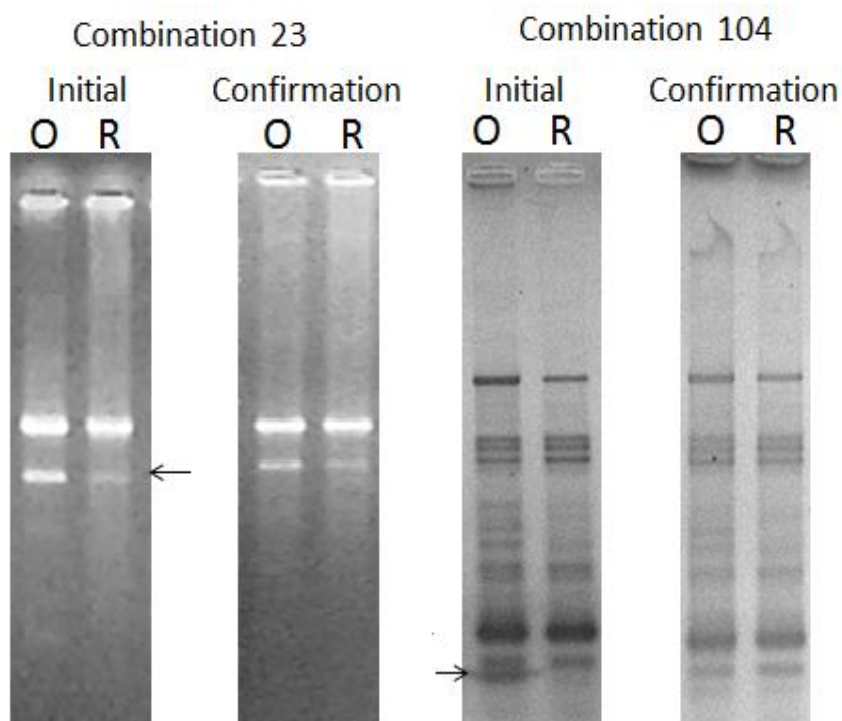


Figure 5 Example of two combinations of Multi-RAPD differential display patterns that presented differences, but were proven to be false after repeating the tests with different biological samples. (O) cv. Onward; (R) “rogue” line JI2723.

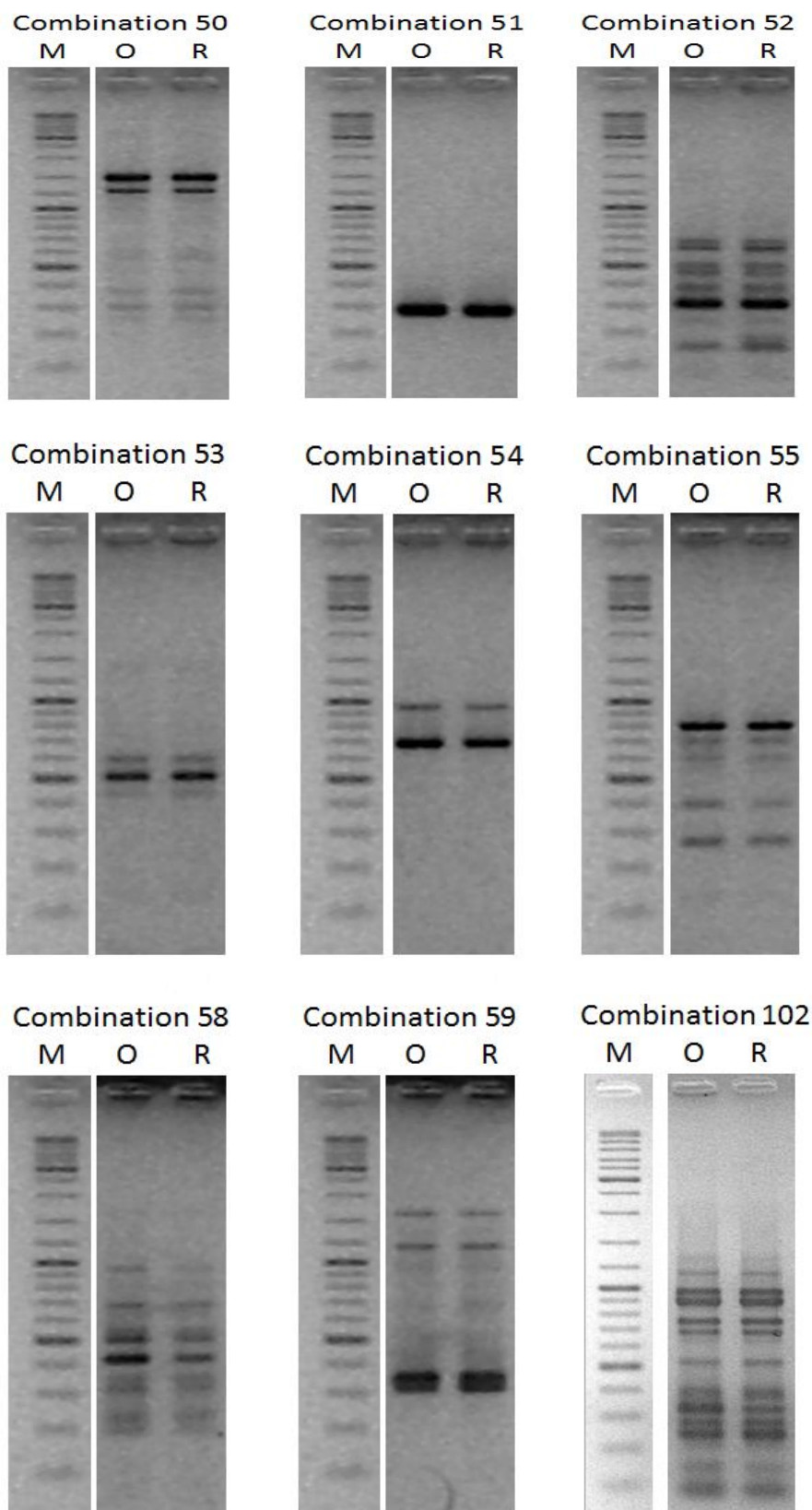


Figure 6 Examples of Multi-RAPD differential display patterns that did not present differences. (O) cv. Onward; (R) “rogue” line JI2723 (M) Marker, Thermo scientific GeneRuler DNA Ladder Mix.

3.3- Expression analysis of SSH-selected sequences

Since no positive results were found using the multi-RAPD differential display analysis the search for differential expressed sequences between the two *Pisum* epigenomes was continued focusing on the confirmation of the differential expression of the expressed sequence tags (ESTs) identified via next generation sequencing of the contrasting Suppression Subtractive Hybridization (SSH) [28] libraries of cv. Onward and Onward “rogue” line JI2723 (Santo T and Leitão J, unpublished data).

The expression analysis was performed in a two steps approach, which validation was simultaneously a goal of the present work. The first step consisted in the comparison of the products of a lower-cycle PCR amplification (25 cycles) of single strand cDNA libraries of both epigenomes, while a typical PCR amplification (35 cycles) was used as control for PCR efficiency, the second step consisted in conventional RT-qPCR analysis. The rationale of such approach is the first step of analysis to be used as preliminary selection before confirmation by much more accurate RT-qPCR analysis. A previous, and easy to perform, pre-selection can speed up and increase the efficiency of all procedure when large amounts of expressed sequences require further RT-qPCR confirmation.

The next generation sequencing (Ion Torrent) of the cDNA-SSH libraries, resulted, respectively in 1337 contigs amplified from cv. Onward and 1282 contigs amplified from the “rogue” line JI2723. Among these contigs, 67 from the cv. Onward library and 60 from the “rogue” line library, exhibiting a redundancy equal or over 500 sequences in one of the epigenomes and being almost not present (less than 10 sequences) in the second epigenome, were selected for further RT-qPCR analysis (Annex II and Annex III).

In this work was performed the expression analysis of 24 of these sequences (Table 5 and 6).

Forty-eight primers were designed for amplification of short fragments (95 to 120 bp) within the analysed contigs and their optimal annealing temperatures were previously established (Table 7).

Table 5 Selected expressed sequences more abundant in the “rogue” line JI2723

Sequence name	Pea Contig	Onward vs Rogue	Rogue vs Onward
SSHR8	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4568	0	1304
SSHR11	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4871	0	1078
SSHR12	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig7001	4	1528
SSHR13	ID289409 p.sativum_wal_contig24155	5	1157
SSRH14	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4379	0	1039
SSHR15	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig8616	0	866
SSHR16	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig7306	3	889
SSHR17	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig5993	0	829
SSHR18	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4801	0	807
SSHR19	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig5242	0	785
SSHR20	ID287628 p.sativum_wal_contig23351	0	775

Table 6 Selected expressed sequences more abundant in cv, Onward

Sequence name	Pea Contig	Onward vs Rogue	Rogue vs Onward
SSHO2	ID281115 p.sativum_wal_contig19650	1666	1
SSHO3	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4380	1627	0
SSHO5	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4909	1624	0
SSHO6	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig5891	1427	1
SSHO7	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig1549	1323	2
SSHO8	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4284	1135	0
SSHO9	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig5916	1137	0
SSHO10	ID61637 Pisum_sativum_v1_Contig2226	1021	0
SSHO11	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig2333	1579	1
SSHO12	ID266692 p.sativum_wal_contig30745	966	0
SSHO13	ID Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig7337	1041	1
SSHO14	ID286784 p.sativum_wal_contig06779	959	0
SSHO15	ID291839 p.sativum_wal_contig18536	869	0

Table 7 Forward and reverse primers for amplification of pea contig fragments of interest.

Sequence	Primer e	Sequence	Fragment length (bp)
SSHR8	R_Seq 8 Fw	TCTCCTTCATGGAGGTC	112
	R_Seq 8 Rv	AACACGTCAAGGACTCT	
SSHR11	R_Seq 11 Fw	TGACAACTTGCCTATGG	103
	R_Seq 11 Rv	ACTGATAAGGGCATCTC	
SSHR12	R_Seq 12 Fw	GAGTGGGACAGATTCAG	101
	R_Seq 12 Rv	TCAGCATCAATGTGACC	
SSHR13	R_Seq 13 Fw	TCATGCGGAGGACTATC	108
	R_Seq 13 Rv	CACCTTCCAAGCAAGG	
SSHR14	R_Seq 14 Fw	TCCACAGCAATTCTGTG	107
	R_Seq 14 Rv	AAGACATTCTCTGGCAAC	
SSHR15	R_Seq 15 Fw	AGACACAACCTTGGATCC	117
	R_Seq 15 Rv	AATCGGTTGATCCTCAG	
SSHR16	R_Seq 16 Fw	TCCTCTAACTCTTCAAGCA	95
	R_Seq 16 Rv	TATGACTGTGGAAATGGAAG	
SSHR17	R_Seq 17 Fw	CTGCTGTTGATGATATTG	108
	R_Seq 17 Rv	TTAGCCTTAGAAGAAGC	
SSHR18	R_Seq 18 Fw	ACAACAGACGGTCATTG	106
	R_Seq 18 Rv	AATCGCTTCGGAAACTG	
SSHR19	R_Seq 19 Fw	TCTGCCATCGAGATATCA	105
	R_Seq 19 Rv	GTTCGCCTTTAACCAAG	
SSHR20	R_Seq 20 Fw	AATGATAGACATGGCAGATG	107
	R_Seq 20 Rv	AACAACCTGGCTTTGAG	
SSHO2	O_Seq 2 Fw	ATCTGCATCTGATTGTG	114
	O_Seq 2 Rv	CTCTGAATTATCAACTACAGA	
SSHO3	O_Seq 3 Fw	ATGGAGCACCAAGATATG	112
	O_Seq 3 Rv	AGATACAGAGATCAACCTC	
SSHO5	O_Seq 5 Fw	CAGCAGTGATAGCCATAG	120
	O_Seq 5 Rv	TGATTGAGAAGGCAACAC	
SSHO6	O_Seq 6 Fw	TCATTCTCCAAGGTTGCTG	100
	O_Seq 6 Rv	GGATACCTATCACCTAGAAC	
SSHO7	O_Seq 7 Fw	TTCTTCAGGTGTGCAAC	103
	O_Seq 7 Rv	TCCTGGTTGTCGATACTT	
SSHO8	O_Seq 8 Fw	TGAATTGCACTCCATCTC	104
	O_Seq 8 Rv	ATCCACTTTCTCCACTAC	
SSHO9	O_Seq 9 FW	TCAGCTCCAATTCTCCA	113
	O_Seq 9 Rv	GCTTGCCAAATGGATC	
SSHO10	O_Seq 10 Fw	AGTTCCTCGTAATCAGTGT	112
	O_Seq 10 Rv	TTCTTGCACTCTAGAGCTC	

Table 7 Forward and reverse primers for amplification of pea contig fragments of interest. (cont.)

Sequence	Primer	Sequence	Fragment length (bp)
SSH011	O_Seq 11 Fw	ACATCTTCAATAGTTCCAAC	99
	O_Seq 11 Rv	ATACACCACTGTTTATGTTG	
SSH012	O_Seq 12 Fw	TTGGTTGAACAAGCTTC	97
	O_Seq 12 Rv	GTCTCAACAACCAGATC	
SSH013	O_Seq 13 Fw	TAAGGTTGACCGTGTG	118
	O_Seq 13 Rv	TGGCTCCTGCATAATG	
SSH014	O_Seq 14 Fw	TTCTGGATTGTTTGAGGA	100
	O_Seq 14 Rv	TAACCAACTGAGCAACT	
SSH015	O_Seq 15 Fw	ATTCGAGAAGGTATAGCATG	120
	O_Seq 15 Rv	TAGTAGGCATGGTCAGA	

Five out of the 24-SSH selected sequences have not showed visible and analysable PCR products after 25 cycles of PCR amplification (Table 8). In the remaining products of 25 cycles of PCR amplification 11 sequences have not showed differences for cDNA of cv. Onward and Onward “rogue” and the other 8 sequences have showed differences between the amplification products obtained from cDNA of cv. Onward and Onward “rogue” (Fig. 7 and Fig. 8, Table 8). The genes for Tubulin 2 and Polyubiquitin were used as controls in RT-qPCR and showed very balanced products of 25 and 35 cycles PCR amplification (Fig. 9).

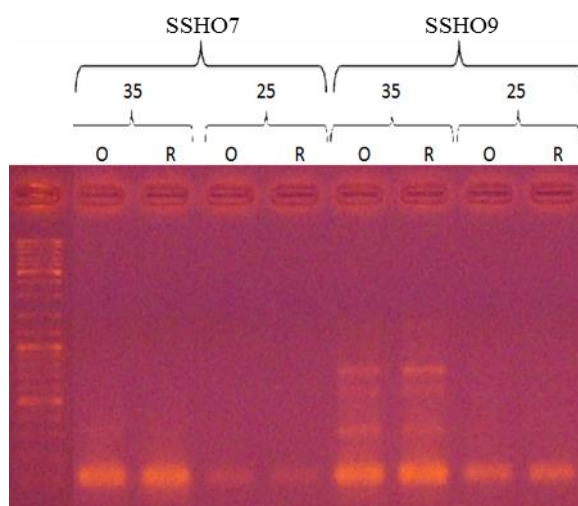


Figure 7 Preliminary PCR amplification for 35 and 25 cycles. No significant differences are noticeable between samples (O and R) either amplified for 35 or 25 cycles. (O) - cv. Onward; (R) “Rogue” line.

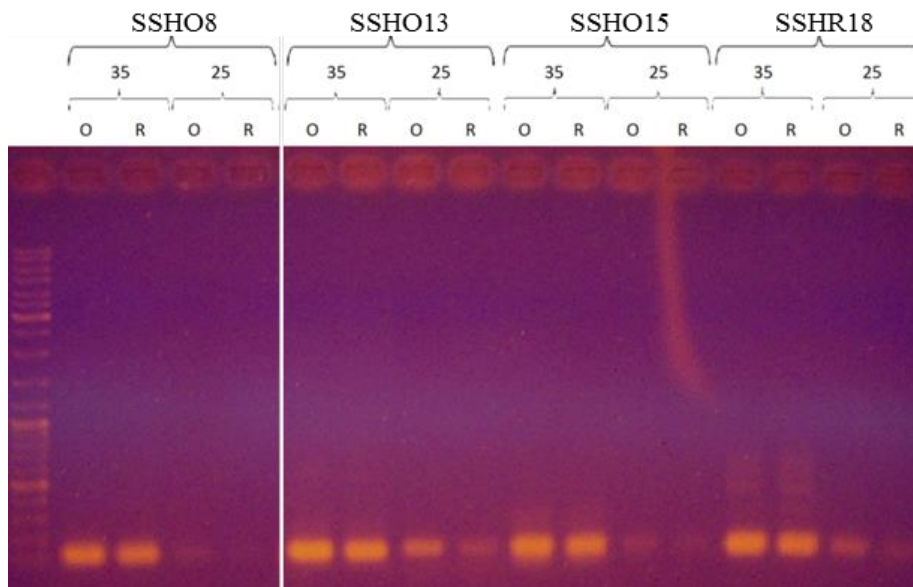


Figure 8 Some sequences exhibited differences in the products of 25 cycles PCR amplification. The differential expression of these sequences was later confirmed by RT-qPCR analysis.

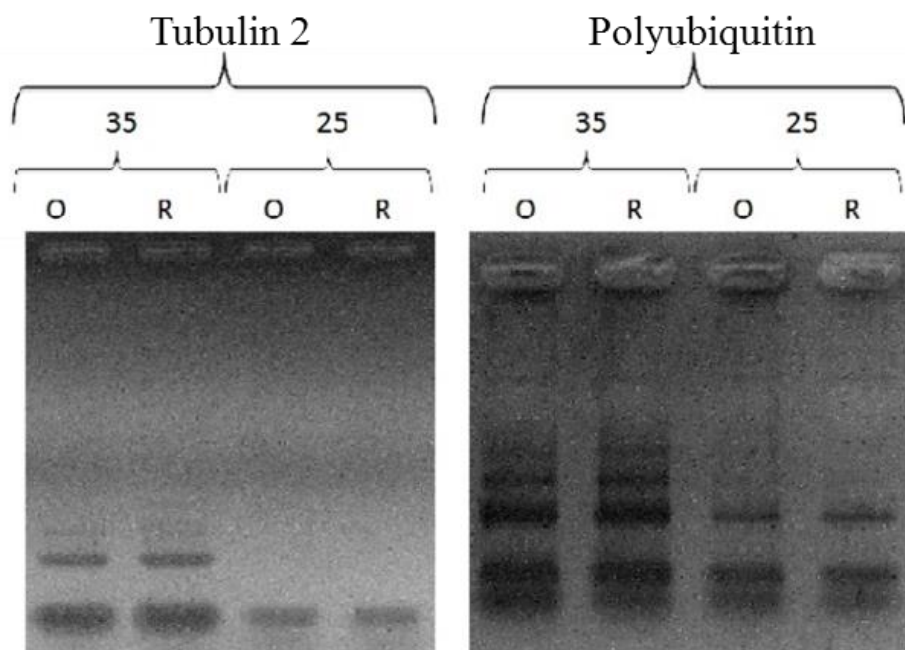


Figure 9 The Tubulin 2 and polyubiquitin genes used as control in RT-qPCR analyses showed similar results in cv. Onward (O) and Onward “rogue” line (R) after 35 or 25 cycles of PCR amplification.

The comparison between the results of RT-qPCR analysis and 25 cycle PCR amplification have showed that the risk of not selecting as priority for RT-qPCR sequences with highly significant differences in expression is apparently low.

All the sequences that exhibited differences in amplification after 25 cycles PCR have also showed significant differences in expression as assessed by RT-qPCR, whereas all the sequences that have not exhibited clear differences in the previous low-

Table 8 Results of 25 cycles PCR and RT-qPCR analysis.

Sequence	Differences after 25 cycles PCR	ΔCt	$\Delta \Delta Ct$	Validation 25 cycles PCR vs. RT-qPCR	Annealing Temperature (°C)
SSHR8	No	-0,23	0,5	Confirmed	
SSHR11	-	-	-	-	
SSHR12	No	-1,43	-0,7	Confirmed	
SSHR13	No	-0,8	-0,067	Confirmed	
SSHR14	-	-	-	-	
SSHR15	No	-1,33	-0,6	Confirmed	
SSHR16	No	0,2	0,93	Confirmed	
SSHR17	No	-0,63	0,1	Confirmed	
<u>SSHR18</u>	Yes	-3,1	-2,65	Confirmed	58
<u>SSHR19</u>	Yes	2,03	1,83	Confirmed	56
SSHR20	No	1,25	1,7	Confirmed	
<u>SSHO2</u>	-	2,8	2,6	-	
SSHO3	No	-0,67	-0,87	Confirmed	
<u>SSHO5</u>	Yes	-0,1	0,35	Negative	58
<u>SSHO6</u>	-	-2,5	-2,05	-	
SSHO7	No	-1,5	-1,05	Confirmed	
<u>SSHO8</u>	Yes	-2,75	-2,3	Confirmed	58
SSHO9	No	-0,37	0,37	Confirmed	
<u>SSHO10</u>	Yes	-2,25	-1,8	Confirmed	58
SSHO11	-	-	-	-	
<u>SSHO12</u>	Yes	-5,1	-4,65	Confirmed	58
<u>SSHO13</u>	Yes	-3,65	-3,2	Confirmed	58
SSHO14	No	-0,8	-0,067	Confirmed	
<u>SSHO15</u>	Yes	-1,55	-1,1	Confirmed	58

-cycle PCR have not showed significant differences in RT-qPCR. In one case one sample apparently showed differences after 25 cycles PCR, which were not confirmed

by RT-qPCR. The pre-selection by low-cycle PCR can have a positive role when the RT-qPCR analysis is intended to be used for large amounts of sequences.

The analysis and discussion of the identified differences in gene expression between cv. Onward and Onward “rogue” line JI2723, in particular those showing highly significant differences ($\Delta\Delta Ct \geq 2,0$) is out of the scope of the present work and will be performed after additional results are obtained. Nevertheless, the first positive results on differential expression (which need further confirmation in at least two additional samples) are displayed in Table 9.

Table 9 Protein analyses the translation of fragments with differences in RT-qPCR

Sequence	$\Delta\Delta Ct$	Translated protein	Expect	Identify (%)
SSHR18	-2,65	Polyamine oxidase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003600621.1 Length: 492	0,0	95
SSHR19	1,83	Glycogen synthase kinase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003591238.1 Length: 411	0,0	97
SSHR20	1,7	Fructosamine kinase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: gb KEH18974.1 Length: 319	0,0	92
SSHO2	2,6	BEL1-related homeotic protein [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: gb KEH41936.1 Length: 649	0,0	90
SSHO6	-2,05	Glucose 6 phosphate/phosphate translocator-like protein [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003594481.1 Length: 408	0,0	90
SSHO7	-1,05	Serine/threonine protein kinase ICK [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003612616.1 Length: 449	0,0	90
SSHO8	-2,3	This contig does not translate in a viable protein	-	-
SSHO10	-1,8	Sucrose-phosphate synthase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003617418.1 Length: 1058	1e-106	88
SSHO12	-4,65	PREDICTED: SPX domain-containing protein 2-like [Glycine max] Sequence ID: ref XP_003549761.1 Length: 295	2e-114	69
SSHO13	-3,2	Soluble inorganic pyrophosphatase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: gb KEH42358.1 Length: 248	2e-155	96
SSHO15	-1,1	DNA-directed RNA polymerase [Medicago truncatula] Sequence ID: ref XP_003589372.1 Length: 1213	0,0	99

3.4- On the way to the expression analysis of genes, involved in DNA methylation and chromatin remodeling: *met1*, *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1*.

Recent studies developed in the laboratory of Genomics and Genetic Improvement, in the Universidade do Algarve using the method Methylation Sensitive - Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphisms (MS-AFLP) have identified a set of specific sequences that are differentially methylated in leaf DNA of cv. Onward and Onward “rogue” line JI2723. Some of the differential methylation patterns were even inherited through meiosis to pollen DNA (Santo and Leitão, unpublished results).

This finding raised interrogations regarding the expression of the genes involved in DNA-methylation in the emergence and maintenance of the “rogue” paramutation in pea (*Pisum sativum* L.). Three genes: *ddm1*; *drm2* and *mop1*, were elected for further expression analysis.

However, no homologs of these three genes have been identified so far in this legume species, for which genomic data are still relatively meager. In order to retrieve in *Pisum* the sequence of these three genes, the genomic information on the legume model plant *Medicago truncatula* (<http://www.jcvi.org/medicago>) was used as reference for sequence analysis and primer design.

Amplifications of selected partial sequences of the *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* were performed using the primers designed based on the homolog *Medicago truncatula* sequences (Table 3). The amplification products were analyzed in agarose gels. When the amplification resulted in more than one amplification product the fragment of the right size was cut from the gel, purified and sent for Sanger sequencing. In the cases of a single product of right size, the fragment was ethanol precipitated directly in the PCR reaction mix and sent for sequencing.

The sequences and the putative protein products were blasted against the Gen Bank database (<http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>).

ddm1

The amplification of two sequences of *ddm1* (Fig. 10) was performed using the primers displayed in Table 10, which were also used as sequencing primers.

Table10 Primers for *ddm1* amplification and sequencing

Primer name	Primer sequence	bp	Annealing temperature (°C)
DDM1exp_F6	AAGAACAATGTGAAGAACGA	617	55
DDM1exp_R5	TCAGCAAGAATCCCATTC		
DDM1_F10	TGCCTTTACTAACTGGTGG	989	55
DDM1 exp R4	GCATTGCTCAATTATCTC		

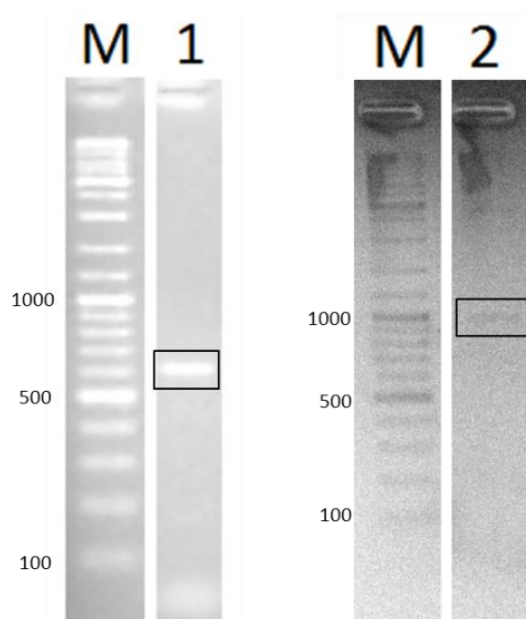


Figure 10 PCR amplification of two *ddm1* fragments in *Pisum sativum*. : 1) Product of amplification using the primers DDM1exp_F6 and DDM1exp_R5; 2) Product of amplification using the primers DDM1_F10 and DDM1 exp R4.

The nucleotide sequence of the PCR products and the respectively coded amino acid sequences were blasted against the GenBank database (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) which confirmed that both sequences are similar to Swi2/Snf2-related chromatin remodeling ATPase (*Medicago truncatula*) (BOXES 1 and 2)

BOX1

Psddm1 sequence 1

TAAGAACAATGTGAAGAACGATGATCCTGCAGTAGAGTCACCAACTTCGGTCCTAGAAGAAGAGGAAATGGAGGTTAAG
TTGGAGGAAGAGGTGGTTGCAGATGATGGATCTTCTCTGTACCGAAATTGATGGTAGAGGAGGAAGAGAAGTTGCTTA
AAGCTCTTGCTAAGGAAGAGGAGGAACAGTTTCAGAGGCGCCAAATCTCAATGACTCGCAGTTTGATAAGTTGGATGA
GCTTTTAACGCAAACGAAACTGTACTCGGAGTTTCTTCTGGAGAAAATGGATGACATCACATTGACTGCGGGTGAACAA
GAGATTAAGGAAGAGGAAGAGACTCAGTTGGATACTAAACCTAAGGGTCGTGGAAGAAAAAGAAAGCGGCTAAACAAT
GCAATACTGGGAAAGCCAAAAAGGCAGTTGAAGCTATGATAACAAGATCTAAAGAACTGTGAAGACTGAAGATGTGAA
TTTGAGTGAGGAAGAAAGAACTGAGAAAGAGCAGAGGGAGTTGGTGCCTTTACTAACTGGTGGAATTTGAAGTCTTAT
CAACTGAAGGGTGTAATATGTTAATCTCCTTGTGGCAAAATGGACTGAATGGGATTCTTGCTGAA

Swi2/Snf2-related chromatin remodeling ATPase[*Medicago truncatula*]

XP_003611980.1 Identity: 173/206 (84%) Positives: 186/206 (90%) Gaps: 0/206 (0%)

Query	1	KNNVKNDDPAVESPTSVLEEEEMEVLKEEEVADDGSSLVPKLMVEEEKLLKALAKEEE	60
		KNNVKNDDP ESPTSVLEEE+EVK EEEV+ADDGSSLVPK M EEEKLLK KEEE	
Sbjct	4	KNNVKNDDPPAESPTSVLEEEVEVKSEEEVIADDGSSLVPKTMAEEEEKLLKVRVKEEE	63
Query	61	EQFQEAPNLNDSQFDKLDELLTQTKLYSEFLLEKMDITLTAGEQEIKEEEETQLDTPKPK	120
		E+ + APNLNDSQF+KLDELLTQTKLYSEFLLEKMDIT+ AGEQE +EEE++ K K	
Sbjct	64	EKIEVAPNLNDSQFNKLDELLTQTKLYSEFLLEKMDITMAAGEQEKPDDEESKPVAKKK	123
Query	121	GRGRKRKAQKQCNCTGKAKKAVEAMITRSKETVKTEDVNLSEEEERTEKEQRELVPLLTGKK	180
		GRG KRKA QCNCTGKAKKAVEAMITRSKE VKTEDV+L+EEERTEKEQREL+PLLTGKK	
Sbjct	124	GRGSKRKAASQCNCTGKAKKAVEAMITRSKENVKTEDVDLTEEERTEKEQRELMPLLTGKK	183
Query	181	LKSYQLKGVKWLISLWQNLNGILAE	206
		LKSYQLKGVKWLISLWQNLNGILA+	
Sbjct	184	LKSYQLKGVKWLISLWQNLNGILAD	209

drm2

Using the primers in Table 11 a fragment was amplified from cv. Onward (Fig. 11) which nucleotide sequence and putative protein product showed the highest similarity with the *drm1/drm2* genes of two other legume species *Cicer arietinum* and *Medicago truncatula* (BOX3).

Table 11 Primers for *drm2* amplification and sequencing.

Primer name	Primer sequence	bp	Annealing temperature (°C)
DRM2exp_F9	TGGTTGATACAATTGGAGAG	600	55
DRM2exp_R6	GTGAGGAGTTAGGACCT		

BOX 2

Psddm1 sequence 2

AAATGGTTAATTTCTTGTGGCAAAATGGACTGAATGGGATTCTTGCTGATCAAATGGGTCTTGGGAAGACAATCCAGAC
AATTGGGCTTCTTTTTCATTTTAAATCAAAAGGATTGGATGGGCATATATGATAATTGCTCCACTATCAACCTATCCA
ACTGGATGAATGAGATATTTAGGTTTGACCATCACTCCCTGCTGTTATCTACCACGGTAATAAAGATGAGAGAAATGAG
ATCAGAAGGAAACATATGCCTAGCACAATTGGTCCAAAATTTCCCATAGTAATAACTTcTTATGAGATTGCAATGAATGA
TGCTAAGAAATTTTCCGGGCATACCAATGGAATATCTTGTGTTGATGAGGGTCACAGGcTAAAAAATTCACAATGCA
AATTAGTGACCATGTTGAAATTCATCAGAGTTGAAAATAAGCTTCTTTTGAAGTGGGACACCGCTCCAGAATAACTTAGCA
GAGCTGTGGTCATTGCTGAACCTCATCTTACCTGATATATTcTCATCTCTTGAAGAATTTGAGTCATGGTTTAAATCTGTC
AGGAAAGTGTGCTTCTGGAGCAaCAATGGAAGAAATGGAAGAGAAAAGAAGAAACCAGGTAGTGCCAAGCTTCATGCAA
TTCTCAGACCATTTCTTTTGCGCCGAATGAAGTCTGATGTTGAGCTATCATTGCCCGGAAAAAAGAGATCATTATTTAT
GCTAACATGACTGAGCATCAGAAGAACTTGCAGGATCATcTAGTTAATGCGaCATTGAGAAACATTGGACAGGAACT
AACAAATTGGGCGTGCTGCGGCGAGTATTAATAACTTGGTAATTCAACTTAGGAAAGTCTGTAACCATCCCGACCTCTTAG
AATCACCTATGATGGTTCATATTTTATCCCTCCTTTGAATG

Swi2/Snf2-related chromatin remodeling ATPase [*Medicago truncatula*]

XP_003611980.1

Identities: 262/304 (86%) Positives: 280/304 (92%) Gaps: 0/304 (0%)

Query	1	KWLISLWQNLNGILADQMGLGKTIQTIGLLFHFKSKGLDGPYMIAPLSTLSNWMNEIF	60
		KWLISLWQNLNGILADQMGLGKTIQTIG L H KSKGLDGPYMIAPLSTLSNWMNEI	
Sbjct	193	KWLISLWQNLNGILADQMGLGKTIQTIGFLSHLKSGLDGPYMIAPLSTLSNWMNEIN	252
Query	61	RFAPSLPAVIYHGKNDERNEIRRKHMPSTIGPKFPIVITSYEIAMNDAKKFFRAYQWKYL	120
		RF P+LPAVIYHGK +R+EIRRKHMP T+GPKFP+VITSYEIAMNDAKK R+Y WKYL	
Sbjct	253	RFTPTLPAVIYHGKHKRDEIRRKHMPRTVGPKFPLVITSYEIAMNDAKKCLRSYSWKYL	312
Query	121	VVDEGHRLKNSQCKLVTMLKFIRVENKLLLTGTPLQNNLAELWSLLNFILPDIFSSLEEF	180
		VDEGHRLKN+ CKLV MLK+I VENKLLLTGTPLQNNLAELWSLL+FILPDIFSSLEEF	
Sbjct	313	AVDEGHRLKNANCKLVRMLKYISVENKLLLTGTPLQNNLAELWSLLHFIPLDIFSSLEEF	372
Query	181	ESWFNLSGKCASGATMEEMEEKRRNQVAKLHAILRPFLRRMKSDVELSLPRKKEIIY	240
		ESWFNLSGKC +GATMEE+EEKRR QVAKLH+ILRPFLRRMKSDVEL LPRKKEIIY	
Sbjct	373	ESWFNLSGKCTTGATMEELEEKRRTQVAKLHSILRPFLRRMKSDVELMLPRKKEIIY	432
Query	241	ANMTEHQKNLQDHLVNATFEKHLDRKLTIGRAASINNVIQLRKVCNHPDLLESFYDGS	300
		ANMTEHQKNLQDHL+N T K+LD+K +IGRA S+NNLVIQLRKVCNHPDLLES +DGS	
Sbjct	433	ANMTEHQKNLQDHLINETLGKYLDKRSIGRAPTSNNLVIQLRKVCNHPDLLESVFDGS	492
Query	301	YFYP	304
		YFYP	

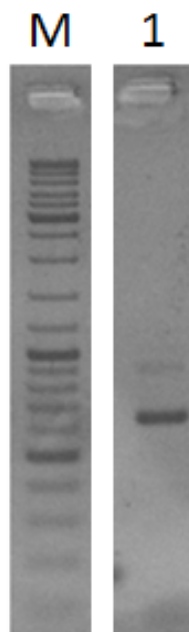


Figure 11 PCR amplification of a cDNA fragment of *Pisum sativum* using the primers DRM2exp_F9 and DRM2exp_R6.

BOX 3

Psdrm2 sequence 1

```
TTGGTTGATACAATTGGAGAGGAAGTTCACACGTCGTCCATTTTCGTGgAGCCCGAAGATTCGTCCTTTGCGAAATTGGG
AGACAAAATGAGTGATGATTCTGGTCTAGGGAGTGGAGGTTATGATTGGAATACTGAAGATGAGCTTGAGATTGAAAGCT
TTCATTCTTCCCTGTACAACGTGTTCCCTATGGACAGACTTCTGGGTCTCGGTCTCTAGAGGAAAACATTTGCAGCAGGT
CCATCTAATACCAAGGTGTTTGACTCTCTCATTAAATATGGGATTTTCATCCTGAAATGGTTGCCAAAGTAATTCAGGAATA
TGGTGAGGAAAATGAACATAAACTAGTTGAAGAGCTTCTCACATATCAAGAGCTAGAAAGGTCTTCTCAGCAGCAACAGC
AAGTTGAACCAGATCCCACCTCTTCAGAGTATGCAGCGAGCTCCTGGGATGATTCATCAGACAACGATGATTCATCGGAT
GAAGAAATACCAAAATCCCTTTCTAAGAATGATAATACATTACTATCCCTGGTAAAAATGGGATTCAATGAGGAGGAGGC
TTAATGGCGTTAGAAAGATTAGGTCCTAACTCCTCA
```

DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase DRM1/2 [*Medicago truncatula*] AES94878.2

Identities: 119/170 (70%) Positives: 138/170 (81%) Gaps: 1/170 (0%)

Query	30	MSDDSGLGSGGYDWNTEDELEIESFHSCTTVPYQTSGRSLEENSFAAGPSNTKVFDS	89
		M DDS L S +DWNT+DELEIESF+S +TVP QT + S+E +SFA GPSNTKV D	
Sbjct	1	MGDDSSLESDFDWNTEDELEIESFNSLSSTVPSRQTITAASVEASSFA-GPSNTKVLHDH	59
Query	90	LINMGFHPPEMVAKVIEYGEENEHKLVEELLTYQELERSSSQQQQQVEPDPTSSEYAASSW	149
		I+MGF E+V+KVIQYEGEE+E KL+EE+LTY LE SSQQ QQVEPDPTSSEYA SSW	
Sbjct	60	FISMDFPGEVSVKVIQYEGEEDDKLLEEILTYSALESSSQHQQVEPDPTSSEYAGSSW	119
Query	150	DDSSDNDSSDEEIPKSLSKNDNTLLSLVKMGFNEEEALMALERLGNSS	199
		DD SD D SDEE+PKS+S+ND+TLLSLV MGF EEEALMA+ERLG +SS	
Sbjct	120	DDLSDGDSFSDEEMPKEVSRNDDTLLSLVNMGFKEEEALMAIERLGLDSS	169

mop1

A piece of the *mop1* sequence in *Pisum sativum* was amplified using the primers displayed in Table 12. The amplification product had the expected size (Fig. 12) and, after precipitation, was sent directly for sequencing. The blastn and blastp against the GenBank database (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) confirmed that the amplified sequence is related to an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase 2-like sequence in chickpeas (*Cicer arietinum*) similar to the *mop1* gene involved in the paramutation of the locus *b1* in *Zea mays* (BOX 4).

Table 12 Primers for amplification and sequencing of *mop1* homolog sequence in *Pisum sativum*.

Primer name	Primer sequence	bp	Annealing temperature (°C)
MOP_FW1p	TGAAGAAGCATATGATCATCAAC	407	55
MOP_Rv3p	CAGACTTGATATGCAATAAAATGTC		

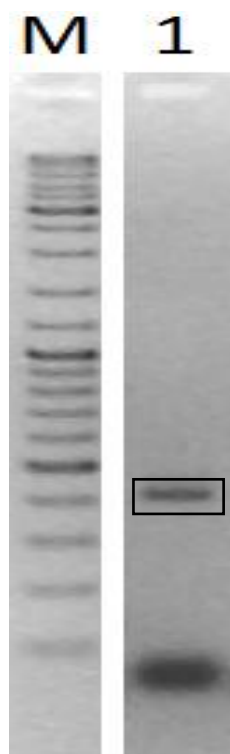


Figure 12 PCR amplification of a putative *mop1* fragment in *Pisum sativum*. Product of amplification using the primers MOP_FW1 and MOP_Rv3p.

BOX 4

Psmop1 sequence:

```
TTGAAGAAGCATATGATCATCAACTTGAGGTTAATGGTTTTGAGGTCTTTCTTGAGACTGCCTCAAGTCACAGAGAAATGT
ATGCACAGAAGATGAGCTCTTTAATGAGCTTCTATGGAGCAGAGACCGAGGATGAAATGCTAACAGGTAACCTTGCTAAAAC
GTGCTTCTTATTTGCAGCGCGATAACAGGAGATATGGAGATATGAAGGATCGAATTCTGATATCGGTGAAGGATCTTCAAC
ATGAAGCTAAAGGATGGTTTGAAAGTGATTGTCAGCCAGATGAATATCAACTTATGGCATCTGCATGGTATCATGTGACCT
ATCATCCCAAATATTACCACGAAAGCTCCACCTTTTTAAGCTTCCCATGGATCGTTGGTGACATTTTATTGCATATCAAGT
CTGA
```

PREDICTED: **RNA-dependent RNA polymerase 2-like [Cicer arietinum]** XP_004508850.1
Identities: 126/135 (93%) Positives: 127/135 (94%) Gaps: 0/135 (0%)

Query	1	EEAYDHQLEVNGFEVLETASSHREMYAQKMSSLSFSFYGAETEDMLTGNLLKRASYLQR	60
		EEAYDHQLEVNGFE FLETASSH+EMYAQKMSSLSFSY AETEDMLTGNL RASYLQR	
Sbjct	981	EEAYDHQLEVNGFEAFLETASSHKEMYAQKMSSLSFSFYDAETEDMLTGNLQNRASYLQR	1040
Query	61	DNRRYGDMKDRILISVKDLQHEAKGWFESDCQPDEYQLMASAWYHVITYHPKYHESSTFL	120
		DNRRYGDMKDRILISVKDLQ EAK WFESDCQP EYQLMASAWYHVITYHPKY HESSTFL	
Sbjct	1041	DNRRYGDMKDRILISVKDLQREAKEWFESDCQPHEYQLMASAWYHVITYHPKYSHESSTFL	1100
Query	121	SFPWIVGDILLHIKS	135
		SFPWIVGDILLHIKS	
Sbjct	1101	SFPWIVGDILLHIKS	1115

3.5 siRNA isolation

The isolation of siRNA from total RNA was performed using a first step of PEG and NaCl precipitation of the high molecular weight (HMW) RNA. The low molecular weight fraction showed to harbour RNAs of the expected siRNA length (19-24bp) (Figure 13) which were excised and purified from the polyacrylamide gel for adapter ligation.

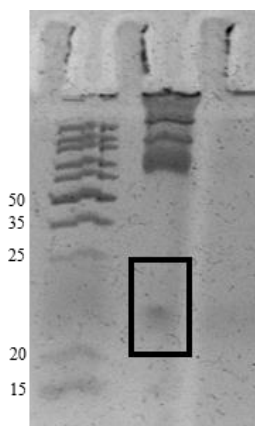


Figure 13 Separation in polyacrylamide/urea gel of LMW RNA. Notice the RNA signal with the expected size of siRNA .

After the ligation of the adapters, with 26 nucleotides each, the obtained cDNA was expected to be in the 71 to 76 bp range. However, the PCR amplification using primers complementary to the adapter sequences resulted in a strong band of approximately 50 bp, most probably resulting from the amplification of ligated adapters, and stronger signal in the 75 bp and 150 bp size (Fig. 14). The fraction of these two gel regions were excised (Fig.15) and purified, after 6 cycles of PCR amplification, for a further analysis and utilization.

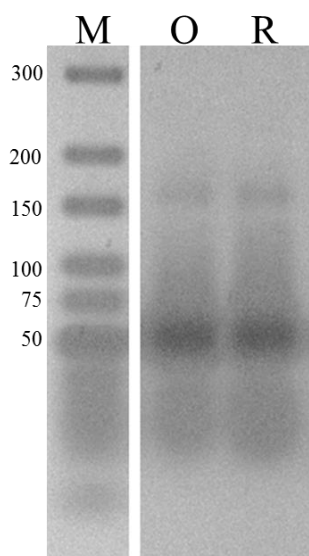


Figure 14 PCR amplification of small RNAs derived cDNA (O) cv. Onward; (R) “rogue” line JI2723; (M) Marker - Thermo scientific GeneRuler Ultra Low Range DNA Ladder.

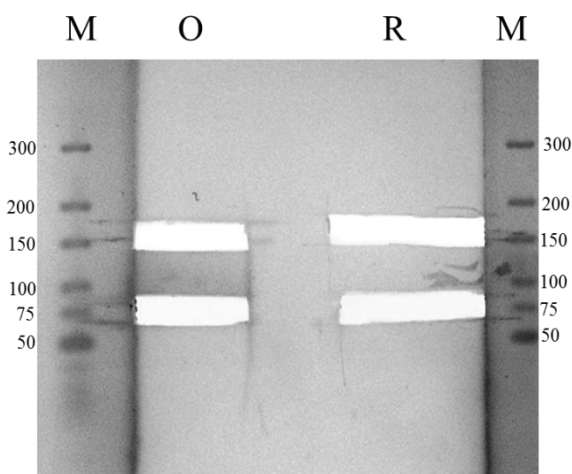


Figure 15 Excision of the 75 bp and 150 bp cDNAs after 6 cycles PCR amplification (O) cv. Onward; (R) “rogue” line JI2723; (M) Marker - Thermo scientific GeneRuler Ultra Low Range DNA Ladder

4- Discussion and future prospects

The study of “rogue” phenotype in pea was almost completely abandoned for approximately nine decades since the studies on the inheritance of this phenotype were carried out by Bateson and Pellew [21][22] and, immediately after, by Brotherton [29] in the early XX century. The study of this *Pisum* paramutation was later complemented with the observation of the lack of differences between the chromosomes of “rogue” and “non-rogue” plants [30], and that the reduced size of the leaves in “rogue” plants was caused by lower number of cells and not by differences in their size [31].

Recently, the research on this paramutation was resumed at the Laboratory of Genomics and Genetic Improvement, FCT, Universidade do Algarve, where was found that in a background of a similar level of genome wide methylation in leaf DNA, some specific genomic sequences exhibited altered methylation patterns in paramutated plants. In some cases the specific patterns were even inherited through meiosis to pollen DNA. Moreover, a non-rogue mutant line was induced from a Rogue pea cultivar, which evidenced the existence of specific genes which function is required for the Rogue paramutation process (Santo and Leitão, unpublished results).

The next generation sequencing of two SSH libraries, respectively from cv. Onward and paramutated Onward rogue line JI2723, resulted in over one thousand cDNA sequences showing significant differences in their redundancy, a consequence of differences in number of the respective mRNA molecules, between both epigenomes.

The present study aimed to identify differences in gene expression between the two epigenomes. The work was initiated with the multi-RAPD differential display analysis of cDNA libraries, however, in spite of the use of combinations of over 400 primers, no expression polymorphisms have been identified. Then, it was decided to search for differences in gene expression analysing and confirming by RT-qPCR the putative differential expression of sequences previously identified using a SSH approach.

Twenty-four sequences were selected for this study and 11 out of them showed to be differentially expressed. Eight of these last sequences exhibited a $\Delta\Delta Ct \geq 2$, assumed to be a highly significant value. These sequences may be associated with molecular mechanisms related with the paramutation. Nevertheless, they need to be confirmed using additional biological samples, which in these experiments consist on cDNA synthesized from the mRNA of three plants of each epigenome. During this

study a method was tested and validated for pre-selection of the sequences for further RT-qPCR assay, based on the comparative results of 25 cycles PCR.

As it was found that paramutated plants exhibited differences in DNA methylation the next logical step regarding this aspect of the paramutation was to assess the expression of genes related with DNA methylation and chromatin remodelling. The retrieving of expressed tags of the genes *ddm1*, *drm2* and *mop1* in *Pisum sativum* has created the conditions for the study of the expression of these genes in the two contrasting epigenomes.

The comparative analyses of siRNA libraries, still in construction for next generation (ion torrent) sequencing, is expected to provide some clues regarding the modulating mechanisms involved in the establishment of the Rogue paramutation.

Besides the study of the siRNAs, particularly aiming to identify different classes of these ncRNAs in both epigenomes, from the above results it can be concluded that the future research should focus on the screening of the sequences identified by SSH analyses, which initial study was very promising and eventually leading to the identification of metabolic pathways involved in the paramutation process.

6- References

- [1] Goldberg AD, Allis CD, Bernstein E (2007) Epigenetics: a landscape takes shape. *Cell* 128 (4): 635–638
- [2] Bird A (2007) Perceptions of epigenetics. *Nature* 447: 396–398
- [3] Jaenisch R, Bird A (2003) Epigenetic regulation of gene expression: how the genome integrates intrinsic and environmental signals. *Nat. Genet.* 33: 245–254
- [4] Skinner MK (2011) Environmental epigenetic transgenerational inheritance and somatic epigenetic mitotic stability. *Epigenetics* 6(7): 838–842
- [5] Daxinger L, Whitelaw E (2010) Transgenerational epigenetic inheritance: more questions than answers. *Genome Research* 20(12): 1623–1628
- [6] Faulk C, Dolinoy DC (2011) Timing is everything: The when and how of environmentally induced changes in the epigenome of animals. *Epigenetics* 6(7): 791–797
- [7] Louwers M, Bader R, Haring M, van Driel R, de Laat W, Stam M (2009) Tissue- and expression level-specific chromatin looping at maize b1 epialleles. *Plant Cell* 21(3): 832–842
- [8] Jeltsch A (2002) Beyond Watson and Crick : DNA Methylation and Molecular Enzymology of DNA Methyltransferases, *ChemBio Chem* 3: 274–293
- [9] Law JA, Jacobsen SE (2010) Establishing, maintaining and modifying DNA methylation patterns in plants and animals. *Nat. Rev. Genet.* 11(3): 204–220
- [10] Kaikkonen MU, Lam MTY, Glass CK (2011) Non-coding RNAs as regulators of gene expression and epigenetics. *Cardiovasc. Res.* 90(3): 430–440.
- [11] Morris KV (2009) Non-coding RNAs , epigenetic memory and the passage of information to progeny. *RNA Biol.* 6(3): 242–247
- [12] Mattick JS, Amaral PP, Dinger ME, Mercer TR, Mehler MF (2009) RNA regulation of epigenetic processes. *Bioessays* 31(1): 51–59
- [13] Pilu R (2011) Paramutation: just a curiosity or fine tuning of gene expression in the next generation? *Curr. Genomics* 12(4): 298–306
- [14] Bray RA, Brink RA (1966) Mutation and paramutation at the R locus in maize. *Genetics* 54(1): 137–149
- [15] Sidorenko LV, Peterson T (2001) Transgene-induced silencing identifies sequences involved in the establishment of paramutation of the maize p1 gene. *Plant Cell* 13(2): 319–335

- [16] Khaitová LC, Fojtová M, Křížová K, Lunerová J, Fulnecek J, Depicker A, Kovařík (2011) A Paramutation of tobacco transgenes by small RNA-mediated transcriptional gene silencing. *Epigenetics* 6(5): 650–660
- [17] Chandler VL, Stam M (2004) Chromatin conversations: mechanisms and implications of paramutation. *Nat. Rev. Genet.* 5(7): 532–544
- [18] Chandler VL (2007) Paramutation: from maize to mice. *Cell* 128(4): 641–645
- [19] Rassoulzadegan M, Grandjean V, Gounon P, Vincent S, Gillot I, Cuzin F (2006) RNA-mediated non-mendelian inheritance of an epigenetic change in the mouse. *Nature* 441(7092): 469–474
- [20] Haring M, Bader R, Louwers M, Schwabe A, van Driel R, Stam M (2010) The role of DNA methylation, nucleosome occupancy and histone modifications in paramutation. *Plant J.* 63(3): 366–378
- [21] Bateson W, Pellew C (1915) On the genetics of ‘rogues’ among culinary peas. *J Genet* 5(1): 13–36
- [22] Bateson W, Pellew C (1920) The Genetics of ‘Rogues’ among Culinary Peas (*Pisum sativum*). *Proc. R. Soc. London* 91: 186–195
- [23] Zemach A, Kim MY, Hsieh P, Coleman-Derr D, Eshed-Williams L, Thao K, Harmer SL, Zilberman D (2013) The Arabidopsis nucleosome remodeler DDM1 allows DNA methyltransferases to access H1-containing heterochromatin. *Cell* 153(1): 193–205
- [24] Henderson IR, Deleris A, Wong W, Zhong X, Chin HG, Horwitz GA, Kelly KA, Pradhan S, Jacobsen SE (2010) The de novo cytosine methyltransferase DRM2 requires intact UBA domains and a catalytically mutated paralog DRM3 during RNA-directed DNA methylation in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *PLoS Genet.* 6(10): e1001182
- [25] Sidorenko L, Chandler V (2008) RNA-dependent RNA polymerase is required for enhancer-mediated transcriptional silencing associated with paramutation at the maize *p1* gene. *Genetics* 180(4): 1983–1993
- [26] Lisch D, Carey CC, Dorweiler JE, Chandler VL (2002) A mutation that prevents paramutation in maize also reverses Mutator transposon methylation and silencing. *PNAS* 99(9): 6130–6135
- [27] Lu C, Meyers BC, Green PJ (2007) Construction of small RNA cDNA libraries for deep sequencing. *Methods* 43(2): 110–117
- [28] Rebrikov DV, Desai SM, Siebert PD, Lukyanov SA (2004) Suppression subtractive hybridization. *Methods Mol Biol.* 258: 107–134

- [29] Brotherton W Jr. (1923) Further studies on the inheritance of “rogue” types in garden peas (*Pisum sativum*). J Agric Res 24 (10): 815-852
- [30] Bunten I (1930) A preliminary report on the chromosome complement of "rabbit eared rogues" in culinary peas (*Pisum sativum* L.) Am J Bot 17 (2):139-142.
- [31] Pyke K A, Hedley C L (1984) Aspects of the rogue phenotype of peas. Plant Sci Lett 35: 87-90.

Annex I

Table A 1 Primers used in the Multi-RAPD differential display analysis.

Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence
1	OPAL-01	TGTGACGAGG	11	OPAM-03	CTTCCCTGTG	21	OPAO-04	AACAGGGCAG
	OPAL-02	ACCCTGTGGG		OPAM-04	GAGGGACCTC		OPAO-05	TGGAAGCACC
	OPAL-03	CCCACCTTG		OPAM-05	GGGCTATGCC		OPAO-06	AGGCAGCCTG
	OPAL-04	ACAACGGTCC		OPAM-06	CTCGGGATGT		OPAO-07	GATGCGACGG
2	OPAK-05	GATGGCAGTC	12	OPAM-07	AACCGCGGCA	22	OPAO-08	ACTGGCTCTC
	OPAK-06	TCACGTCCCT		OPAM-08	ACCACGAGTG		OPAO-09	CCAGATGGGG
	OPAK-07	CTTGGGGGAC		OPAM-09	TGCCGGTTCA		OPAO-10	GACATCGTCC
	OPAK-08	CCGAAGGGTG		OPAM-10	CAGACCGACC		OPAO-11	GGGGGCTTGA
3	OPAK-09	AGGTCGGCGT	13	OPAM-11	AGATGCGCGG	23	OPAO-12	TCCCGGTCTC
	OPAK-10	CAAGCGTCAC		OPAM-12	TCTCACCGTC		OPAO-13	CCCACAGGTG
	OPAK-11	CAGTGTGCTC		OPAM-13	CACGGCACAA		OPAO-14	CTACTGGGGT
	OPAK-12	AGTGTAGCCC		OPAM-14	TGGTTGCGGA		OPAO-15	GAAGGCTCCC
4	OPAK-13	TCCCACGAGT	14	OPAM-15	GATGCGATGG	24	OPAO-16	CACAACGGGA
	OPAK-15	ACCTGCCGTT		OPAM-16	TGGCGGTTTG		OPAO-17	CCCATGTGTG
	OPAK-16	CTGCGTGCTC		OPAM-17	CCTAACGTCC		OPAO-19	GTTCTCGGAC
	OPAK-17	CAGCGGTCAC		OPAM-18	ACGGGACTCT		OPAO-20	GGCTTGCCTG
5	OPAK-18	ACCCGGAAC	15	OPAM-19	CCAGGTCTTC	25	OPAK-01	TCTGCTACGG
	OPAK-19	TCGCAGCGAG		OPAM-20	ACCAACCAGG		OPAK-02	CCATCGGAGG
	OPAK-20	TGATGGCGTC		OPAN-01	ACTCCACGTC		OPAK-03	GGTCCTACCA
	OPAL-01	TGTGACGAGG		OPAN-02	CACCGCAGTT		OPAK-04	AGGGTCGGTC
6	OPAL-02	ACCCTGTGGG	16	-	-	26	OPAA-01	AGACGGCTCC
	OPAL-03	CCCACCTTG		OPAN-04	GGCGTAAGTC		OPAA-03	TTAGCGCCCC
	OPAL-04	ACAACGGTCC		OPAN-05	GGGTGCAGTT		OPAA-04	AGGACTGCTC
	OPAL-05	GA CTGCGCCA		OPAN-06	GGGAACCCGT		OPAA-05	GGCTTTAGCC
7	OPAL-06	AAGCGTCCTC	17	OPAN-07	TCGCTGCGGA	27	OPAA-06	GTGGGTGCCA
	OPAL-07	CCGTCCATCC		OPAN-08	AAGGCTGCTG		OPAA-07	CTACGCTCAC
	OPAL-08	GTCGCCCTCA		OPAN-09	GGGGGAGATG		OPAA-08	TCCGCAGTAG
	OPAL-09	CAGCGAGTAG		OPAN-10	CTGTGTGCTC		OPAA-09	AGATGGGCAG
8	OPAL-10	AAGGCCCTG	18	OPAN-11	GTCCATGCAG	28	OPAA-10	TGGTCGGGTG
	OPAL-11	GTCACGTCCT		OPAN-12	AACGGCGGTC		OPAA-11	ACCCGACCTG
	OPAL-12	CCCAGGTAC		OPAN-13	CTTCCAGGAC		OPAA-12	GGACCTCTTG
	OPAL-13	GAATGGCACC		OPAN-14	AGCCGGGTAA		OPAA-13	GAGCGTCGCT
9	OPAL-14	TCGCTCCGTT	19	OPAN-15	TGATGCCGCT	29	OPAA-14	AACGGGCCAA
	OPAL-15	AGGGGACACC		OPAN-16	GTGTCGAGTC		OPAA-15	ACGGAAGCCC
	OPAL-16	CTTTCGAGGG		OPAN-17	TCAGCACAGG		OPAA-16	GGAACCCACA
	OPAL-17	CCGCAAGTGT		OPAN-18	TGTCCTGCGT		OPAA-17	GAGCCCGACT
10	OPAL-18	GGAGTGGA CT	20	OPAN-19	ACCACGCCTT	30	OPAA-18	TGGTCCAGCC
	OPAL-19	TCTGCCAGTG		OPAN-20	GAGTCCTCAC		OPAA-19	TGAGGCGTGT
	OPAL-20	AGGAGTCGGA		OPAO-01	AAGACGACGG		OPAA-20	TTGCCTTCGG
	OPAM-02	ACTTGACGGG		OPAO-02	AATCCGCTGG		OPAB-01	CCGTCGGTAG

Table A 1 Primers used in the Multi-RAPD differential display analysis. (cont.)

Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence
31	OPAB-02	GGAAACCCCT	41	OPAD-03	TCTCGCCTAC	51	OP Z-06	GTGCCGTTCA
	OPAB-03	TGGCGCACAC		OPAD-04	GTAGGCCTCA		OP Z-07	CCAGGAGGAC
	OPAB-05	CCCGAAGCGA		OPAD-06	AAGTGCACGG		OP Z-08	GGGTGGGTAA
	OPAB-07	GTAAACCGCC		OPAD-07	CCCTACTGGT		OP Z-09	CACCCCAGTC
32	OPAB-06	GTGGCTTGGA	42	OPAD-08	GGCAGGCAAG	52	OP Z-10	CCGACAAACC
	OPAB-08	GTTACGGACC		OPAD-09	TCGCTTCTCC		OP Z-11	CTCAGTCGCA
	OPAB-09	GGGCGACTAC		OPAD-10	AAGAGGCCAG		OP Z-12	TCAACGGGAC
	OPAB-10	TTCCCTCCCA		OPAD-11	CAATCGGGTC		OP Z-13	GACTAAGCCC
33	OPAB-11	GTGCGCAATG	43	OPAD-12	AAGAGGGCGT	53	OP Z-14	TCGGAGGTTC
	OPAB-12	CCTGTACCGA		OPAD-13	GGTTCCTCTG		OP Z-15	CAGGGCTTTC
	OPAB-13	CCTACCGTGG		OPAD-14	GAACGAGGGT		OP Z-16	TCCCCATCAC
	OPAB-14	AAGTGCGACC		OPAD-15	TTTGCCCCGT		OP Z-17	CCTTCCCACT
34	OPAB-15	CCTCCTTCTC	44	OPAD-16	AACGGGCGTC	54	OP S-01	CTACTGCGCT
	OPAB-16	CCCGGATGGT		OPAD-17	GGCAAACCCT		OP S-02	CCTCTGACTG
	OPAB-17	TCGCATCCAG		OPAD-18	ACGAGAGGCA		OP S-03	CAGAGGTCCC
	OPAB-18	CTGGCGTGTC		OPAD-19	CTTGGCACGA		OP S-04	CACCCCCTTG
35	OPAB-19	ACACCGATGG	45	OPAD-20	TCTTCGGAGG	55	OP S-05	TTTGGGGCCT
	OPAB-20	CTTCTCGGAC		OPAE-02	TCGTTACCCC		OP S-06	GATACCTCGG
	OPAC-01	TCCCAGCAGA		OPAE-03	CATAGAGCGG		OP S-07	TCCGATGCTG
	OPAC-02	GTCGTCTGCT		OPAE-04	CCAGCACTTC		OP S-08	TTCAGGGTGG
36	OPAC-03	CACTGGCCCA	46	OPAE-05	CCTGTCAGTG	56	OP S-09	TCCTGGTCCC
	OPAC-04	ACGGGACCTG		OPAE-06	GGGGAAGACA		OP S-10	ACCGTTCCAG
	OPAC-05	GTTAGTGCGG		OPAE-07	GTGTCAGTGG		OP S-12	CTGGGTGAGT
	OPAC-06	CCAGAACGGA		OPAE-08	CTGGCTCAGA		OP S-14	AAAGGGGTCC
37	OPAC-07	GTGGCCGATG	47	OPAE-09	TGCCACGAGG	57	OP S-13	GTGCTTCTTG
	OPAC-08	TTTGGGTGCC		OPAE-10	CTGAAGCGCA		OP Z-19	GTGCGAGCAA
	OPAC-09	AGAGCGTACC		OPAE-11	AAGACCGGGA		OP S-15	CAGTTCACGG
	OPAC-10	AGCAGCGAGG		OPAE-12	CCGAGCAATC		OP S-16	AGGGGGTTCC
38	OPAC-11	CCTGGGTGAG	48	OPAE-13	TGTGGACTGG	58	OP S-18	CTGGCGAACT
	OPAC-12	GGCGAGTGTG		OPAE-14	GAGAGGCTCC		OP S-19	GAGTCAGCAG
	OPAC-13	GACCCGATTG		OPAE-15	TGCCTGGACC		OP S-20	TCTGGACGGA
	OPAC-14	GTCGGTTGTC		OPAE-16	TCCGTGCTGA		OP T-01	GGGCCACTCA
39	OPAC-15	TGCCGTGAGA	49	OPAE-17	GGCAGGTTCA	59	OP T-02	GGAGAGACTC
	OPAC-16	CCTCCTACGG		OPAE-18	CTGGTGCTGA		OP T-03	TCCACTCCTG
	OPAC-17	CCTGGAGCTT		OPAE-19	GACAGTCCCT		OP T-04	CACAGAGGGA
	OPAC-18	TTGGGGGAGA		OPAE-20	TTGACCCAG		OP T-05	GGGTTTGCA
40	OPAC-19	AGTCCGCCTG	50	OP Z-02	CCTACGGGGA	60	OP T-06	CAAGGGCAGA
	OPAC-20	ACGGAAGTGG		OP Z-03	CAGCACCGCA		OP T-07	GGCAGGCTGT
	OPAD-01	CAAAGGGCGG		OP Z-04	AGGCTGTGCT		OP T-09	CACCCCTGAG
	OPAD-02	CTGAACCGCT		OP Z-05	TCCCATGCTG		OP U-07	CCTGCTCATC

Table A 1 Primers used in the Multi-RAPD differential display analysis. (cont.)

Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence
61	OP T-10	CCTTCGGAAG	71	OP X-03	TGGCGCAGTG	81	OPAK-18	ACCCGGAAAC
	OP T-11	TTCCCCGCGA		OP X-05	CCTTTCCCTC		OPAL-02	ACCCTGTGGG
	OP T-12	GGGTGTGTAG		OP X-07	GAGCGAGGCT		OPAL-06	AAGCGTCCTC
	OP T-13	AGGACTGCCA		OP G-06	GTGCCTAACC		OPAL-10	AAGGCCCTG
62	OP T-14	AATGCCGCAG	72	OP X-08	CAGGGGTGGA	82	OPAL-14	TCGCTCCGTT
	OP T-15	GGATGCCACT		OP X-09	GGTCTGGTTG		OPAL-18	GGAGTGGACT
	OP T-16	GGTGAACGCT		OP X-10	CCCTAGACTG		OPAM-03	CTTCCCTGTG
	OP T-17	CCAACGTCGT		OP X-12	TCGCCAGCCA		OPAM-07	AACCGCGGCA
63	OP T-18	GATGCCAGAC	73	OP X-14	ACAGGTGCTG	83	OPAM-11	AGATGCGCGG
	OP T-19	GTCCGTATGG		OP X-15	CAGACAAGCC		OPAM-15	GATGCGATGG
	OP T-20	GACCAATGCC		OP X-17	GACACGGACC		OPAM-19	CCAGGTCTTC
	OP U-03	CTATGCCGAC		OP X-18	GA TAGGTGG		OPAN-04	GGCGTAAGTC
64	OP U-02	CTGAGGTCTC	74	OP X-19	TGGCAAGGCA	84	OPAN-07	TCGCTGCGGA
	OP U-04	ACCTTCGGAC		OP X-20	CCCAGCTAGA		OPAN-11	GTCCATGCAG
	OP U-05	TTGGCGGCCT		OP Y-01	GTGGCATCTC		OPAN-15	TGATGCCGCT
	OP U-06	ACCTTTGCGG		OP Y-02	CATCGCCGCA		OPAN-19	ACCACGCCTT
65	OP U-11	AGACCCAGAG	75	OP Y-03	ACAGCCTGCT	85	OPAO-04	AACAGGGCAG
	OP U-12	TCACCAGCCA		OP Y-04	GGCTGCAATG		OPAO-08	ACTGGCTCTC
	OP U-13	GGCTGGTTCC		OP Y-05	GGCTGCGACA		OPAO-12	TCCCGGTCTC
	OP U-14	TGGGTCCCTC		OP Y-06	AAGGCTCACC		OPAO-16	CACAACGGGA
66	OP V-01	TGACGCATGG	76	OP Y-07	AGAGCCGTCA	86	OPAK-01	TCTGCTACGG
	OP V-02	AGTCACTCCC		OP Y-08	AGGCAGAGCA		OPAA-01	AGACGGCTCC
	OP V-03	CTCCCTGCAA		OP Y-09	AGCAGCGCAC		OPAA-06	GTGGGTGCCA
	OP V-04	CCCCTCACGA		OP Y-10	CAAACGTGGG		OPAA-10	TGGTCGGGTG
67	OP V-05	TCCGAGAGGG	77	OP Y-11	AGACGATGGG	87	OPAA-14	AACGGGCCAA
	OP V-06	ACGCCCAGGT		OP Y-12	AAGCCTGCGA		OPAA-18	TGGTCCAGCC
	OP V-08	GGACGGCGTT		OP Y-13	GGGTCTCGGT		OPAB-02	GGAAACCCCT
	OP V-09	TGTACCCGTC		OP Y-14	GGTCGATCTG		OPAB-06	GTGGCTTGGA
68	OP V-10	GGACCTGCTG	78	OP Y-15	AGTCGCCCTT	88	OPAB-11	GTGCGCAATG
	OP V-11	CTCGACAGAG		OP Y-17	GACGTGGTGA		OPAB-15	CCTCCTTCTC
	OP V-12	ACCCCCCACT		OP Y-18	GTGGAGTCAG		OPAB-19	ACACCGATGG
	OP V-13	ACCCCTGAA		OP Y-19	TGAGGGTCCC		OPAC-03	CACTGGCCCA
69	OP V-14	AGATCCCGCC	79	OP G-02	GGCACTGAGG	89	OPAC-07	GTGGCCGATG
	OP V-15	CAGTGCCGGT		OP G-03	GAGCCCTCCA		OPAC-11	CCTGGGTCAG
	OP V-16	ACACCCACACA		OP G-04	AGCGTGTCTG		OPAC-15	TGCCGTGAGA
	OP V-17	ACCGGCTTGT		OP G-08	TCACGTCCAC		OPAC-19	AGTCCGCCTG
70	OP V-18	TGGTGGCGTT	80	OPAL-01	TGTGACGAGG	90	OPAD-03	TCTCGCCTAC
	OP V-19	GGGTGTGCAG		OPAK-05	GATGGCAGTC		OPAD-08	GGCAGGCAAG
	OP V-20	CAGCATGGTC		OPAK-09	AGGTCGCGCT		OPAD-12	AAGAGGGCGT
	OP G-07	GAACCTGCGG		OPAK-13	TCCCACGAGT		OPAD-16	AACGGGCGTC

Table A 1 Primers used in the Multi-RAPD differential display analysis. (cont.)

Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence	Mix	Name	Sequence
91	OPAD-20	TCTTCGGAGG	98	OP X-14	ACAGGTGCTG	105	OPAO-05	TGGAAGCACC
	OPAE-05	CCTGTCAGTG		OP X-19	TGGCAAGGCA		OPAO-09	CCAGATGGGG
	OPAE-09	TGCCACGAGG		OP Y-03	ACAGCCTGCT		OPAO-13	CCCACAGGTG
	OPAE-13	TGTGGACTGG		OP Y-07	AGAGCCGTC		OPAO-17	CCCATGTGTG
92	OPAE-17	GGCAGGTTCA	99	OP Y-11	AGACGATGGG	106	OPAK-02	CCATCGGAGG
	OP Z-02	CCTACGGGGA		OP Y-15	AGTCGCCCTT		OPAA-03	TTAGCGCCCC
	OP Z-06	GTGCCGTTCA		OP G-02	GGCACTGAGG		OPAA-07	CTACGCTCAC
	OP Z-10	CCGACAAACC		OP G-08	TCACGTCCAC		OPAA-11	ACCCGACCTG
93	OP Z-14	TCGGAGGTTC	100	OPAL-02	ACCCTGTGGG	107	OPAA-15	ACGGAAGCCC
	OP S-01	CTACTGCGCT		OPAK-06	TCACGTCCCT		OPAA-19	TGAGGCGTGT
	OP S-05	TTTGGGGCCT		OPAK-10	CAAGCGTCAC		OPAB-03	TGGCGCACAC
	OP S-09	TCCTGGTCCC		OPAK-15	ACCTGCCGTT		OPAB-08	GTTACGGACC
94	OP S-13	GTCGTTCTTG	101	OPAK-19	TCGACGCGAG	108	OPAB-12	CCTGTACCGA
	OP S-18	CTGGCGAACT		OPAL-03	CCCACCCTTG		OPAB-16	CCCGGATGGT
	OP T-02	GGAGAGACTC		OPAL-07	CCGTCCATCC		OPAB-20	CTTCTCGGAC
	OP T-06	CAAGGGCAGA		OPAL-11	GTCACGTCCT		OPAC-04	ACGGGACCTG
95	OP T-10	CCTTCGGAAG	102	OPAL-15	AGGGGACACC	109	OPAC-08	TTTGGGTGCC
	OP T-14	AATGCCGCAG		OPAL-19	TCTGCCAGTG		OPAC-12	GGCGAGTGTG
	OP T-18	GATGCCAGAC		OPAM-04	GAGGGACCTC		OPAC-16	CCTCCTACGG
	OP U-02	CTGAGGTCTC		OPAM-08	ACCACGAGTG		OPAC-20	ACGGAAGTGG
96	OP U-11	AGACCCAGAG	103	OPAM-12	TCTACCGTC			
	OP V-01	TGACGCATGG		OPAM-16	TGGCGGTTTG			
	OP V-05	TCCGAGAGGG		OPAM-20	ACCAACCAGG			
	OP V-10	GGACCTGCTG		OPAN-05	GGGTGCAGTT			
97	OP V-14	AGATCCCGCC	104	OPAN-08	AAGGCTGCTG			
	OP V-18	TGGTGGCGTT		OPAN-12	AACGGCGGTC			
	OP X-03	TGGCGCAGTG		OPAN-16	GTGTCGAGTC			
	OP X-08	CAGGGGTGGA		OPAN-20	GAGTCCTCAC			

Annex II

>ID|Pisum sativum v2 Contig4568 (SSHR8)

Rogue = 1304 Onward = 0

AACGAAACGATTTCATGAAACCGCTTTCCACGTTCCCGTCACGTCCTTTCCAACGGCAATTACCACTCTCTCTCCACT
TTATCCTCTTCACTCTTCTCACTTAGCCTTCCACCAGAAACCGCGTCTTCCCAAGGACATTTTCGTCATTCCATCTCC
TCTCCTAAAATAACTCACCACCTTCTTCTCCTTCACTTCTAACTAAGGTCTAATAACTCACCAAAATGTCTGAAAACGG
TGAAGAGAAATTACTCGCTGTGGCGGCCACATAGCAAAAACGCTAGGCCACAACAACAACACATGGCCGATGATAT
CCTCCAAATATTTCTTAACCTTCAGCGTAGATTCTCTAAGAGAAATATCCGACAGAGGTGACAGGAATGATTCAT
ACGCTACGCTGCACTTGAACAACTATTAACCTCTCGACCGTCAGATTTCAATCATCTTTCGTCGGAAGATTTTCA
CTGTTATAATTCCGCCGCTTTTCTTGCTGCCGTTGACGAGCTTGTTTCCGTTATTGAAGACTGGAGTCCCTCTCTGTA
TGATAAGACCGTCAACGCGTGTCTTGACGCGCCGATGATATACTTCAGCAGGCCATGTTCCGTGCGGAGGAAGAGTT
TCGATCACTCATGGAACTCGGAGGCGAGTCGTTTGACTTGACTCGGAGTAAGGAGAAGTCAACTCAGAACGGGAACCT
ACTGTATGACTCGAACGACGAGGAGGAGGATGAAGGAGAAGTTGACGGTGAAGAGGACTTGATTCCGGTGGCGAAGGC
GGTTGTTGATTACAACGTTGGTGATAGACGCGCTTCCGCGCGCAGGTTAACCAGCTCTCAGGGAATCGCGAACCGTAT
GCTTGCGGCGGGGTTTGGGAAGGAGTGCTCGCACGTGTACGAGGTTGACAGGAGGTGACAGGAGGAGTCTTGGAAAGAGAGTTGTCT
GAGGTTAGGGTTACAGAACTGAGCATTTTCAAGAGTTTCAAGATGCCATGGCAGGAGCTTGAAGACGAGATTGAGCG
ATGGATTAAAGCCTCTAACGTTGCTCTTAAATCCTCTTCCCAAGCAGCGGCGACTCGGTGATCGTGTCTTCTCCG
TTTGTCTTCTTTCATCCGCTGTGCTGATCTCTCTCTTCATGGAGGTCGTGCTGGATCGGCATTTCAGTTGCTGAATTT
CGCTGATGCTGTAGCCATTGGTAGTTCGCACGCCGAGCGGTTGTTTAGAGTCTTTCAGCTGTTTGAGACATTGCGTGA
CCTAATTTCCGAGTTTGAAGCATTTCTCTGATCAGTATTGCTCTGCTTGAATGAAGCATATCAAAATTTGGAA
GAGGTTAGGAGAAGCAATAAGCGGAGATTTTCATCGAATTGAGAATCTGATTAGCCGTGATCTGTGAAGCGGTTGT
TCCCGGTGGTGGTCTGCATCCCATCACTCGCTACGTGATGAACACCTTCGTGCTGTGTGTCGGTCACATCAAACCT
AGAATTGTTTTCAAAGACAATGCACCTTTCTTTGAAGGATTACCTTAAGCATGATGATAGGTTGCAATCAAATTTCTCC
ATTTTCTGTTCAAATTTTCATGGATTATGGACTTGTAGAACGCAATTTGGATGCAAAGTCTAAACTTTTACAAGACCC
TGCTTTATGCTCTGTTTTTATGATGAATAATGGGAGATACATGTTTCAAGACTAAAGACAGTGAATTTGGGAACCT
TTTGGGTGATGATTGGATAAGAAAACAGTACAAAAGTCCGGCAATGTCATATGAACATCAAGAAGCTCGTGAA
CAAGTTGCTGATGATTTCTGAAGTTGGAACACTGGCTGCAAAGCCAATGAAGGAGAACTAAAGATGTTCAATCTTCA
TTTTGAAGAGATATGCCGGGTTCAATCTCAGTGGTTTGTCTTTGATGAGCAACTCAGGGAAGAATTAAGGATCTCAGT
TGAAAAGCTCTTGTGCTGCATATGGAAGCTTTATTTGAAGGTTTCAAATATTCCGGAGCTTGCTAAGAATGGTGA
TAAGTATATCAAGTTTGAATGGAGGACATTGAAGCTCGGCTTAACAATTTGTTTCAGGGAAGAATTGGATCAAATGG
TGGCCGAAAGTGAAGGTAAAGGCTATAGATTATTTGTGTGTATATGTATGAATGTATGAATTTGTAGTGTAAATAGGA
TACAAAGTTTTGGATGTGATTAATGTAGTCCAGATTTGCTATCTATCTATATATACCATTCTATGTTTTTCTGTTTCA
ATTCTAGCTGGAATTTA

ID|Pisum sativum v2 Contig4871 (SSHR11)

Rogue = 1078 Onward = 1

TAACTTCATGATGTGATTCTTCTTCTTCTTCTCATCTTTCATCTTCTTCTTCTTCTACATTTCTTCATTACATTCCA
AAAACCTTCTTCTGAAGGTCAAACCGTCATTTCCCTAGATCCCTCGTTAAGCTCCACTTTCCATCGCCATGGAGCTTAG
CTTCCATTGTCAGAAAGATCAACAACAACAACAACAACAACACTTGTGTTGTTTCTCTTTCCTTGTGATTCTCTT
CTCCACTTCTAGTTTCGTTTCGTGCATCTTCTTCTATCTACTCGGAGTTGAATCCTATAAAACCGAGACACTCACGCCT
TCTCAAGAGCTCGTGTGAACGGGAAACTCCGACATCGCAGCTTTCTGAAATATGGACGCCCTCGGAAAATCAAGTTG
GAAACCTTGCAATGCAATTGAGAAACAAGCCAAACATTAACGGGAAGTCTGAAGGATACATCCAGGATATTTCTTGATGG
AGGTCTGAACCAGCAAAGGATGGGGATATGTGATGCAGTTGCTGTTGCCAAGATACTGAATGCAACTCTTGTGATCCC
ATACCTTGAATTTAAATCCTGTATGGAAGGATTCAAGCTCATTTCGAGGATATATTTGACGTGGATCATTTCATTGATGT
ATTGAAGGATGATGTTACTATCGTTAAAGAGCTTCTTGAAGAGTATGCATGGAGTTCAAGGGAGTACTATGCATTGGC
TATTAGAGATACCCAGAATCAAGGCTGCACCTGTTTCATGCAACAGCCAACTGGTATCTGGAGAATGTTTTGCCGGTCTCT
ACAAAGTTATGGTATTGCTGCAATCTCTCCGTTTTCTCACCCGCTGACTTTTGACAACCTTGCCCTATGGATCCAACA
CCTCGCTGTAAAGTCAACTTTCAAGCTTTAGTATTGTTCCCATACAGGACACTCGGAGATGCGCCTTATCAGTTCG
CCTTCGAAATCCTCAGCACTCTACTGATGAAATGGGCTCCAACCTACCTTCAAGAGGTCACAGATGCAGATGATAGTAA
AAATGCAGGGAATTCGTTGTTCTGCACCTCCGATTTGACAAGGATATGGCAGCCCATTCAGCCTGTGATTTTGGTGG
TGGGAAAGCTGAAAAATTGGCCCTTGCAAAGTATAGACAGGTTATTTGGCAGGGAAGGGTCTTAATTCCCAATTCAC
TGATGAAGAGTTGAGGAGTCAGGCGCGTTGCCCAATGACTCCTGAAGAGGTTGGATTGTTGCTAGCAGCTTTGGGATT
CGACAACAGCACTCGTTTTATATCTTGCCCTCTACAAGGTTATTTGGTGGAGGAGCCAGGATTGCTACTTTGAAGCAATT
GTTTCCACTGATGGAAGATAAAAAGACCTTACTTACCTTTTGGCGTGTCTCAGATAAAGGGAAAAGCTTCTCATTT
AGCCGCACTTGACTACTACATCAGTATCCATAGTGACATCTTCATTTCTGCTTACCAGGAAATATGCATAATGCATT
GGTTGGACACAGGACTTACTTGAACCTAAAGACTATAAGGCCAAACATGGCATTGATGGGTCAACTGTTCTTGAATAA
AACGATGGAGTGGTCAGAGTTTGAGCATGCAGTGGTTGAAGGTCATGAAAATAGACAAGGTCAACTCAGGGTTAGAAA
GCCTAAACAATCCATATACATACCTGTTCCCTGATTGCATGTGCCAAGCTTAATAGATTGCTTACAGATTAGTAGC
CTCATATTTTTATGATTTCAGTCTTTTTATTTGAGATTTTGAATCTGGTTTAATAAAGCATTATCACTAGTCTATTATCA
GAGGGTTTGTCCATGATGTTCTTGGTAAGAGTGCTTGTATATAATAGTATAGTAGTAGGTGCTTGTGTGAGAGATGT
ATGTATGAGATGATGGCATTCTTTCAGGAGCAATATATTTTATAAATCAATAACAGGAGCTATTTTGTGTGTTT

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig7001 (SSHR12)

Rogue = 1528 Onward = 4

GGTCCACTACTTGCATTCCAAGAACACAAGAATATTCTCCGCCCAAGAAAAATACCTAGTTCATTTATCATCTTCA
AATCAAAGTGTTTTGCATTTCGTCATTTTTGTGTTATACCAAATTCGGCTCCTTTCAGTTTCAATCCTCTCATACTTTC
TTCCTCAATCATCATCATGTTCTTTCACAGAGATCTCGACCTCCTCCTTTCCTCCCATTTAATCAACAATCCCAGAGG
AGATGGTGCGAAATTCAATGCAAATTCATTTGAGAAGAAGATAGAGTTCCCTTGAAAGCTTTACTGGAAAGGTACAAA
TAGAAGATCTCGAAGGTGGTTAAACGATCGCTATTGATGGAAGTAGTACCGCGTTTGAATGCAGAGGAAATTAGAGG
CTTGTGTTGCTCCACCACCTTTCGGTGATGAAGTTCACCTTCAACATTTTCTTGACTAATGTGGAGGAGTGGGACAG
ATTGAGGAATATAGACATGGACAAAGAGGTAAATATAATTTCATTCCTTGAAATTTCTTTAGAAAAGAAGGAAGGTCA
CATTGATGCTGA CAAGATGGCAGTGTTGAATGGTTGGCGTAGAGTTGGATGTAGAACAAGAGAGGCACTTCGCGCGAG
CTCTCTTTTTGAACTCATAGATGGTTATGAGGAATGTCTACGGGCTTCATAACTGAAAGCACAGATGGAGATGTCT
TGAACATAAGAATTAAGGATCCTTTTCATAGATTGTTGCTGCATGGAGTTTGTGAGTTCTACAATCTGGCATCAGACAC
GGTGTCGGATTGAATGGCGGTGTGGAGCGTCCAAGGCGACTATGATAAAGAAAAAGAAAGGGGTTCTCTGAACT
CCCAAGATCACTCTGTCTCATTCTCTGAGAATGTCCAAGGAGGGAAGTTGGTAGTTTGTTCGGACAGAACCGCAGTC
CATTGTCCATACAATAAACCTTAACATTATTGGATATTATAGCCTCTGCCTCTGTACCATGATCACAATCTTGTGTTA
TTTTACTTTCTTAATATTACTGTAAATTAGTTCTCCAACCTGTATTTTTAGCTGGTTGATTCCATCAGTCAACAATA
AATGTTGGTTGTTGGATTACATTGTTGTATTGTAGCTTATGAAATAAGATTTAATATTTATCACAAGTTTCGATTA
TC

>ID289409|*p.sativum_wa1_contig24155* (SSHR13)

Rogue = 1157 Onward = 5

GATCGATATTGAACAATCTTACAATTTCCATGAAAAATTAGTGATAATGAAAGAGGAAAGCAAATAGGATAAGCTCA
ATGTTCCCTTGGCTTAATGAGAATCCTATTACCTCTTCTCTAATGCAGAAGAATCTGTAAATAAGAATACTAGTC
TTGACATATGTAATAATTGATATTATTAATCCAATCTCAGAAGGCCAAATGCTTCTCCAAATGGAATTTCACTCT
GACTCTTGATCTTTCTAATTCCACCGTAAATCCATCCGCTCGTTTCCCTCCTCTCGGTGATCTTCTCTAATAG
TTGTCTTCTCCATCGCGAATCAGGAGTGTAAGTGAATCCAGCACCCTGTGTCACTATTGTGACAACGGCAGT
AATTTTCATTACCATCACATGACTCCAAGTGGCCTACAATACCATAACCACAACCGTAAGGAAATCTTTGTTTCTCC
TCCACTGAATCTCTATGTGATTACCAGGATGCAATCATGTAGACAATCAGCGATATAAAGATCATGCGGAGGACTAT
CGACAGGCGGGGCTCTTAGCCTTTCCATTGGATGCCATGCTCTACTGCTGCAGGCTTCTTCCATGTGGCGGATA
TTGCTTGGAAAGGTGTCGGTGTGTGGATCATATGTAACCTCGGCATCATAGCATGATAGCATAAACCCAACATGGCCAT
TCTCAGGTTTATAGACTTGAGCAGGAAAGAGAAATTTCCATTTCAAGAGCAAGATACCAAGTCATGAATGAATCAG
GAGGCAATAAATCTCTCTTCTTAGCCTGTAAATATATGCTGCATCTAGCTTCACTCTCATCCATGTAAAGGCC
AACGAAGGGACATAAACTTGACCAAGCTCCTTTGATTGCCATGTGTGAGGCTTCCAATATCCTTTTTAGAAGCAACAT
GCCATTTCCACTCCCTATAAGCAACAGAACCAATAACTCTACCCCATTTCTGTTTCATATGTCTCTCCAAAGGTGAT
CACTCACACATCTCTCCCTCAAGGAATGACAAACGCCAGTCATTTGACAAAGCGAAGACGGAGGTAGCCTTTCAAGAA
TGCTATCCAACACAAGCTCAGGCAATCCAAGACAGACAAATCCTGTTGTGACGAGTCTTTCTCCTCCTCACTTCTC
CTCCTCCTCCTCGACATCTCTCTTTGTAACCTAACGTACTCTTCTCT

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig4379 (SSHR14)

Rogue = 1039 Onward = 0

GGATAAACTACAAATTAGAAAAATAGAACTGAACAAAATCAAGAGAGAGAGTGAAAAAGAGAGTGAGAAAAAGAG
ATGCGTTGTTATGGCTTATCAATCCCCGGAAGCGACCATCGCTTCTTCTTCCAACTTACTCCGTCAAGTATCCCTC
CGGCCGACGACAATGTGCCGTAACCGTTTAACTATCGGATCAAGTTTCCAAAAGTGAAGGCCACCTTCAACGAC
GGCGTTGTACGGAGAAATTGAGTTTCTACGATCTTCTAGGATTTCCCGTATCTGGTTGTTGAATGATATCAATCT
GCTTATAAACTTGCAGAGAAAGTATCATCCTGACGTTTCGCCACCGGACCGGGTTGAAGAGTATACGAAAAAGTTT
ATTCAGGTTTATGAGGCTTATGAGACGTTTTCGGATCCTTCAAGGAGAATCATGTATGATCAGGATATGGCTAGAGG
GTGAATCTCGCTTTCAACGCTCGGAAACGCTATAATCACTCCGATCAGGGGAATGAACAAAAAGACGAATGGAATC
CGTTGGCAATCTCAACTCTCTGGTCTGAAGAGAAGAGTGACAGCAAGGTTGCTGCTGAGAACATGTATGGGCTGCT
CGAATGCGCCAGCAGAAGGAGGAAATGTGACCAGAATTTCTTTGTTTCTATGTGTATAAAAGTTGTATATATCAA
TATTTATCTTTTCTGACTCTACATCAATCATATATAACATGAACGTTTAGGAAAAAATTACTATGCATTTGCGATA
TGCTAACCATATAGTTTACCCAAAAAAGGGAAGAAATTACTGATTATTGCTAATAATTCATTTGACAACATTCAA
TTCATTAATGAAGCTTACATTGACATGAATGTATTGAGTGAGCCTCAACATGCCAATTCAAATGATGGTGTGTTTAA
CATGACATCATTTACAAACAAAAAGAAAAAAGTATGATTGAAACATGCCAAAACCTTTTAAATGAAGTTCAT
AAACAAAAAAGTATGACGCATGCTGTTGTATATAAAACAATTTATGCGAGTGAGATTTGTAAGATGACTTAGATCAAT
TTCCACCAAAAAGGAAATATATCTGAGGTAACTAGTTGGAGGATCAGCTGGAATATCTGAACTTGCCTGAAGATAT
CTTGTTATCATAGCTGTAGTACTGAAATTAAGCCTTGAATTTGTTCTCTTTTGTGCGAGATGCATTAAGTTGCTTT
CTCACTTGAGTGGCTAATGACTTCCCTAGCTCCACTCCCATGGTCAAAAAGAAATTGATGCCCATATGAAACCTTCC
ACAGCAATTCTGTGTTTCATAGATTGCCAACAACTGTCCAACATTATAAGCATTCATGATGGAAGCAGAAGGCTGACA
GAAGGTCGTTGCCAGAGAAATGTGTTGTGACACGAGATGTGGAGAACGTTCTCTTTCTGCAATTGTTCTGGGGTC
TTCCCGTAGGCAAGGGCATCTGGCTGTGCAAAAAGTTTGTACATTAGCTCATGTTGCTTACAACCTCTCTTTT
AAATAAACTGGTTGCTGACTTTTCAACATCCAATAAAATCACATGGAATAACACGTCCTGGTGTATAAGTTGATAA
AACTATGCTGGCCATTTGTTCTGGTTTCAACAAAATCAATTTACCAGCCTCAAATGGTAGGGGGTGCATCAAT
GAAACACCTTGCCATTACTTTCCATGCTAACCTGTTGAATATGTGGGGCAACCTTTTCCAGGGCTTGAGTATAAGGT
AAGATGGCTCTGGCAGGATATCCAAGAAAGGAGACATTCCATACACTCAACAGTCCAGAACGACAGGTATGTTCTT

TCAAACGGTTCTGAATACATATGTTGATCAATGCTGGAAGCTCCCTTCAAAAACCTTCTCAACTACTGAGAAACCATAT
TGTAGGGATAAAGGAAACACTCCTACAGCACTGCAGACACTATAACGGCCACCAACCCAGTCCCAAAATGCAAAAGCA
TTATTAGGATCAATGCCAACTTTTCCACAAGCGCGAGGTTGTACTAACTGCGACCATATGTTTTGCAACTGCTGAT
GGCCCTAGGGCAGCTATAATCCATTCCCTGAGTGTTTCGAGCATTCAACATGGTTTCAGCAGTCGTAAAAGTTTTTGAC
ACAACAACAACTAATGTTGTTTCGGGATTTAACCTGTGATGTTTTAGCAACATCAATTGGATCAACATTTGCAAGG
AAGCGCACTGACGTCCTCTTGCAATTCATTGCTTCGGGATCTGTTTGAAGAGCTGTGTGAACAAAGAGTGGACCT
AAGAAGCTGCCACCAATACCGATGGCAACAACATCCTTCAATTCCCTTCCAGTAGCTCCAACCCAAGATCCACTGCGG
ACCCTCTCAGAGAACTCTTTGATCTTGTCCAGAACATTCAGACATCTGGGACAACATTTCTCCATCACTCTGTATA
ACCGCATCCCTTGAAGCAGCAAGGGCTACATGAAGTACTGCTCTATTCTCGTGCTGTTTTATATGCTCCCCATGTATC
ATCTGGTTTATTTTTTGCTTGAGGGATGCAACCTCGGCCAATTTGAAAAGTTTTTCCCTTGTTTCAAGAGTGACCTGC
TGCCTTGAGTAGTCCAATAGAATGCCATCAAATTCACCATCAGTGACTGGGATCTCTCTTCGTTACTTAATAAATCC
CGTAGATGAGACTTTTTAATGTCTCAACATGGTCTTTCAACTCCTTCCATGGCTGAGTGTGAGAGATTAGAGTGGAG
GAAGACATTTAGAGCTTTAACTGATAGAACAATTTCTGAAAAAGGAATCGAGTTGGGGTGAGTGTAGATTATGAT
TTGAAAAATGTAATAAGAATCGCAGAAGCAAAGATTATTGATAATTTATATGATAAACGGACGGTGGATTCCGATTCT
TGTGGACGGAAATGTTATTTACCTTTTGCTGTTGTGATGGCTCACAGATACTCAGATTAAGAGAAAGGTGTGCATCC

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig8616 (SSHR15)

Rogue =866 Onward =0

TACTTCATCTAATCTTACAATATAACCAATAAAAAAGTCTATTTTTTTTTGTGTTTTAACTAATCTACTTTATGTGTT
TCTCCTTATATATGACGCCAAATGCTGCTATATGAATCAGATTCAAGTTCATCTCTTCCAAAAGATAATGG
TGTCTGCACATAGAACAACGAGACAGCAAAAATGATAGTGTTCGCACGCGCCGCGAAGAAAAGGAATCCTATATG
CTTTTTTCTATTCACTCTGTTGCTGCTTTTGCTGCAACGAGAGTTGCCGATGCTGCTGTGGACGCACCTGCTGTTGCT
GTCCCTAGATTGCTTGATCTCCAAGATACCTATGCCAAGTTTATGTTTCATTGCGTTTTTTCGCTGTATGAAGTGATGA
TTTTTCGGAGCCATTACAGATTCATCTTTGAAAACATCGATGAATTTATCGTGATTTTTTCGTTCTAGTGATCAATAAC
AAGAAATCAAAGTTTCTACAGCTATTTATTTCTTAAGAAAAAAGAGAAATGGAATAGGCATTATTATTATTATTA
TTATGTTCTGATAAGAATATCCTCTATACATTTCAAAGAAAATAGTGCTGATACATTGACTTGTCTCCTCCACGAGTG
CCGACGATCATCTCGATTCTCTCAAAGAATGGAAAAACCCAACATTGTCCTATCGTCATCTAGTTAACTAGACAC
CTAGGATCGGGTTTCTCTTTTCATCAATTTCAATGGTTAGTAGATGTTGAGGATCTGATCCATTCCGACCCTGCGAGT
AAAGTGTAGGAAGGTACGCGTTGTATGCTGGCAGGTAGCGGAAACAAAATCATTACCTCATCATCAGACATTCCAG
GATTTCTGCTCCTCATCGCAATCTCAGCCTGCAAGCGCCACTGGT **AGACACAACCTGGATCC**TTAATCTTAATGA
CTATCCATGACTTTATATATTTGTCCCACGCATCATAATAAGCTTCGAGGTTCTTATTTATTTATTTCCAG **CTGAGGAT**
CAACCGATTTTACAGCATCAACTGGAACGGGCTTGAACCAAGCATCCAGCCTTCAAATAACACAACCTCAAGTGGCC
CTTCAACTTCAGGCCATTGTTGAAGGATCAGCGCGGTACCTCTCCCACCGAAAGCAGATTTATCATATCTTGGTAACT
TCATCTTGATACCTTCTTTTCGACATTTTGTTAAAGCCGACAGAGTTTCAACAGATATAGGAAGATCATGGCTTCTCTG
CATTTCCACGAAACTCAAGAAGTGCAATTTCTGGATTAGCTTCTCTTAGTTTATTTCTGACCTTCAGCCTGTCAAATAA
AAAAACATCTATCGATATTGTTGCAGACTTCTGCCAATCATTTGGAAAAGATAGTCGAGAGCAAAGACGAGGGTCGT
CTTTCCACAGCCTTGAGGAGCACTAAATCCAATCACTAAAGAGGTATATCTTCTCCGTCTTTGAATTTGGACCGTAT
GCTGAACATCTCACTTTTCGACCAGAGGAAGACCGGTATATAGTAATGATAAAGCCTAACTTTTTGAGGCTCGGTCA
AGAACAATCTGTTAAGCTGAAACAGTCTGCATACTTTGTCGCCCCGTAGGTTAACCATTATCTATGACTCGGCCAC
GTTCTCTGGCGTCAAACCAATCTGTCAAGCAAAGTCTTGAGCAAATAAATTTGTACAGGCTTTCACAGAGGAAAC
TTGAGCAGCGATGACGGAATACTGAATAGACAGGCGGTCTTTTGGCTGCTGCTGACAGATAGGAAGATCATGGCTTCTTG
CAGCCATGAACCTCCACTACCTGACTTTGTGAAAAGGGTCTTAGAAGAGTTAGAAAGGTAGGGGCAGAAAGGGAAGA
AGAATTGAAAAGAAATGAACTTAGAAGTGTAGAATTTGGACAGAAAGAACATAGTTAGAATTTGAATAAGAAGA
AGAAGAAGAACAGAAAGATGAAATAGTAGGGTGCAATGTTTGAGAGAAAACATTCAAAGTAGCCATTGTTGTGGT
GTTGTTTTTCTCTATCTATCTAGTTTGCAACAAAAGTACAGAAACAAATCTTAGCCGCCACGTAATCTTTGGCTCGT
GTTCTTTGGCCAAAC

ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig7306 (SSHR16)

Rogue =889 Onward = 3

CCGTGGTAACAGCTTCCGTTGAGGGCCGTATGGACATGAAGTACCATACCACTTGCTGTACGAAAACTTATATTAGT
GGCAGGTGGTATTGGACTTTTCGCCCTTTCCCTTGCTATATTGAGCGATATTCTCCACCGAGTGAGGGAGGGGAAACCTTG
TAGACCAAGAAATGTTTTAATTGTTTGGGCGAGTGAAGAATTCAAACGAGCTTCCACTTCTTTTCGACAGTTGACATGGA
AACAATCTGTCCAGCCTTTTCTGATAAAGTGAATATCAATATACATATTTTTCGTCACCTCGAGAATCAGATCCTCCATT
GGAAGAGGGATACGCTTTCAAACCAATAAAATCTTCACTCTGTCCCATATTCCAATGCCTAGTGATTACGGAATGTCT
GGTTTGGTTGGTACAGGAAACAATGTTTGGTCAGGACTATATGTCATTTTCACTACCTTGGGATTTGTGATCTTATTT
GCTTTGTTGAATATTTACTATATAAATCCATTTGGCGTGATAAATGGTGGTACAAAGGGTTACTATTTGTAGTCTGC
ATGATTGCAAGTGTTGTCATCTTTGGTGGCATAGTGGTTGGATTTTGGCATATATGGGAAAAGCAAAGTTCTCTCAA
GATAATTTCAATAACATCAAGGTTGATAAAATCGAGCGAAACGGCTCCGACGCTTCCAAGGATCCAATCCTGACAA
CTTGCAAAGTTAACCGATGTTTCGATATGGTTCTAGGCCAGACTTTAAAGAGATTTTGAATTGATGTCAGAGAAATGG
GGCATGTTGATGTTGGTGTATAGTTTGGT **TCCTCTAACTCTTCAAGCA**AGTGTGACACAGAAATCAGGTACAT
AGTTTGACAAGACAACTTATCATCCCAT **CTTCCATTTCCACAGTCATA**GCTTTGATCTTTAGCTTCTCTCTATGAT
TGAAAGATGGAAGATGTGCCTTCAATAATGGAAAAGCATGCATATATATTGTATATATAGATATAGCAGATTCTCT
GGTTGAGACTAGTCATGGCGTAGTTAGTGAATACTTTGCACCTTTAATATGGCAAAGAAAACATATTAGTGCCAAAT
GCAATT



>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig5993 (SSHR17)

Rogue =829 Onward =0

ATGTATAGGGCTGCATCTTTAATGTGGACAGAGAATTCTCAAGGTGCACCTTGCTGAAATAAATCGGATACTTGCTTC
AAACTTTTCGTTAGAATGCTTGGAACTACGGTTTTTTATCTATCTGGCTCTCGAGGACTACAAAGCAGCCCTTCGCGAT
GTTCAAGCAGTTCTTACTCTTTGTCCAAATTATAGAATGTTTGAGGGACGTGTAGCTGCTTCTCAACTCCGTACTCTA
GTACTTGAACACGTTGAACATTTGACGACCGCAGATTGTTGGGCACAATTATATGACTGTTGGTCTGCTGTTGATGAT
ATTGAGTCATTATCTGTTATTTACCAGATGCTGGAATCTGATGCGGCAAAAGGTGTTCTATACTTCAGACAGTCATTG
CTTCTTCTAAGGCTAACTGTCCTGAGGCCGCTATGCGGAGTTTACAGTTAGCTTGGCAACATGCATCAAGTGAGCAT
GAACGACTTGTATACGAGGGGTGGATCTTTGATGATACCGGTCATTACGAGGAAGGGCTCCAAAAGCTGAAGAGTCT
ATTTGTATTAAGAGGTCTTTTGAGGCCCTTTTCTGAAGGCATATGCATTGGCCGACTCCGGTCTTGGTTCATATGT
TCTTCACTGTTATTTCACTTCTTGAAGATGCCTTGAGGTGCTCTCCGATAATCTGCGCAAAGGTGAGGCCCTGAAC
AATCTTGGAGTGTCTTTTTCGATCATGGGAACTGACCAAGCAGCCGATTGCTATATCAAGCCCTAAAAATCCAT
CACACTCGAGCCCATCAGGGTCTAGCGCGTGTTCATTTTCTAAAAATGACAAGGCTGCTGCTTACAAGGAAATGACT
GAACTTATTGAGAAGGCAAAAGCAACGCATCGGCGTATGAGAAGAGATCCGAGTACGGCGATCGTGATCTTACAAG
GCAGATCTAGAGATGGTCACTCGATTAGATCCGCTTCGCGTCTATCCTTATCGATATCGAGCCGAGTTTTGATGGAC
AACCATAAGGAACAGGAAGCCATTGCGGAGCTATCACGAGCAATAGCATTTAAAGCTGATTTACACCTCTTAGATCTT
CGCGCAGCGTTCATGAACACAAAGGCGATGTGCTAAGTGCAATTAAGAGACTGTGCGCGCCGACTCTCGGTGGATCCA
AACCACCAAGAAATGCTGGAACCTTCACTCGTGTTAACAGCCATGAACCGTGAGGAGTCGAGTTTGCGAACCTAAGGA
CAGCATTTGTACAATCATAGCCGCTCATGAAAACCTAAATTTGTAAATGCAAAGTATAGTTGAAATGAATGATTAGAGC
CTTCTGTATACTCTGTTGTAATGAACATGTCATGATATCATTTTCTTTCTAAGGAGGGGATGCCCAAATTTTGTATT
TTATATACTTGCTATCTTTTGAATGTGTTATGAATACCACATACATGTATTTTGTACTG

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig4380 (SSH03)

Onward =1627 Rogue = 0

ATTATCTGAATGGAATTATTGAATGATAAATATATAGCCAACCAATCTCTAGATACAAAGTGTCACATTTATTTTTT
TATGATATTGATACACCAGAAATAATGTTACAAGAAGACAGAAATGTATCATACTAGACGACAGTAGCAAAAAGACAT
CTAAGATGGAGCACCAAGATATGATGCAAGACGCAAAATATCACTGAATACTCCACCAGCTGTGACTTGTGCCCCAGC
TCCTGGTCCACGAACATATCAGAGGTTGATCTCTGTATCTTCTGTTGTGAATGCAATAATGTTATCCGAGCCGGATAA
TTGCGCAATAGGGTGGTCTCTTGTATCGTCGAAGCTCCACCGACCCCTTTTCATTTGCGACGTCTACCCTCTAC
GTATCTCAACACTTCCCTGCGAGTGTGAGCTCTTCTGTCTCTTTGATATCTCCTTATCAAATTTTGGTAAATCTGT
CAAAAATCTTGAATGATGCACTAGCTAATTGTTCCGGCACAAGATTTTCAACGGGAACATCAGAAAGCTTAGCTT
CAAGCCAGATTCCCTTGCAAGAATTATACCTTTCTCGCAACATCAGTTCCAGACAGATCATCCCTTGATCTGGTTC
AGTATAACCTGCTTCTTTGCTTCAGCAACTACCTCACTAAAACTCGTCCATCTTTGAAGTTATTAAGATGTAAC
CAAAGTCCCACTGAAGATGCCTTCAATTTGCAATATTTTGTACCAGTTTCGAGAAGCCCTCGTAATGTGCTAATAAT
TGGAAGACCGGCTCCAACAGTAGCTTCATAGAAGTAATGTGTGTATGATTGCTCTGAAGAATCTTAACTCAAGTA
CTCATTAAGTGGTCCCGAATTTGCCTTTTATTGGGAGTGATCAGATGATCCCTTTGCGCAGCCAGTCATTGTAATG
ACTTGTCTAGCCAGAATCAGCCGTGAGTCTACTAAAACCTGTGTTTGGTATAAAATGATTCCATGCACATGTTGAAC
AAATTTTCCAAATCGGTCACTTCGCTTTTCTCTCGAATTTCTGCTCCACTTTACTAAGTGCATCCCGGAATCATC
AAGGAGCATCGACTTTGAACCCATGATGCCCATTAACGTAATCAATGTTGATTCTTCTTTCAAAGTTGCTGCCTG
ATCCCTTAGCTGATCAATGAGTGTGCTCCCAATTAACCCAGGTCCAATTATGCCCATGCTATGGTGGTGTGTTGAGTT
ATAAAATCTAGAATGGACAGCCGAAGAGCTTTATAGAATCCTCCCGCTTAAGAACAACATAACATTGTACTCAGA
ACAACCTTGTGCTATAGCAAGGATATTTATATTGGCCTTAGCCAATGCATTGAAAAGGGTGGCACTAACTCCTGGGGT
GCTTGCCATTTTCTGGCCAAACAGCTGCCAAAATACTGCAATTTGGAATGACCGCAACCTGAGAAAGACGCCAGCATA
CAATGCTTCTGGAACATAGATTGCAACGCCCTCAGCAACAGCTTTTACTTCTTTTTCGGGCACGCAAAACATATAGA
ATGCTCACTACTAGACCTGAGATATCATAATAACATTGGCTCCCACTCTTCACTGCTCTAAAAATAGTACTGGCAGT
ACCTGGAACACCAGCCATTCCGGTTCCTTCCACATTTACAAGTGCCAAGTTGTCTATTGTTGTAAGCCTTTGACATA
ATTTATTAATATCTTCTTATCTTCAATTTTCACTAGTAGAGGGATGGCAGACCTTTGTTCCAGGAGCAGAGGTATTGAA
AATATTCCTTATTATAACTGGTATGCCATATCGAATAACTGGACTAATTGTTGCGGGATGTAAAACATTTGCACCAAA
ATAAGACATCTCTGATGCCTCTCGATAAGACAGTGTCTTCAAATACCGGCATCGCTAACTTTTCTAGGATCAGCACT
GTACAGCCCATCAACATCAGTCCAAATGGTGACCTGACGTGCCCGGAACAGAGCGCCATAATTGCTGCAGAGAAATC
ACTTCCATCTCTCTTGGAGTAGTGGAATATTTTGGTGGCTGCTTGTGCTATAAATCCAGTAGCAATAATTACCTTAGA
CGGATTACGAGAGTACCATTATTAAGTCTCTGTTTCAAGTATCCAAGTAATCAGGATCAACTTGATCAGCACTAGTAGG
ATTTACAATGAGGACTTCCCTTGTATCCATCCATTTGCGAGTCAATCCCTTTCTTCTTAATAGCATAAGACAATATCTG
TGCAGACCATAACTCCCATGTCCACAACCTAAGTCAGTAAAAGATTCTGTAGCATGACCAGCTATGTCCATAGCCTG
AAGCATTGCCTTTAAGTTTCTAATATCTTGTATGCAATTTGCTAAGAAAGTAGTAAGATCATCTCCATCAAATAATTC
AAGTGCAGTTAAAGTGTGCTTTTCTTCAACAGCATCCAGTGCAGATATATAAGACTTATCCTGAGATTGAGCCTTGTG
TATGAGATCATACATATCTGTTACTTTTACATAGCAGACACCACCACCAATTTCTCTCAGAAATCATCATTTGAT
AATTACATCTGCAACATTTTATCCTCGCTGAACTTCCACACAAGTTCCACCAAACTTGTGAACAGACCAAGTTTC
TCCTTTTGGTAGCTTTTCTCTCTACAGCTACATCCACTGTAAAATCTGTAAGTGAAGAGTGATCTTGAAGGTGGG
CGAGTTTCTTCCCATAGTAAACCGACACTCTTCCGAAAGAGTGTAAGAAATGGAGGGAGAGTAGGGAATGATGAGG
TTGAAAGGTGGGATGTGGAAGACGGGAAGTGTGTAAGTGAAGTGGAGAGAGAGACTGGGGAGTGGTTGGGCAAAA
CGACGCCATTTGGCAGTTGCAGAAGGAACGAGAAAAGACAGTGTGTGAATGTGAGAAGAGTCTCTCTCTCTTTATAG
TGAATTTACTAGTTAAATAAGCCTCCACGGGTAAAATGTTTATAGTGAATTTGTGATGATCCCGGGC

>ID|Pisum sativum v2 Contig4909 (SSH05)

Onward =1624 Rogue =0

AACGAGAGCAAAAAGAAAGAGTAATGTTAAACCGTCACCACATTATAGTTGCAGAGTTGATACTTGAGAGGCCAACCA
GTCTCACATGGCGAAAAAGGCTAAAGCTTCTTCACCTCTGCTTCCGCTCCGCCTCCACCTCCACCTCCTCCGGCAA
ACTAGTGTTGAGGATTAAATCAATGAGGGAATGAAGAGATCCGTGCGGCAGATTATAGAGAAAACCAAAGCCACACA
AAGAAAGAACAACAAAGGTTGATGCTAAGAAGCCAAAGAAACCCCCCACTGCTTTCTTCTACTTTCATGGAGGATTT
TCGGAAGAGTTCAGAGAGCAACCCAGATGTAAGTCAATGCGTGATGTTGGCAAGGCATGTGGAGATAAGTGGAA
AACAACTGACTTATGAGGAGAAGGTTCAATACTATGATATAGCAACGGAAGAAACGTGCAGAAATTTGCTAGAGCAACGAC
AGAGTATAACAAGAAAATGGAAGCGGTGATTATGAAGAAACTGACGAAGAGTCAGAGTATGACGAGTAAAACTACGT
ATTCATTTTCTTGTTTATAAGGCTTCACCTGTATTATTTGAAACTAATCAAGGACTTTAAGTTGTATATTCAGTTGTA
GTAACAGCTCTGGTTTGTCTTGTGAATAATTATCATTTTTCCGCTTATAATATTTTCTCACACAAACCAGAACTAC
AACAAAAGTCTAAAAATAGGAAAAGACCCAGAAAAATGGATCCTAGCAGTTCTAAAGTCTTACAGAAAGAATCCAAAT
TTCTCTCAGCAGCTTTTATCTACTACCTACAACACCTTAACCTTGATCTTGCACATATATTTGAGCTACTGTCTATAAG
TTTCCACTTCACGCGCTGCGAGATGTCTTCAATGAATCAGCAATGCTTCTGACCTCAGCAATCATGGCAACAACAT
CATTTAGTCGGTTAACTGCAGAGCCACACCCACACCAGAAGCTC**CAGCAGTGATAGCCATAG**GTGCTGTGACAGCAC
TTAGCCCGGATGAACACATGACAGGTATCTTAAGTCTGCTGATATAGAATACGCTGCCGCTAAAGTTG**GTGTTGCCT**
TCTCAATCAAACCTAGAACACCAGACTTTGTAGGATTAGAACATTTTCTCCCTCTGTTTGAATAATATCTACACCTT
CTAGTTCTAGTAACTCTGCAAGCTTGACCTGATCAGGGAGGCTTAGTGTTGTCGGAACGGTGACAGACAAAACCTACGG
ATGGAAGATATCCTCCTCGTCTCTTCTTGCTTAGACTCAAAATCTGCTCTGCAGTAAAAATCATTTCCCCTGTCTATAGAAT
AATCAATAATTTCAACTCTCAACCATTAGTGCTCTGCTTCAACTGCAGCTGGAATGTTGCAGGATCTACCGAAGAAA
CACAAACCGGACAAGAAGTTAGGCTGATAGCTAGCTTCACCAATTCGGGGTACATGCTATATCGACGTGAGTTGCTC
CTCCCTTTTCTGCTGCAGTAACAACAGAGGCAACATTATCTTTATCAAAGTTCTGCAAGCCTGTGATAATCTTAAGAG
CTGTTCTTTTCGCGAAAAATCCTTGAGGATAGATTCTTTAGATGATGAGAGTAATGCTCTGCTAGTAAACAGGTTTTTC
TTGAAGTTGAATTGAATAAAGGATTGTTGTGGTGGTTTGGCTTTAGAGAAGATATAGATGAAGGAGAAGAAAGTGGCA
AGCATGTTAAGGAATGCATGTTTGTGTAATTTTGATTGCAGTTGTGAGTACTAGAAAGCAGGAAGAAATGTTGGATTGA
GAAGTTGTGTGTTTGTGTTGTTGCTATACAAAGGAAGGAAAGTAACAGATAAGATGCGGCAGCTATAGAAGTGATA
TGGTGAAGTATGTTTAGAGATTATTTAAGAGATTTTTTC

>ID|Pisum sativum v2 Contig5916 (SSH09)

Onward =1137 Rogue =0

AAAAAGTGAACAAAATTTTGTCTACGGTTTCTCCTTGAGCAGAGAGGCTAATCCGGTCACAACCTTCGTTCTCTTT
CAACACTCTTCGGTTTCACCGCCGGTAAGTGCACGCTGGACTCACCGTAACCTCTTCGGCGTTGCTTCACTT
CACCAGAAA **TCAGCTCCAATTCTCA**GAATCGTTATTACATCTTGCCTCGGTGTTTCTTGAGCCGCCGATCGGCGA
CTTGCTTTGACCTAGCAGCAGAGGGAGA **GATCCATTGGCAAGC**ATGTAATCGCGCTTCCTCCACGGTGGAAACATGCA
TCCCTTTCTTCTCAAATCTGTTTCGCCGCTCCGATACGATGGACAGCATCTGCTTCAGTCGTTCTTTTACCAA
CGAAGATGTACGCTAGCAGATTGAAGGATTGTCTTGAGTTCTCTGTAGATCGCGCATCTCAAATTCGATCGAAAA
CGATGTCGATTATCAGTGTTTCACCTTCCCAATCGCATCAATGAATTGATATTACCAGCAGGACAGGAAGAAGTTT
TCTCCCATTTTCGATTGCAAATGAAGAATCGTATCCAGAGAGGAAAGTGCTTCTGAAACTATCTTAATCAAATCTT
CTTTCCTTTTGTAACCTTGCTATCTTCTCAACAATCTTCGCCGATCGGCTAGTAAATCTCTCTTCAACAGTTA
CACAAGGAATCAAGCTCTTGAGCGAGTCTTGGAAATCGGCGCATGATTTCATGTGTAAAAACGGAGAGATCGAAATCGT
CCTCGTCGGAGCTACTCGCTTTAAAGCAGTTACAGCGGTTACGACCGCATCTAAGAGGAGGTGGTTGAGGTTTCGGTT
CGGGCTGTTCTCCATGAAACTTTGAACCATTTTCGCAAGCAACAGAGCTCGGTTCAACTCAGCTCCTCTCCAC
CTCCATCTTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTCTTCGAAACTGTTTCTCAAACGCGAAGAATCTCCTCAAACGCCACTTCGATA
CTGGTTCGTTTCGAACAAGTCCCGTAACTTTCTCTGAATCTATGTCAATCGGTTGGATCTTCAATGGAGCCATTA
CTCTCAACAAAAACAATTACTCTATCTCTCTACGAACATACTTTTTTTGGAGCTTCAAATACAGAAATTCATT
ATCATAGTCACGAGTCAAATTAAGTACGAGTCAACACAGTCAATGACTCAGAGTACAAAGTTATGCATGTTCTTCAC
CGAAACAAAATCAAAGAAAAAAGAGAAAAAAAATAATATATCTATGTATATACGTGTTAATTTCTTCTA
GGCTAAGAGAGTAAATGATTGATTCAGAGGAGTTTCGTGGAAGACATGGCAGCGGTGATCGGAGAGACGAGCATGTT
AATCGACGGTGAAGTTAACTTCGCCGGAATGTTCAATTTCTCCGGCGGTGGTTGGAAGAAAGATTAAAGAGAGGTTTT

>ID|Pisum sativum v2 Contig2333 (SSH011)

Onward =1579 Rogue =1

AAAAAATATAAAATGTTGCTGTTTGTGGATATTTCCCACTATTATACTGTGTATATATAGAAAACCTCAATATTTTGGT
AGTAAGAAAGTGATATATTTTAGTAATACAAATGTATAGGGCATAATATAAAGGTGCATAAGAAAAAGATTGAGAAGA
ATGAAAGGAAAAAAGAGCAAACCAATTAACATACAGTATTGTAAAACCATTCTAGCGGCTCAATAGACTTGATAATA
AACAGCTCCTTTTGTCTCTTAGGGGTTGAACATTTTACTGATAGTACATAAGGTTCTGGGCGGGCGGCACATTAGG
GAATCCTGTACCATACCCAGCTCCAAGAGCACCCTCCCATGGCTGCTGCTTAAGGCACTGCTGATTTCTGCTGTG
CAGAAGGCCATCGCACCGTTCTATTTTGTCTCAAAGCCATCTGGCGTTTCATACGCTGCAAGACCGGCAAGTGA AAAAAC
TGGCACTGGTACATGCGGAGAAGCTGGTGGGGGAAGAGGAGTAGAGGCTGTTCCCGGAGGAGTTGGCTTGCTACCCCA
TGAACACTTGATAGGTTTACCGAACAGAAACCGAGTGTTACCCATCTGTATAGCAAGAGCTGCTTCACCATGGGTACT
GTATCTCACAAACCCAAAACCTTTATCCCGTTGCACCCTA **ACATCTTCAATAGTTCCAC** ACCGAGGGTATGGAATG
ATGATGGAGATCGACAGAAGTAACCTCTGGAGCAAGATTGC **CAACATAAACAGTGGTGTAT** TGGGGATTCTTCTCTG
ACCGTCATCACTGGTAATTTCTTGCCGTTCTTCTGTGATCTCCCCGAAACCTCCACTAGCTAACTCCACAACGCTTG
GCAATCTGAACCTGTGCTTTTTCATATTGGTATTGGCTCCTTTTGTGGCCCAATTACAACGAATCTGTCTACTGCCAA

CCATTTACCAGTTAACTCATTTATGGCACTTTGGGCTTCTGCTGATTTCGAAAAGAAACAAATCCAAATCCCCTGGA
TCTGCCTGTCTTCTGATCCACATTACCCCTTGCATCTGAGCAACTAGAATACACAGAGAAGCAAGCATACAGAGTTGC
ATCTGTAACCTCGGGACTAAGGTCACCAACAAAAATATGAAAGTGTCTGAAAGTGTCTTCTCTGCGCCACGAGCATA
AGCCCAGTTAACTTTGATAGCCTGTCCAAAAATATTCCCTCCGTTGAGAGTAACAATAGCAATAGCAGCTGAAGTGGC
ATCAAAGTAGTCGACAAATCCATATGATGACTTCTCTTTCCGAATAAGCTTGAACCTTCAAGCGTGCCAGCATTTGA
AAAAAGCTCTGAAGAAGTGCTTCTGTAACCTGAGGATGAATGTTGCCCTACATAGACACTGCGGCATGTACTTGAATC
AAAGCCAGGAGGAGATTTCCACTCAAGATAGGCTCTATCTGAGGAGGAGTGATAAGAGCTGGGTGATGGTAGAGAGA
GTGTTGCATAATTGGATTCTGTCTAAGCTTTGTGGTAGCATATTTCAGTTTCTAGGGTTAGGTTACAGAGGTAGGAG
AAGCAAAGGAGAAGCAAAGGAGAAGCAAAGGAGAGTCAAAATTTGAAAAAGAAAGAGAAAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAG
GGGAAAAGAAAGAAAAAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAG
GAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAG

>ID286784|p.sativum_wa1_contig06779 (SSHO14)

Onward =959 Rogue =0

GAAACCTCTCATCTCCATCCATGGCAGTAGTAGCAGCTCCCAAGAAGAACAACCTCATTCAACAAGAAAGACAACCCAA
ATCTTCTATTGGGTGCTTTTGAATTAGGAACTCCTCGGCCATGGAACCTTCGCCAAGGTCCACCTAGCTAAAAACAT
CAAAACCGGTGAAGCAGTAGCTATAAAGATCATAAGCAAAGACAAAATCCTTAAAAGTGGTTAGTTTACACATCAA
ACGAGAAATCTCCATTCTCGCCGTGTCCGCCACCCCAACATCGTCCAGCTGTTCGAAGTCATGGCGACAAAGACAAA
GATCTACTTCGTTATGGAATATGTACGAGGTGGAGAGCTTTTCAATAAAGTTGCTAAAGGTAGGTTGAAAGAAGAGGT
TGCGAGAAATATTTCAACAGTTAATATGTGCGGTTGAATTTGTCTAGAGGTGTTTTTCATAGAGATATAAGCC
TGAGAATTTGTTGCTTGATGAAAAATGGTAACCTTAAAGTTTCCGATTTTGGGTTAAGTGCTGTGTGCGATGAGATTAA
GCAAGATGGGTTGTTTTCATACTTTTGTGGTACACCTGCTTATGTTGCTCCTGAGGTTTTGTCTAGGAAAGGTTATGAT
GGTGGTAAGGTTGATATTTGGTCTTGTGGTGTGTTTTGTTTGTGTTTAAATGGCTGGTTATTTACCTTTTCATGATCCT
AATAATGTTATGGTTATGTATAAGAAGATTATAAAGGTGATTTTAGGTGTCTAGATGGTTTCTCCTGAGCTGTGT
AACCTTCTTACTAGGCTTCTTGATACTAAGCCTCAAACCTAGGATTTTCGATTCCGGAGATTATGGAGAATCGTTGGTTT
AAGATAGGTTTAAAGCGTATTAAGTTTTATGTTGAGGATGATGTTGTTTGTAACTCTTGATTCTCTTGGTCTTGATGGTA
ATGATGGTAAATGATGGTAATGATGATAAGAAGGTGCTAAACATTGATGAACACCGTGATGAAGCGTTGGAATCGGTAT
CAGAATCAGAATGGGATTCTGAGGTTGTGAATAGAAAGGAAGAAATCGTCAGCTTGGTTTCATTGCCAAGGCCGCGAGTT
TGAATGCTTTGACATTATATCGTTTTCGCAAGGCTTTGATCTTCTCTGGATTGTTTGAGGAAGGGCGACGAAGCAAGGT
TTGTGCTGGTGCGTCCGTGTCAAAGATTATGACGAAATTGGAGGAAGTGTCTCAGTTGTTGTTTCAAGTTGAGGA
AGAAAGATTGCAAGGTTAGCTTCGAGGGTTCGAGAGAAGGGGTAAAGGGGCCGTTGAGTATCGCTGCTGAGGTATTG
AGTTAACACCGTCTTTGGTTGTTGTTGAAGTGAAGAAAAAGGAGGGGATAAAGTTGAGTATGATAGGTTTTTAAACA
CTGAATTGAAGCCTGCTTTGATAGTTTAAACATGGAAGAATCTGCAGGTTCTTCATGTCAAATACACCAGATGAAA
CTTTGCAACGAGCGGCTTTCTGATTCCGCCATTGACAAACATTGAGATAGCATTGAATCTCTGAACCTTAGACACCT
GAAGAATGAATGACCTATAATAAGATAAAAAAGGATTTTTATTTTCAATGTTTTTATAGGCTGTGTATTTATGGTACT
TAAATTTATGTTACTTTTTTCTCCAGGA

Annex III

>ID|Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4801 (SSHR18)

Rogue =807 Onward =0

GGACATTGCGTTTCTCATATTCACGTTCAATCAAAATACCCGGCGGAGAGAGAAAGAGAATTGTTCTTCTCTCCAT
TCACAATCCTGTGAGTCCACCACCATGCGAGAAATCGTCGAATCTGCGGCGATCTTCGGTGATACACTTCGATCTT
CATCATTTCTATAAATCAAACTAATCTACCTTATGATATGTTTGAAGAGCTAAGTTTCTCTTCTTATCTTAGCCGC
TTCATTGCGGCATCCTTTCTGATTTTCTGTAATTCCTTCAATTGGTTTCTAATTTCCCTAATCCTATACACCT
TTTTGAATCACCAGCTTTTCAATCTTTTCGATTTTTCGATTTCAATTCAACCTTCATTCCTTCTCACA
TTGTTAATTCGACTTTGACTTCATCGTTTCATGGACCTAAACTCTTTTCCCTAACAAATTCCTCGATGGCACTATTA
CATCACTCATTGATAGCCAAAGATCTGTCCGTGAGTTATAGTTATTTGGTGCTGGGATATCTGGGATTGCTGCAG
CACGATTTCTCCATGATGATCTTTTAAAGGTCACCTATTGGAGTCACGAGATAGGCTCGGTGGCCGATTCACACTG
ACTACTCATTCGGTTGTCCAGTTGACATGGGAGCCTCATGGCTACATGGAGTTTGAATGAGAATCCTTTGGCTCCAT
TGATACGTTGCCTTGGGCTTACACTGTATCGTACCAGTGGTGACGACTCTGTCTTATATGACCATGATTGGAAAGCT
GTATGCTTTTTCGACATTGATGGCAATAAAGTTCAACAACAGACGCTTGAAGTTGGAGAACTTTCAAGAGAATTC
TGGAAGAGACGGGTAAAGTGAGGGATGAGAATCCCGAGGACATTTCAAGTTTCCGAAGCGATTCAATTGTGCTGGATA
GGCATCCAGAACTAAGGAAACAAGGACTTGACATGAAGTGCTACAATGGTTTATATGCAGAATGGAAGCTTGGTTG
CTGCTGATCGAGATATGATTTCACTGAAAAGCTGGGATCAGGAACATGTTCTCTGTTGGTGGTATGGACTCATGGTCC
AAGGATATAATCCTGTTATAAATGCTCTTGCAAAAGATATTGATATACGCCTGAAACACAGGGTGGCCAAGATATCCA
ATGGCTACAATAAGGTAATGGTTACCTTGGAGGATGGCAGGAAGCTGTGTTGCTGATGCTGCTATCATCACTGTTCCAA
TTGGAGTCTGAAAGCCAACTTAATTGAGTTTGAACCAAGACTTCTGATTGGAAAGTTTCTGCAATTTCAAGATCTTG
GTGTAGGCAATGAAAATAAATGCACTAAGATTTGACAAAGTGTTTGGCCTGACGTAGAATCTCTGGGTGTTGTTG
CTCCTACCTCATATGCCTGTGGCTATTTTCTCAATCTCCATAAAGCAACAGGCCATCCAGTTCTTGTGTTATATGGCAG
CTGGCAGTTTGTCTTATGACCTTGAGAACTATCTGATGAGTCAGCTGCAATTTTGTAAATGCTACAGCTTAAAGAAGA
TGTTTCTGATGCTTGTGAGCCAGTTCAATATCTTGTGCCACATTGGGGAACAGATCCAACTCTCTTGGTTGTTACT
CTTATGATTTGGTTGGAAATCAATGGATGTGTACGACAAGCTTCGTGCACCTTTAGGTAATCTATCTTTGGCGGGG



AGGCTGTAAGCTTAGACAACCAAGGATCTGTGCATGGAGCTTACTCCGCTGGAGTTATGGCTGCTGAAAATTGTCAGA
GATACCTTTGGGAAAAACAAGGCAACTTAGAAAGCCTGTCTCAAGTTTCTGTTAGACATGAAACATTAGGAACAAATT
TTCCTCTTCAGATATCGAGGATATGACTTGTTCATTGCGACATGAAATATTAGGAACAAATTTCCCTCTTCAGAT
ATTGAGGATATGGCTTGTTCATTGCTTTTGAAAATGAAAGC

Polyamine oxidase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003600621.1|Length: 492

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 465/492(95%) Positives: 481/492(97%) Gaps: 0/492(0%)

Query	41	MDPKLFFPNKFLDGTITSLIDSQQRSVPSVIVIGAGISGIAAARILHDASFVLTLLSRD	100
		MDPKLFF N FLDGTITSLIDSQQR PSVIV+GAGISGIAAARILHDASFVLTLLSRD	
Sbjct	1	MDPKLFFSNNFLDGTITSLIDSQQRPAPSVIVVGAGISGIAAARILHDASFVLTLLSRD	60
Query	101	RLGGRIHTDYSFGCPVDMGASWLHGVCNENPLAPLIRCLGLTLYRTSGDDSVLYDHDLES	160
		RLGGRIHTDYSFGCPVDMGASWLHGVCNENPLAPLIRCLGLTLYRTSGDDSVLYDHDLES	
Sbjct	61	RLGGRIHTDYSFGCPVDMGASWLHGVCNENPLAPLIRCLGLTLYRTSGDDSVLYDHDLES	120
Query	161	CMLFDIDGNKVQQQTVIEVGETFKRILEETGKVRDENPEDISVSEAISIVLDRHPQLRQ	220
		CMLFDIDG++V QQTVIEVGETFKRILEETGKVRDE+PEDISVSEAISIVLDRHP+LR+Q	
Sbjct	121	CMLFDIDGHQVPQQTVIEVGETFKRILEETGKVRDEHPEDISVSEAISIVLDRHPQLRQ	180
Query	221	GLAHEVLQWFIICRMEAWFAADADMISLKSWDQEHVLSGGHGLMVQGYNPVINALAKDIDI	280
		GL+HEVLQW+ICRMEAWFAADADMISLK+WDQEHVLSGGHGLMVQGY PVINALAKDIDI	
Sbjct	181	GLSHEVLQWYICRMEAWFAADADMISLKTWDQEHVLSGGHGLMVQGYKPVINALAKDIDI	240
Query	281	RLKHRVAKISNGYNKVMVTLEDGRNCVADAAIITVPIGVKANLIEFEPRLPDWKVSAIS	340
		RL HRV KIS+GYNKVMVTLEDGRN VADAAIITVPIG+LKANLIEFEPRLPDWKVSAIS	
Sbjct	241	RLNHRVTKISSGYNKVMVTLEDGRNFVADAAIITVPIGILKANLIEFEPRLPDWKVSAIS	300
Query	341	DLGVGNENKIALRFDKVFWPDVELLGVVAPTSYACGYFLNLHKATGHPVLVYMAAGRFAY	400
		DLGVGNENKIAL+FDKVFWPDVEL+GVVAPTSYACGYFLNLHKATG+PVLVYMAAGRFAY	
Sbjct	301	DLGVGNENKIALKFDKVFWPDVELMGVVAPTSYACGYFLNLHKATGNPVLVYMAAGRFAY	360
Query	401	DLEKLSDESAANFVMLQLKKMFDPDACEPVQYLVPHWGTDPNSLGCYSYDLVGKSMDVYDK	460
		DLEKLSDESAANFVMLQLKKMFDPDACEPVQYLV HWGTDPNSLGCYSYDLVGKSMDVYDK	
Sbjct	361	DLEKLSDESAANFVMLQLKKMFDPDACEPVQYLVSHWGTDPNSLGCYSYDLVGKSMDVYDK	420
Query	461	LRAPLGNLFFGGEAVSLDNQGSVHGAYSAGVMAAENCQRYLWEKQGNLESLSQVSVRHET	520
		LRAPLGN+FFGGEA+SLDNQGSVHGAYSAGVMAAENCQRYLWEKQGNLESLSQVS RHET	
Sbjct	421	LRAPLGNIFFGGEAMSLDNQGSVHGAYSAGVMAAENCQRYLWEKQGNLESLSQVSVARHET	480
Query	521	LGTFNPLQISRI 532	
		LGTFNPLQISRI	
Sbjct	481	LGTFNPLQISRI 492	

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig5242 (SSHR19)

Rogue =785 Onward =0

AATTGGAGTGGGTTTTCTTCCTTGACTGTCACCAGCGCATTATAGCACACCACACAAAAAGCAGAAGAAGTGTGCGT
CACACATATAACCATACACATGGCTGTTTCGTTGGTAGTTGATTAGTGTGTTGAGTGGTTACAACCGAAAGGTTT
TCAGTGGAGATGGCGTTCGTTGGCGTGGCAGCACTTCGGGTTTTAGAGAAGCCAGTGGTCATGGTGAAATTGGTGT
GATGTATTGCCAGAGGAAATGAATGATATGAAAATTAGGGATGATAGGGAAATGGAAGCTACCGTTGTTGACAGCGGC
AATGGAACGGAGACTGGACATATCATTGTAACCTACTATTGGTGGTAGAAATGGTCAGCCAAAGCAGACTATAAGCTAT
ATGGCAGAGCGTGTGTTAGGACATGGATCATTTGGAGTTGTCTCCAGGCTAAGTGCTTGGAAACAGGTGAAACTGTG
GCTATCAAAAAGGTTCTTCAAGACAAGAGGTATAAGAACCAGGGAATTGCAACAATGCGCCTTCTTGATCACCCAAAT
GTTGTCTCGTTAAAGCATGTTTCTTTTCAACCACTGAAAGGATGAACATACCTTAATTTGGTACTTGAGTATGTT
CCTGAAACAGTTTCATCGTGTCAATTAAGCATTAACAAGTTGAACCAAGGATGCCAATGATTATGTGAAGCTCTAT
ACATACCAGATCTTTAGGGCATTGTCTTATATTCATCGTTGTATTGGAGTCTGCCATCGAGATATCAAACTCAAAAT
CTATTGGTCAATCCACACACCCACCAGGTTAAATTATGTGACTTTGGAAGTGCAAAAGTCTGGTTAAAGCGCAAC
AATATATCGTATATATGTTCAAGATATTACAGAGCACCTGAGCTTATTTTGGAGCAACTGAATATACTACAGCTATT
GATGTCTGGTCTGTTGGTTGTGTTTTGGCTGAAGTCTGCTTGGACAGCCGTTGTTTCTGGTGAGAGTGGAGTTGAT
CAGCTTGTGAGATCATCAAGGTTCTGGGAAGTCCGACTAGAGAAGAGATTAATGCATGAATCCTAATTATACAGAA
TTTAAATTCCCTCAAATCAAAGCACATCCATGGCACAAGATCTTCCATAAACGCATGCCTCCAGAAGCTGTTGATTG
GTATCAAGATTATTACAATACTCCCAAACTCAAGTGAAGTGAAGCTTTAGATGCCTTAACCCATCCTTTCTTTGACGAG
CTTCGTGAACCTAATGCCCGCTGCCAAGTGGTCTGTTTCTTCCACCCTATTTAACTTCAAACCTCACGAAGTGAAG
GGAGTCCCACTCGAGACCTTGGTGAAATTGGTTCGGAGCATGCGAGGAAGCAATGCCCGTTTCTTGGCTTGTATAT
GTTGTGAAATGTAACAATCTGCAAGTGTGTTTCCACATGAATGCTATGCATTCTATTGATGATATGATATC



TGTTAGTAGTATCTTTGTTGTAATTGTTGCCCTGTGAAAGAAAATTTAGAGATATATGCTATCCCATATTACCCAACC
AACCTTGATGGGTATTCTACTATTGAGAAATACCTGTTTCGTGTATCACGGCAGAAATGTAACATGCAATAGAAGACAAG
TGTTTGCAATTATCTAAATGTTGTATCAGTATTTGTATTTGTGGAGATAATGACAAGGTGTTCTTTAATTTAGTTATG
CTTAGCA

Glycogen synthase kinase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003591238.1|Length: 411

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 398/412(97%) Positives: 406/412(98%) Gaps: 2/492(0%)

Query	11	MASVGVAPTSGFREASGHGEIGVD-VLPEEMNDMKIRDDREMEATVVDSSNGTETGHIIV	69
		MASVGVAPTSGF+E+ G GEIGVD +LPEEM+DMKIRDDREMEATVVD NGTETGHIIV	
Sbjct	1	MASVGVAPTSGFKESLGDGEIGVDDILPEEMSDMKIRDDREMEATVVD-NGTETGHIIV	59
Query	70	TTIGGRNGQPKQTISYMAERVVGHGSFGVVFQAKCLETGETVAIKKVLQDKRYKNRELQT	129
		TTIGGRNGQPKQTISYMAERVVGHGSFGVVFQAKCLETGETVAIKKVLQDKRYKNRELQT	
Sbjct	60	TTIGGRNGQPKQTISYMAERVVGHGSFGVVFQAKCLETGETVAIKKVLQDKRYKNRELQT	119
Query	130	MRLLDHPNVVSLKHCFSTTEKDELYLNLVLEYVPETVHRVIKHYKNLQRMPIYVKLY	189
		MRLLDHPNVVSLKHCFSTTEKDELYLNLVLEYVPETVHRVIKHY+KLNQRMPIYVKLY	
Sbjct	120	MRLLDHPNVVSLKHCFSTTEKDELYLNLVLEYVPETVHRVIKHYSKLNQRMPIYVKLY	179
Query	190	TYQIFRALSYIHRIGVCHRDIKPQNLLVNPHTHQVKLCDFGSAKVLVKGEPNISYICSR	249
		TYQIFRALSYIHRIGVCHRDIKPQNLLVNPHTHQVKLCDFGSAKVLVKGEPNISYICSR	
Sbjct	180	TYQIFRALSYIHRIGVCHRDIKPQNLLVNPHTHQVKLCDFGSAKVLVKGEPNISYICSR	239
Query	250	YYRAPELIFGATEYTTAIDVWSVGCVLAEALLGQPLFPGESGVDQLVEIIKVLGTPTREE	309
		YYRAPELIFGATEYTTAIDVWSVGCVLAEALLGQPLFPGESGVDQLVEIIKVLGTPTREE	
Sbjct	240	YYRAPELIFGATEYTTAIDVWSVGCVLAEALLGQPLFPGESGVDQLVEIIKVLGTPTREE	299
Query	310	IKCMNPNYTEFKFPQIKAHFWHKIFHHRMPPEAVDLVSRLQYSPNLRCQALDALTHPFF	369
		IKCMNPNYTEFKFPQIKAHFWHKIFHHRMP EAVDLVSRLQYSPNLRCQALD LTHPFF	
Sbjct	300	IKCMNPNYTEFKFPQIKAHFWHKIFHHRMPAEAVDLVSRLQYSPNLRCQALDCLTHPFF	359
Query	370	DELREPARNLPTGRFLPPLFNFKPHLKGVPLETLVKLVPEHARKQCPFLGL	421
		DELRLPNARNLPTGRFLPPLFNFKPHLKGVP+ETL+KLVPEHARKQCPFLGL	
Sbjct	360	DELRLPNARNLPTGRFLPPLFNFKPHLKGVPVETLMKLVPEHARKQCPFLGL	411

>ID287628|p.sativum_wa1_contig23351 (SSHR20)

Rogue =775 Onward =0

ATATCTCATCTTTATATACCTAGTGTTTTAGGTATTTGAACCTCTTTACATTTAATCAGAGAAACATCCTACCATAAAC
TTGACTACTAATTAGAATTGTTACTACATCTCATCTTAATTCAACCTACCCACCTCAAGTTTTCCTTGATCATCAAAA
TGAAGAGAACTTAGAAGCAAATGTTACTGATATGTACAAGAAAAGAGCCTCATCTGAATAAACTTGTTCATAAATCTGT
TACAATCCTAAGCTTTTAAATAAGCTAGATAATCACC **AATGATAGACATGGCAGATGATCTGTATCCAGAGCCAAAGA**
GATTATAATGATTAAATAGTGATAAAGCATGTATAAGTCTCTCCTCTTCTCAAAGCCAGGTTGTT TAGGAATTACCT
CGAAATAAGAATTATAGAATGAGCCTCCAAAGCCAGCGCACCAAGACATACCGAATTCCGCTCGTTGTGTCCATAAT
AACATGCTGGATCCAATATGACAGGCTCTCCGTTTTTGTGAGAGCTTACGTTTCCACTCCATAGATCTCCATGTAGCA
AGCATGGTTCTATCGCCACATTCTCAAACAGCGGTGCCATGTTTTTACAGAGCTTTTGCCCTTTTCAAAAATGGTCC
GGTCACTATATCGGTCTAATGCGAGCTGCAACTGGTAACCTAATCTATGCTCTCCGTAATAATCGAACCCTAATCTGATG
ACCAGGTATTTATCTGCGGAGTGCTGCCAATCGTGTTCTCAACTCGAAACCATAGCCTTTACTAGATTTTCCAGACT
TATGCATTTTCAGCCAGTTTCTCCCTAGAACAGACTGATCGCTCTAGATCCCCGAATTTACGAATTTCCATAATAA
TGAAAGAGCCACCGGTTGGTAGCGGTCCAACTTGTAAGGCTTAGGCACACGATGGTTCCGTTTTCATACATAGCTC
CTAACCCAGAGCTTCTGCCTCAAACATGGACGGTCCAATACTCCTGTTTGATTTAAAGAAAGAAACCAACATCAG
TATCATAGCGGTTTGCAGAAATTTATACAAACACCCCAACAGAACTAATTTGGTTATATTTGAAGCTTTTCTCAG
AGAGAATCCACTCTCGAATGGATCCTTACTCATGCTACACATTGGAGATGGTTTGGTTTGGTGAAAGAAAGGTGGAG
GAAGAGAAGAGAAACATGTTGAAGTGGACATGGTTCCCACTTGTCGTGTTACCTCTTATCCACTCTAGTTTCTTCTC
TTCTCCCTCTTCTTCTCGCTTTACCACTACACTACCAAA

Fructosamine kinase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: gb|KEH18974.1|Length: 319

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 292/319(92%) Positives: 305/319(95%) Gaps: 1/319(0%)

Query	7	MSTSTCFSSLPPPSFTTKTKPSPMCSMSKDPVREWILSEKASNITKISSVGGGCINFANR	66
		MSTST FSSLP PSFTTKTK PMCSMSKDPVREWILSEKAS ITKIS VGGGCINFANR	
Sbjct	2	MSTSTFFSSLPLPSFTTKTKSLPMCSMSKDPVREWILSEKASKITKISPVGGGCINFANR	61
Query	67	YDTDVGSFFVKSNRSIGPSMFEEAALGLGAMYETGTIRVPKPYKVGPLPTGGSFIIMEFV	126
		YDTD GSFFVK+NRSIGPSMFEEAALGLGAMYETGTIRVPKPYKVG LP+GGSFIIMEF+	
Sbjct	62	YDTDAGSFFVKTNRSIGPSMFEEAALGLGAMYETGTIRVPKPYKVGSLPSGGSFIIMEFI	121
Query	127	EFGGSRGDQSVLGRKLAEMHKS GSKSSKGYGFEVENTIGSTPQINTWSSDWVRFYGEHRLG	186
		EFGGSR DQSVLGRKLAEMHKS GSKSSK+GF+VENTIGSTPQINTWSSDW++FYGEHRLG	
Sbjct	122	EFGGSR-DQSVLGRKLAEMHKS GSKSSKGFDFVENTIGSTPQINTWSSDWIQFYGEHRLG	180
Query	187	YQLQLALDRYSDRTIFEKGQRLVKNMAPLFENVAIEPCLLHGDWLSGNVSSDKNGEPVIL	246
		YQLQLA D+YSDRTI EKGQRLV+N+ PLF+NV IEPCLLHGDWLSGN+SSDKNGEPVIL	
Sbjct	181	YQLQLAFDQYSDRTILEKGQRLVENIKPLFDNVEIEPCLLHGDWLSGNISSDKNGEPVIL	240
Query	247	DPACYYGHNEAEFGMSWCAGFGGSFYNSYFEVIPKQPGFEKRRDLYMLYHYNHYNLFGS	306
		DPACYYGHNEAEFGMSWCAGFGGSFYNSYFEVIPKQPGFEKRRDLY+LYHYNHYNLFGS	
Sbjct	241	DPACYYGHNEAEFGMSWCAGFGGSFYNSYFEVIPKQPGFEKRRDLYLLYHYNHYNLFGS	300
Query	307	GYRSSAMSIIGDYLAYLKA	325
		GYRSSAMSII DYLAYLKA	
Sbjct	301	GYRSSAMSIIDDYLAYLKA	319

>ID281115|p.sativum_wa1_contig19650 (SSHO2)

Onward =1666 Rogue =1

CCATCTATCCCATCTTCAAACTTACAAAAATAATATACAACCTCAACCATATACTTTCAAATCCCTATGCTATCTAA
 GAACTCAAATGGTTCTATGCAATACAGGGTATAAACCTATACTAGAAATAATAAAATCCCCCTTTCTTTATACACTAC
 AATACTTCACTACTCCCCAAAAGTAAAAACACATAGATTTCAAAAAATCAAGAGAAAAACAGAACCAATGCTACGGAT
 CGAGATTTCCCGCAGTACAAAAAGTACACATTTACACATTGTAAACGGTCTCGGCCATCATTTGAAATCACATGAATA
 AGATTACACATTCTCCGCAATTGATTTGATCAAAATGGCCGTGATCAAAAACTTTGTGACACCTTTTCGATGCTTATT
 TAGGCCACAAAATCTGGCAACAATTGTGCGCGCAACCTCTTTGGATTCTGCATGTTGATACTCTCAAATGCAGCTGAA
 GAATGAGAATTGGAATTGTTTATAGCGCCAACTCATTGTTCATTAATTTCCAACCTTCTCCTAGTTGAATGTTT
 TGGTTTGGCATAAACTTTGATGTGTTCTGATAATGTGTCACAATGAGGTAAACCAAGAGTGAGTGAAACACCATT
 TTACCTGAAAACCTCGGCGCGCGAATTCTTCTGCGTCAAATCTTCCGATTTCCTCCATAGGGTATTGACCGAAACCG
 GCGATGAAATTAGTTTGGTTTCCCATGAAACAATAACCATCTCTACTTTGTCTATCATCACCGAATTTTCATTGAAATT
 TGTTTCATTATTTTCTGTCTCATTAGATTTTCATATGATTCGGGGAATGAAGAATGTCGTTGTTCTTGTCTCTTTGGA
 CTTGCTTGTGTCATTCCATCAAGTTCTGTGAAGCTGAATCTGAATTGTTTCTAACATTGACACCAATTGGCGAAGTT
 GATTGGGTTGAAACAGAACTATAGCAAGTTCTTGTTCGAATTGAAACTTTTGGATTCTGTTTCTGAAGTTGGAAC
 CTTTCTTGTGGAGTTGTTGTTTGTGATCGAAGGATCTTCATTGGTATTCTTGCTTGATTGTTGTCTCGGAACCATTC
 GTCTCTTGATCCTTCATCTCTTCCGTGTACATTTCTTCCACATTGGTTTCCAAAGACGAACTCGAGCATTATGAAC
 CAATTCGAAACCTGGCTCCTAGTAAGTCCAGTTTGTTCGAAGCATATGTTTATCTGAATCCTTTGGATAAGGGTGA
 AGGAAGTGTTGAAAAGCCAAGCACGAAGCACCGAAACCGATCTTTCAGGCAATCCTCTTTGAGGTCTCCAAGCATTA
 TGATGAATCATACCAATTGTTGAATAGCTCTTTGTTGTCTCAAATGATGATCAACATATTTGAGTCTTGACCTTCA
 ATTTTGCCACCAAACTATCATCTTCTCCTAATCTCTTATTCGAGCTCTAATTTGGCCCGTATTGCGTCTTTTAAG
 CACCGAAATTGCTTTTGAATCGTTTGAAGCGCAAGTGCAGTGTATGTTCTGCAAGAACCAATCCCTGCAACTTGCTC
 AAATGAGGATATCACC **ATCTGCATCTGATTGTG** GTATTGTCTGTATCTTTGTCCACCTCATCAAGCATGTTTATTAA
 CTTTGTCTTCTTACCTGAATTTCTTGTCTC **TCTGTAGTTGATAATTCAGAG** CTACGTTTCCCATTTCCATCACCACC
 ACCAACAGAACCACCATCTCCACTAACCGCAGTTGAAGA

BEL1-related homeotic protein [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: gb|KEH41936.1|Length: 649

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 340/377(90%) Positives: 353/377(93%) Gaps: 10/377(2%)

Query	19	LRFRKFRQKQFRCLKDAITGQIRAANKRLGEDDSFGGKIEGSRLKYVDHHLRQQRAIQQLG	78
		L + KQFRCLKDAITGQIRAANK LGEDDSFGGKIEGSRLKYVDHHLRQQRAIQQLG	
Sbjct	281	LALQTISKQFRCLKDAITGQIRAANKSLGEDDSFGGKIEGSRLKYVDHHLRQQRAIQQLG	340



Query	79	MIHHNAWRPQRGLPERSVSVLRAWLFEHFLHPYPKDSKDHMLAKQTGLTRSQVSNWFINA	138
Sbjct	341	MIHHNAWRPQRGLPERSVSVLRAWLFEHFLHPYPKDSKDHMLAKQTGLTRSQVSNWFINA	400
Query	139	RVRLWKPMVEEMYTEEMKDQETNGSEDNKSSKNTNEDPSIKTTTPQERVPTSETESKSFN	198
Sbjct	401	RVRLWKPMVEEMYTEEMKDQELNGSEDNKSSKNTDEDPSMKTPTPQERVPTSETESKSFN	460
Query	199	SKQELAIVSVSTQSTSPIGVNVNRNNSGFSFTELDGMTQASPKRTRNNDILHSPNHMKSNE	258
Sbjct	461	SKQDIPMVSVPSTSPIGVNVNRNNSGFSFTELDGITQASPKRTRNHEILQSPNHVKSNE	520
Query	259	-TENNEQISMKFGDDRQSRDGYCFMGNQTNFIAGFGQYPMEEIGRFDAAEFAPPRFSG-N	316
Sbjct	521	TANNEQISMKFGDDRQSRDGYCFMGNQTNFIAGFGQYPMEEIGRFDAAEQFA-PRFSGNN	579
Query	317	NGVSLTLGLPHCDTSLSGTHQSFPMPNQNIQLGRRLEINETNEFGAINNSNSHSSAAAFESIN	376
Sbjct	580	NGVSLTLGLPHCDTSLSGTHQSFPMPNQNIQLGRRLDISETNEFG-----DSSAAAFESIN	632
Query	377	MQNPKRFAAQLLPDFVA	393
Sbjct	633	MQNPKRFAAQLLPDFVA	649

>ID|*Pisum sativum*_v2_Contig5891 (SSH06)

Onward =1427 Rogue =1

```

ACTTCAAAACATGTTAGTTTTGAACTTCAACATTTCAATCCCAATTCTCCTTTTCCCTTCACACTGTCTCAATTTT
TCCCCATCTTCACAAAAAATGCTATCTCTCAATGTTTTTCCATCTTCTTCTGTCCCTTCACAAAACCAATCAC
CATTTTTCCATCAATGCATCTCATACTCTCAAACCAATCTCCTCAACAGGTTTACCATGAATCACATCTCAAGAAA
ACCAATCTTTCTCTCACACCCACATCTCAGATCCACCGTTCAACCACAAAGTAGCATCTTTTAACGGATTCTTCTCA
TACCCTTTTGTAGTTTTTACCGTTTTTCGCCAAAACCCAGAAACCAGATTCTGAAAGCTGTATCTGATGAAGGTGAAGTT
TCACCTCCAAGCACTACTCCCAAACCTAAAAATCTCAAGAACTTGCTTTGGTGTTTGGGTTTTGGTACTTTCAAAC
ATTGTTTTCAACATCTACAACAAGAAAGTGTGAACATTTTCTCTTTCCCATGGCTTCTTGTCTCTTTTACAGTCTTT
GTTGGTTCAATCTGGATGTTTGTCTTTGGTGCTTTTAAAGCTTCAACCTTGTCCAAAAATCTCAAAACCTTTTCATTTT
GCACTTCTTGGACCTGCTTTGTTTACACAATAGGTCACATTTTACAGCTGTGTTTCATTCTC(T) AAGGTTGCTGTTTT
CTTTTACACATGTTATCAAGTCAGCAGAACCTGTTTTCTCTGTGATATTCTCTCTGTTCTAGGTGATAGGTATCCAA
TTCAGGTTTGGCTTTTCAATTTTACCTATTGTTCTTGGTTGTCTTTAGCTGCTGTTACTGAGGTTTCTTTCAACATTC
AAGGACTGTGGTGCTCTTATCAGCAATGTTGGTTTTGTGTTGAGAAACATATATTGAAAAAGAGTTTACAGAATT
TCAAAGAAGTTGATGGATTGAACCTGTATGGTTGGATTACTATACTTTCTGTTTTTGTATCTTTTCCCGGTAGCGATTT
TCGTAGAAGGCTCTCAATGGATTCCGGGGTATTACAAAGCAATTGAAGCTATTGGAAGCCTTCAATTTTGTATGTTT
GGGTTTTGTTTCTGTTTCTTATCATCTTTTATAATCAATCATCTTACCAAGCATTGGATTGATTAGTCCATTAA
CTTTCTCGGTGCGAAATACAATGAAGAGAGTGGTGGTTATCGTGTCTTCCGTTTTTGGTGTTCAGGAATCCGGTTCCGC
CGCTTAATGGCCTCGGATCTGCCATCGCGATTCTCGGGACTTTTCTGTACTCGCAAGCTACCGCTGCTAAGAAAGCAA
AGAAAATTGAAGGTGAAAAGAGTAGTTAGAGAAATAGAAGGAGAAAAACAAATAGATGAAGTTTTAGAAATATGATTGA
TTACTGTTTGAATATTTTAGCTATTTGACATTAAGTGCATATAAATTTTCTTCTGTTTCTTTTGTAACTATTACTGT
GATTTTTCTATTGATGTTTCAAAGCATTTTTTCTTGNNN

```

Glucose 6 phosphate/phosphate translocator-like protein [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003594481.1|Length: 408

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 378/420(90%) Positives: 390/420(92%) Gaps: 14/420(3%)

Query	25	MLSLNVFPSSSS--VPFTKPNHHFSINASHTLKPNLLNRFHHESHLKKTNLSTPTPSQIH	82
Sbjct	1	MLS NVFP+SSS V FTKPNHHFSINAS PNLLNRFHHES + LS P SQIH	52
Query	83	RSTTKLASFNFFSYFPFESFPSPKPRNQILKAVSDEGEVSPPSTTPKPNLKKLALVFG	142
Sbjct	53	STTKL+SEN F ++PFEFSP KPRNQILKAVSDEGE+S P PKPNLKKLALVFG	108
Query	143	FWYFQNIIVFNIYNKKVLNIFSF PWLLASFQLFVGSIWMLVLWLSLKLQPCPKISKPFIFAL	202
Sbjct	109	FWYFQNIIVFNIYNKKVLNIFSF PWLLASFQLFVGSIWMLVLWLSLKLQPCPKISKPFIFAL	168



Query	203	LGPALFHTIGHISACVSFSKVAVSFTHVIKSAEPVFSVIFSSVLGDRYP IQVWLSILPIV	262
Sbjct	169	LGPALFHTIGHISACVSFSKVAVSFTHVIKSAEPVFSVIFSSVLGDRYP IQVWLSILPIV	228
Query	263	LGCSLAAVTEVSFNIQGLWCALISNVGFVLRNIYSKKS LQNFKEVDGLNLYGWITILSFL	322
Sbjct	229	LGCSLAAVTEVSFN+ GLWCALISNVGFVLRNIYSKKS LQNFKEVDGLNLYGWITILSF+	288
Query	323	YLFPVAIFVEGSQWIPGYKAEIAIGKPSILYVWVLVSGVFYHLYNQSSYQALDEISPLT	382
Sbjct	289	YLFPVAIFVEGSQWIPGYKAEIAIGKPSILYVWVLVSGVFYHLYNQSSYQALDEISPLT	348
Query	383	FSVGNMTRKRVVIVSSVLFRNPVRPLNGLGSAIAILGTFLYSQATAAKKAKKIEGEKSS	442
Sbjct	349	FSVGNMTRKRVVIVSSVLFRNPVRPLNGLGSAIAILGTFLYSQATAAKKAKKIEGEKSS	408

>ID[Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig1549 (SSH07)

Onward =1323 Rogue =2

GAAAGTGACATTCTGTACTTTGTTTTGAGTACATGGAATGCAATCTATACCAACTTATGAAAGACAGGGAAAAATTG
TTCTCTGAAAGTGAAATTAGAACTGGTGTTCCTCAAGTTTCCAAGGCTCGGCATACATGCACGCGTGGATACTTC
CACGCGACCTAAACCTGAAACCTTGCTGGTCACCAAGAATACTATCAAAATTGCTGATTTCGGCCTAGCAGAGAG
ATCAACTCACAACCACCTTACTGAGTATGTCTCCACACGGTGGTATCGTGCTCCTGAAGTGCTGCTTCAGTCTTAT
ATCTATAATGCCAAAGTTGACATGTGGGCAATGGGTGCTATAATGGCCGAGCTCTTCTCTACGACCTCTTTTTCCC
GGAGCCAGTGAGGCAGATGAGATCTACAAATATGTGGTGTGATAGGCAGTCCAACCACTGAATCATGGGCTGTGGA
CTCAAACTTGCAAGAGATATTAATTATCAGTTTCCACAGCTTGCTGGCGTAAACCTTTCTTCATTGATCCCATCTGCA
AGTGATCATGCAATCAGCCTTATCCAATCACTTTGCTCTTGGGATCCCTGCAAGAGGCCAACAGCTTTAGAGGCCCTT
CAACATCCTTTCTCCAGAGTTGCTTTTACATTCCTCCATCCCTTCGCTCCAGAGCAATAGCAGAACCCCTCCACCT
GCAACTAGGGGATCACTGGATCAGCAAGGGGTCAAGAGATATCCCGGTGCTTACCAACTCAAACTCACCATTAT
TTTCCATCTCCAAAGTTACAGCC **TTCTTCAGGTGTGCAAC** GGAAGTTGGATATGGTAAATCAGGATGACATTCAGAAT
GATAAATCAATGAAGACTACTACACAATTG **AAGTATCGACAACCAGGA** AAGGACAGTCAAATCTCTATAAACAAAGGA
AGATCTACACGAGGTGCTTTAGAAACAGCTGAGAGGTTGGCAATATGTCTATTGGCACTCGAAGACAGTCCATGGAG
CAACCCCGTGCTCCTCCCATGAAGGCTGGAGTCAATTGGAGTTCTCCCATGAAGGCTGGAGTCAATTGGAGTTCCGAA
TCTCTTAACCTCATGCTCAGACCTGCACCACAGATCTCAACTGGGAGAACGTACCTAGAAAAGTTGCTGGATGAGAA
GAACAGCCTCTATATTATTCGACTATCCTAGTTTAAACAATATATATTTGGGTTTGGCTCGTGTATGTTTACTGCA
AAACTAGTTTGGCCGTGTCAATTAATAATCGTTTATACTGTGTGTTGTGGGACAAACACGCATGAGCTGATACTTAAAT
AAGTCTTTCTTAGCTTATGAACCTTTGATGTGTGCGGTGTTTATAAATTGCCTTCTTGGTCAATAACAATAATTTAGT
AATGTTGCTGGTCTTAATGACTACACCTGTACTTAATGGTTGAATTGTGAAGGT

Serine/threonine protein kinase ICK [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003612616.1|Length: 449

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 378/420(90%) Positives: 390/420(92%) Gaps: 14/420(3%)

Query	1	ESDILYFVFEYMECNLYQLMKDREKLFSESEIRNWCQVFQGLAYMHQRYGFHRDLKPEN	60
Sbjct	71	ESDILYFVFEYMECNLYQLMKDREKLFSE EIRNWCQVFQGLAYMHQRYGFHRDLKPEN	130
Query	61	LLVTKNITIKIADFLAREINSQPPYTEYVSTRWYRAPEVLLQSYIYNKVDMMWAMGAIMA	120
Sbjct	131	LLVTK+ IKIADFLAREINSQPPYTEYVSTRWYRAPEVLLQSYIY++KVDMMWAMGAIMA	190
Query	121	ELFSLRPLFPGASEADEIYKICGVIGSPPTESWAVGLKLARDINYPQPLAGVNLSSLIP	180
Sbjct	191	ELFSLRPLFPGASEADEIYKICGVIG+PTT+SWA GLKLARDINYPQPLAGVNL+LIP	250
Query	181	SASDHAISLIQSLCSWDPCRPTALEALQHPFFQSCFYIPPSLRRAIARTPPPA-TRGS	239
Sbjct	251	SASDHAISLIQSLCSWDPCRPTA EALQHPFFQSCFYIPPSLRRA+ARTPPPA TRG+	310
Query	240	LDQQGVKRYPGALPNSKLTNYFPSPKLPSSGVQQRKLDVMNQDDIQNDKSMKTTTQLKYR	299
Sbjct	311	LDQQGVKRYPGAL+SK TNYF SPK+QPSGVQQRKLDVMNQ+ I+N+KSMKTTTQ KYR	370
Query	300	QPGKDSQTSINKGRSTRGALETAERLANMSIGTRRQSMEQPRAPPMKAGVNWSSPMKAGV	359
Sbjct	371	PGK+S TS+ KGR+ G ETAERLANMSIG RRQSM QPR PPM KAGV	420



```
Query 360 NWSSESPNFMLRPAPQISTGRTPRKVAG 388
          NWSSESPNFMLRPAPQI TGRTPRKVAG
Sbjct 421 NWSSESPNFMLRPAPQIPTGRTPRKVAG 449
```

>ID|Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig4284 (SSH08)

Onward =1135 Rogue =0

```
TGGAAGATGCTAAATTTGGACCTTATTTCACTTTAATTCTTATACCCCTTAACCAAAAAAGTAACCAAAAAATCTACT
TAAGTCATCATTCCTTTCCATTGCCATTAAAGCACAACAAGCAAATCCTATAACAACCAACCAAGCTACCATTACAA
ACCTCTTTGAATTGCACTCCaTCTCAACATGTAACGTAGCTTTCACTCCTCTACCCCATATGGAACCATTATTTCT
TGAGAAAACCTGGGGTAGTGGAGAAAGTGGATGGTGTGTGTGTGTTAATGGTTTCCAATTTCCATGCTCCTTTCTTT
CATGACTCTATGTTAAAGATTGATGGGAACGAACCTTCTTTGTAGATGGGAAATTCTCTTTGGAAAGGGCAACTTCGA
TCCTTTGGCATTTTTCAATTCCTTCATCTTGTGAGATTGATGAAGCTTTCATAATGGAAACACTTCTATTGTGTAAT
ATGTATTGTACTCTCTCTTTTCTATAATCTTTTTTGTGTGTGTGTTTGTATGTGATGATAACTTCTAAGTTGTAAC
GCAAGCTATGTTTGAAGACATGCCTACTATAGACTATAGTATTAGTAGGTATATCCAATAAATGTACGTTTACTTAT
GCCACTGGCCAAATATTTTATTATTGCTGTTGTTTCTAAATCTAT
```

The Contig4284 does not translate in a viable protein

>ID61637|Pisum_sativum_v1_Contig2226 (SSH010)

Onward =1021 Rogue =0

```
CATCATCTCTTTGGTAACCTTCTGACCTCTAAGCAATTCTTCTGAGCCCTTGGACACAACACCTTTCATTATTATAG
TCTTGTGTGTCCCCGAAATCAGTTCCTCGTAATCAGTGTCCCCGGTTTCTCCGAGGATCACATACATGTTTGCACGT
TTAGTCTCCATCGGACAAATAGATACCTTAGTGCTTGAGCTCTAGATGCAAGAAAGAGGAATAACATGTATTCTAGAAG
ATCCTCTACAATACATAGGATGACATCTTAAACCTCTCATCTAAGCTTTTGCCTCAAGTCATCAACTTCTTCGCCT
TACTAAGATCATTTACTTTGTATGAAATACAATGCGCGTTACTTGATTTGGAATCTTCTCAATAGGACTAATTGTTT
TTCCATGATTTTCTTCTCCATCGGAGGCATTCTAAGTTTACGAATAGTATTCTTCAAACCTTCGACGCCCCAACGAT
AATCTATATGCACGTATAATCATGATCGGGCAAAAGCTTTCGCTCTTCGGTATGAACACCGGGGGTAATAAACTTCA
CTCCCACTGCTTAC
```

Sucrose-phosphate synthase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003617418.1|Length: 1058

Expect: 1e-106 Identities: 161/183(88%) Positives: 169/183(92%) Gaps: 0/183(0%)

```
Query 3 GVKFITPGVHTEDGKLLPDHDYDVHIDYRWGVEGLKNTIRKLMNASDGEENHGKTISPIE 62
          G + PGVHTEDGKLLPD DY VHIDYRWGVEGLKNTI KLMNAS+GEE +G SP+E
Sbjct 843 GSEVYYPGVHTEDGKLLPDQDYAVHIDYRWGVEGLKNTICKLMNASNGEETNGIATSPLE 902

Query 63 EDSKSSNAHCISYKVNDSLKAKKVDDLQKLRMRGLRCHPMYCRGSSRIHVIPLLASRAQ 122
          ED KSSNAHCISYK+ND SKA+KVDDLQKLRMRGLRCHPMYCRGSSR+HVIPLLASRAQ
Sbjct 903 EDLKSSNAHCISYKINDPSKARKVDDLQKLRMRGLRCHPMYCRGSSRMHVIPLLASRAQ 962

Query 123 ALRYLFVRWRLNVANMYVILGETGDTDYEEELISGTHKTIIMKGVVSKGSEELLRPGSYQ 182
          ALRY FVRWRLNVANMYVILGETGDTDYEE+ISGTHKTIIMKGVVSKGSEELLRPGSYQ
Sbjct 963 ALRYFFVRWRLNVANMYVILGETGDTDYEEMI SGTHKTIIMKGVVSKGSEELLRPGSYQ
1022

Query 183 RDD 185
          RDD
Sbjct 1023 RDD 1025
```

>ID266692|p.sativum_wa1_contig30745 (SSH012)

Onward =966 Rogue =0

```
AGCTACCACTTCTGATTTCTGCAGAACATGCAAAGCAGATATTGTACTCTCAAATAGAGACTCTTCTGCATTTTCAG
CCATCTCCGTCGGTATAAAAAGGATCATCTCTGTTTCGTAGCATATGTGCAAGTAGAAGGATCGTCTCCGCCCGGTTTCAG
CTGACTCGCCAAAGGGGAAAAGACCATCCAGCATTGTTTCACTGTTTTATAAGCTTGTAGAGCAGGTCAGTGGTAA
AGAACGGTCTTGTGTAACCTTCTGAATGAATGGCAACCGAATGAGAGCTCCTGTTCTCTTGTACATACTTCTTAGAA
TTTTCACTAGTCTGTGTAATTAAGAGCACTATAGTTTTCAAGCAAAACCATTTCTCCATGGAAATCTACGATATCCT
TGTGAATTTGCATCATTTGTTGTTAGAACCTTTCTTTGGCCACACAATCTTGTAACCTTGAATCTTATGATGC
ACTCTTCTCTTTCTCAACGAAGAAACAATGAATTTGTGGAGTTCATCTTCGAGGGAATCCGGAAATCGGTTTCTT
CATTTGACATTTCTCCGTCGTCGATCCTAGCTCTTTTGTTCGGGCGTTCATCGGAGGTTGGTTGAACAAGCTTCAATT
```

TCTTCTTGAGTAGCTTGTAAAGAGAGAAATTTGTCACGCCATTGAGGAACGGTTTTCTC **GATCTGGTTGTTGAGACTCT**
TTCCGAATTTTCATCGTTTAGGTTAAAGATTAGAAGATGGATTGGATTGGATTGAATTC

PREDICTED: SPX domain-containing protein 2-like [Glycine max]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003549761.1|Length: 295

Expect: 2e-114 Identities: 181/264(69%) Positives: 205/264(77%) Gaps: 28/264(10%)

Query	2	MKFGKSLNNQIEKTVQWRDKFLSYKLLKKLKLVP-----TSDERPNKRARIDDG---	53
		MKFGKSL++QIEKT+P+WRDKFLSYK LKKKLK P +DERP KR + D G	
Sbjct	1	MKFGKSLSSQIEKTLPEWRDKFLSYKELKKLQKQFDPAPASAADERPGKRLKTDAAGNAD	60
Query	54	-----EMSNEETDFRNSLEDELHKFNCFVVEKEEECIIRFKELQDCVAKGKSNEQM	105
		+MS EE+DFRN LE+EL KFN FFVEKEEE IIR KELQD VA+ KGS E+M	
Sbjct	61	ADAVSDASDMSKEESDFRNLENELDKFNTFFVEKEEEYIIRLQELQDSVAQVKGSRREM	120
Query	106	MQIHKDIVDFHGMVLLNYSALNYTGLVKILKKYDKRTGALIRLPFIQKVLQEPFFTTD	165
		M+IHK+IVDFHGMVLLNYSALNYTGLVKILKKYDKRTGALIRLPFIQKVLQ+PFFTTD	
Sbjct	121	MKIHKIEIVDFHGMVLLNYSALNYTGLVKILKKYDKRTGALIRLPFIQKVLQPPFFTTD	180
Query	166	LLYKLIKQCETMLDGLFPFGESA-----EPGGDDPSTSTYATNRDDPFIPTEMAEMQ	217
		LLYKL+K+CETMLD LFP + A + G DPSTST T D IP E+AE++	
Sbjct	181	LLYKLVKECETMLDHLFPVNDPAPVSTETTPQAEFGDPSTST-TTKSDGLVIPKELAEIE	239
Query	218	--KSLYLKSTISALHVLQEIRSGS	239
		+SLY+KST+SALHVLQEIRSGS	
Sbjct	240	YMESLYMKSTVSALHVLQEIRSGS	263

>ID|Pisum_sativum_v2_Contig7337 (SSH013)

Onward =1041 Rogue =1

GAGGACGCGTCGCGTACACCTCACATCTTCCCATTTCCTTCTCTACTTAACCATCCTCTTTCCTTCTTCCATTCAT
TGCATACTCAACAAGCAACCATTTTCATCCTCGAGATCTGTGCTTCTCTTCTTCTTCCCTTCTTCCCTTAA
CTGTGCGCTGAAGATATGGCTCCACCAATTGAGACCCCAACAAGGTTCAATCCTCGAATTATACCTCACCTCCACCT
CTTAATGAGAGGATCCTTTCATCCTTGACAAGGAGATCTGTTGCTGCACACCCTTGGCATGATCTTGAAATAGGCCCT
GAAGCTCCCAAGATCTTCAACTGTGTGGTTGAAATTGGGAAAGGAAACAAGGTGAAATATGAAGTTGACAAAAAAC
GGACTTATTAAGGTTGACCGTGTGCTTTACTCATCAGTTGTGTATCCTCACAACATATGGGTTTGTCCCCCGCACTATT
TGTGAGGATGGTGATCCCATCGATGTCTTGGT **CATTATGCAGGAGCCA** GTTCTTCCAGGATGCTTTCTTCGGGCCAAA
GCTATTGGACTCATGCCATGATTGATCAGGTGAGAAAGATGACAAGATAATTGCTGTCTGTCTGATGATCCCGAG
TATAGGCATTTCAATGATATCAAGGAGCTCCCTCCACATCGTTTAGCTGAAATTTCGTCGTTTTTTTGAAGATTACAAG
AAGAACGAGAACAAGGAAGTTGCAGTAAATGACTTTCTCCCTGCCTCATCTGCCTATGAAGCGATCGAGCATTCCATG
ACCTTGATGCGGACTACGTGGTGAGAGCTTGAGGCGGTAGCTTTGATGGATATGGGATTTTGTGTTGGTCGTGAAGA
TATATTTTGAAGGCTGCCATGCCATGCCATTTTATACTAAGATTACGACTGAAAAAGATATTTGTATCGTATTACT
GTCATATTCCTATAGCATGTACATTTGTCTCACAAGGACAAGTAACATACATGCATATCCTACACATATATTTT
GCTTGACTTTTATTTTAAATGATATATTCGTTTATTAATATTCAAATCTGTTTAAATATCATTTTGCCTCATTTTA
TCTTCTAAGACGTGTGTTCTTCTGGACAAACATTGCTGCCATTATTTAGTGGGGTTCACATCTAAACCAATTTTAA

Soluble inorganic pyrophosphatase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: gb|KEH42358.1|Length: 248

Expect: 2e-155 Identities: 210/219(96%) Positives: 218/219(99%) Gaps: 0/219(0%)

Query	3	AEDMAPPIETPNKVQSSNYTSPPLNERILSSLTRRSVAHPWHDLEIGPEAPKIFNCVV	62
		AE+MAPPIETPNK+ ++NYTSPPLNERILSSLTRRSVAHPWHDLEIGPEAPKIFNCVV	
Sbjct	30	AEEMAPPIETPNKIPTANYTSPPLNERILSSLTRRSVAHPWHDLEIGPEAPKIFNCVV	89
Query	63	EIGKGNKVYELDKKTGLIKVDRVLYSSVYPHNYGFVPRITICEDGDPIDVLVIMQEPVL	122
		EIGKGNKVYELDKKTGLIKVDRVLYSSVYPHNYGF+PRITICEDGDPIDVLVIMQEPVL	
Sbjct	90	EIGKGNKVYELDKKTGLIKVDRVLYSSVYPHNYGFIPRTICEDGDPIDVLVIMQEPVL	149
Query	123	PGCFLRAKAIGLMPMIDQGEKDDKIIAVCADDPEYRHFNDIKELPPHRLAEIRRFEDYK	182
		PGCFLRAKAIGLMPMIDQGEKDDKIIAVCADDPEYRH+NDIKELPPHRLAEIRRFEDYK	
Sbjct	150	PGCFLRAKAIGLMPMIDQGEKDDKIIAVCADDPEYRHYNDIKELPPHRLAEIRRFEDYK	209



Query 183 KNNKEVAVNDFLPASSAYEAIEHSMTLYADYVVESLRR 221
KNNKEVAVNDFLP+SSA+EAIEHSMTLYADYVVESLRR
Sbjct 210 KNNKEVAVNDFLPSSSAFEAIEHSMTLYADYVVESLRR 248

>ID291839|p.sativum_wa1_contig18536 (SSHO15)

Onward =869 Rogue =0

TTTTTAAATATATGATAAAGTTACAAATATAATTCACCATTTTACAAGTACCAGACCTACCTTCAAAGGATACAAAAG
GCAAGCAGGTCTTTAGAAATGACCAGCTTAAAGTTGACAGCCCTTATAAATGCTAAATTTTTCAACAGATACATTCTCA
TGTAATTAACATTGCCAAATGTTATGTGAAGCAAGGTATTAATGGGGCTGCCGGGCACAGGCTTTTTCTCGGATATTT
ATTTCTGTATAGTAAGTTAAATCCTTGACTTATAAATGGATGTCACTTCAAACCTACTTGAATATATGACTTCATTTT
CCAACACTTGAAAGGCTCCTGATTTTATTCAGTCTTGAGAAAGCAGGGAAAGTCAAATTAATACATCTTCGGAAA
CAATGTGCGATCCAAAGTTCAAGAGAGAAAGAGTCTACATATGTGGTTTTTCTCAAACCTTGCTCATCAGGCTCCTTT
TTTTTTTTGGTCTTTTATAGACTTGATCTCTTTAGTAAGCATTTCTGGAGCTATGGCCATAGCCATTAGCTCTGGAA
GAGCAGCTTACAAGCATAAGGAATGTAAACCTGAACAATGTGAGTTTTTGTCTTGCAACCCCTACACTCGAAAGAATT
CTTCTTCAGATTTGCAATAGCTATTAACCCACAGCGTTTCGCATACATGGACCCCTATATGCATCACTTTGATCAAAACA
TCTTTCCCTTATAGGAAGTGAGCAGCTCCATGGGCTATCATGCAATCACGTTCCATCTCTCCAAACCTAAGACCACCGTC
TCGTGACCGCCCTCAGCAGGTTGCCTTGTAAAGATCTGCACAGGACCTCGTCCACGAGAATGGATCTTGTCTCAAC
CATATGCTTCAACCTTTGGTAATAAGTAGGGCCAAAGAAAATCATTGCACTGAGACGCCTCCCTGTATGACCATTTGTA
CATTGTCTCAAAACCACTTGGTATCCACATTTGTGTAGAGCTTTGCTGATATTATCCACTGTAAACATCGGTAAA
AGGATCGCATCTCCTTTTCCCATGTGGGCTGCAACCTTCCCATATAACTCACTCAATAAGCTAACCAATGTCTCAT
TCGAGAAGGTATAGCATGTTGGATTGACAATAATATCAGGGGTGATGCCCTCCGCAGTCCAGGCATGTCTTCTGTGT
ATAAGTCATACCAACTGTCCCTTCTGACCATGCCTACTAATGAATTTGTACCAATCTGTGGTATTGCAACGGATCT
CACCTTACTTTAACGAATCTCAACCCATCAGCATTGTGTGTCAACAGAACTTGATCAACGATTCAGTTTCACTGTG
GCGTAAACTTATGCTGTGATCAGCTTTTGTAGTAACGAGCAGCTTGTCTTGTGAGCCTCCTCTGAGATAAAGGAGTGGT
CTTTCCAATAAATACCTCACCAGACACTCTGGTGCCAGGTGGAGCAAGGCCATCGTCTGCAACTTATCGTAAGA
ACCATGCTCATACCCATGGTGTAGCTCTATCCGGCCGACCAAAATCTTCTTGACAAGAGTTCCTATTTCTCTCTC
TTCATCTCTATATGAACGGAAGAAACAGAGACCGAAAGAAGCCACGGTCTATTGATGATTGGTTCATGATGACAGAATC
TTCTTGATTATAACCAGAATAACATGAAATGGCCACAATGGCATTAAATCCAGCAGGTAGTTGACGAAAATGAAGATG
CTCCATGGCTCTCGTAGTGACCAATGGCTTTTGTAGGATAGTACAATACATAGGCCAAGGTATCCATTGCAAACTGGTA
GTTGGTAACATAAATCCCATTTGCTTGTGTTCCTTGCAGACTGATACGTGTACGAGGAGACTGGTGTGATCGGG
AAATGGTATGATGGAAGCACATACACCCAAAATCAGTGATGGATGGATTTTACAGTGAGTGTAAGTATCAGAATATGC
TTCTTCTGGATTGAGCCTTGCTTGAACAAGATCATTAATGGTCATGGAAATCATAGTTGTCTCTCTCTCTGTGTGTC
AATATATTCTATAAATCCCTTGGACACAAGATCATGCCAACACCACATCTTCGGGGGATTCCCTTTGTTGCAAGAATG
AATGTC

DNA-directed RNA polymerase [*Medicago truncatula*]

Sequence ID: ref|XP_003589372.1|Length: 1213

Expect: 0.0 Identities: 547/551(99%) Positives: 549/551(99%) Gaps: 0/551(0%)

Query 1 DIHSLQQRESPEDGGWHDLVSKGFIEYIDTEEEETTMISMTINDLVQARLNPEEAYSPTY 60
DIHSLQQRESPEDGGWHDLVSKGFIEYIDTEEEETTMISMTINDLVQARLNPEEAYSPTY
Sbjct 663 DIHSLQQRESPEDGGWHDLVSKGFIEYIDTEEEETTMISMTINDLVQARLNPEEAYSPTY 722

Query 61 THCEIHPSLILGVCASIIFFPDHNQSPRNTYQSAMGKQAMGIYVTNYQFRMDTLAYVLYY 120
THCEIHPSLILGVCASIIFFPDHNQSPRNTYQSAMGKQAMGIYVTNYQFRMDTLAYVLYY
Sbjct 723 THCEIHPSLILGVCASIIFFPDHNQSPRNTYQSAMGKQAMGIYVTNYQFRMDTLAYVLYY 782

Query 121 PQKPLVTTRAMEHLHFRQLPAGINAIVAISCYSGYNQEDSVIMNQSSIDRGFFRSLFFRS 180
PQKPLVTTRAMEHLHFRQLPAGINAIVAISCYSGYNQEDSVIMNQSSIDRGFFRSLFFRS
Sbjct 783 PQKPLVTTRAMEHLHFRQLPAGINAIVAISCYSGYNQEDSVIMNQSSIDRGFFRSLFFRS 842

Query 181 YRDEEKKMGTLVKEDFGRPDNANTMGRHGSYDKLDDGLAPPGTRVSGEDVIGKTTPL 240
YRDEEKKMGTLVKEDFGRPDNANTMGRHGSYDKLDDGLAPPGTRVSGEDVIGKTTPL
Sbjct 843 YRDEEKKMGTLVKEDFGRPDNANTMGRHGSYDKLDDGLAPPGTRVSGEDVIGKTTPL 902

Query 241 SQEEAQQAARYSKRDHSISLRHSETGIVDQVLLTTNADGLRFVVKVRVRSVRIPQIGDKF 300
SQEE QQAARYSKRDHSISLRHSETGIVDQVLLTTNADGLRFVVKVRVRSVRIPQIGDKF
Sbjct 903 SQEEQQQAARYSKRDHSISLRHSETGIVDQVLLTTNADGLRFVVKVRVRSVRIPQIGDKF 962

Query 301 SSRHGQKGTVGMTYTTQEDMPWTAEGITPDIIIVNPHAIPSRMTIGQLIECIMGKVAAHMGK 360
SSRHGQKGTVGMTYTTQEDMPWT EGITPDIIIVNPHAIPSRMTIGQLIECIMGKVAAHMGK
Sbjct 963 SSRHGQKGTVGMTYTTQEDMPWTVEGITPDIIIVNPHAIPSRMTIGQLIECIMGKVAAHMGK 1022



Query	361	EGDATPFTDVTVDNISALHKCGYQMRGFETMYNGHTGRRLSAMIFLGPTYQRLKHMVD	420
Sbjct	1023	EGDATPFTDVTVDNISALHKCGYQMRGFETMYNGHTGRRLSAMIFLGPTYQRLKHMVD	
	1082		
Query	421	DKIHSRGRGPVQILTRQPAEGRSRDGGGLRFGEMERDCMIAHGAHFLKERLFDQSDAYRV	480
Sbjct	1083	DKIHSRGRGPVQILTRQPAEGRSRDGGGLRFGEMERDCMIAHGAHFLKERLFDQSDAYRV	
	1142		
Query	481	HVCERCGLIAIANLKKNSFECRGCKNKTDIVQVYIPYACKLLFQELMAMAIAPRMLTKEI	540
Sbjct	1143	HVCERCGLIAIANLKKNSFECRGCKNKTDIVQVYIPYACKLLFQELMAMAIAPRMLTKE+	
	1202		
Query	541	KSIKDQKKKGA	551
		K+IKDQKKKGA	
Sbjct	1203	KAIKDQKKKGA	1213